DIGEST OF RESEARCH SUPPORTED OR CONDUCTED BY NATIONAL BODIES

The following are the national bodies which have a core function which involves conducting or supporting research on education or education-related issues and which are covered by this digest:

- Department of Education and Science (DES), including research projects supported through the Department's Research & Development Committee and Gender Equality Management Committee and research conducted or commissioned by units within the Department, including:
 - o the National Educational Psychological Service
 - o the Evaluation Support and Research Unit (ESRU) of the Inspectorate
 - o the Qualifications Curriculum & Assessment Policy Unit
 - the Social Inclusion Unit

Etc.

- An Chomhairle um Oideachais Gaeltachta agus Gaelscolaíochta (COGG)
- Centre for Early Childhood Development and Education (CECDE)
- Combat Poverty Agency
- Economic and Social Research Institute (ESRI)
- Educational Research Centre (ERC)
- Higher Education Authority (HEA)
- Irish Research Council for the Humanities and Social Sciences (IRCHSS)
- National Adult Literacy Agency (NALA)
- National Centre for Guidance in Education (NCGE)
- National Centre for Technology in Education (NCTE)
- National Council for Curriculum and Assessment (NCCA)
- National Council for Special Education (NCSE)
- National Educational Welfare Board (NEWB)
- Office of the Minister for Children and Youth Affairs (OMC)

Education-related research supported or conducted by other Departments or national bodies (e.g. Forfás) and by statutory or other committees/councils (e.g. Educational Disadvantage Committee, Institutes of Technology Ireland) is also included in this digest.

For each body a list of ongoing research being supported or conducted by the body is included, along with a list of education-related research which has been supported or conducted by the body since 2000.

This digest is aimed at ensuring that information on education related research can be sourced in a central location by all interested parties, however, we recognise that all education-related research projects are not included in the digest and also that there may have been further developments in relation to the progress of the projects since their inclusion in the digest. Please contact the body in question for the most up-to-date information in relation to a particular research project. If your query relates to the digest itself please contact Annette Leonard, Research and Development Committee, Department of Education and Science (E-mail: annette_leonard@education.gov.ie Tel:01 8896439)

It is intended that this digest will be updated on a periodic basis. The inclusion of research conducted or supported by representative or voluntary bodies will be considered as part of the process of further developing this resource in the future.

Please note that the views expressed in the research reports included in the digest are those of the researcher(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views or policy of the Department of Education and Science.

September 2008

CONTENTS

	Page
Department of Education and Science	4
Research and Development Committee	5
Gender Equality Management Committee	43
National Educational Psychological Service	52
Other DES sections	71
An Chomhairle um Oideachas Gaeltachta & Gaelscolaíochta	101
Centre for Early Childhood Development and Education	110
Combat Poverty Agency	116
Economic and Social Research Institute	125
Educational Disadvantage Committee	145
Educational Research Centre	149
Higher Education Authority	186
Irish Research Council for the Humanities and Social Sciences	197
National Adult Literacy Agency	207
National Centre for Guidance in Education	210
National Centre for Technology in Education	213
National Council for Curriculum and Assessment	215
National Council for Special Education	230
National Educational Welfare Board	238
Office of the Minister for Children	243

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE (DES)

The Department's Research and Development Committee provides funding support to research institutes and individual researchers for specific educational research projects. The list of ongoing research projects which are being supported by the Research and Development Committee is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of research projects which were supported by the Committee since 2000.

The Department's Gender Equality Management Committee (GEMC) is also involved in this area. Table 3 sets out the ongoing research projects being supported by the Committee, while Table 4 includes the projects which have been supported by this Committee and completed since 2000.

Research which is being supported and/or conducted by the National Educational Psychological Service (NEPS) is included in Table 5, with research supported by NEPS since 2000 listed in Table 6. The Evaluation Support and Research Unit (ESRU) of the Department's Inspectorate is also involved in conducting research and such projects will be included in the digest shortly.

Other sections of the Department, such as the Qualifications Curriculum & Assessment Policy Unit and the Social Inclusion Unit, are involved in supporting research and these projects are listed in Tables 7 and 8.

If further information is required on a particular project, please refer to the Department website (www.education.ie) in the first instance. If further assistance is required please contact Annette Leonard.

Contact details:

Annette Leonard

Research and Development Committee

Address: Central Policy Unit

Website: www.education.ie

Department of Education and Science E-mail: annette leonard@education.gov.ie

Block 2. Floor 1 Tel: 01 8896439

Marlborough Street, Dublin 1 Fax: 01 8892363 Table 1 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
R&D Committee	Digital Literacy: New Approaches to Participation and Inquiry Learning to Foster Literacy Skills Among Primary School Children	Leo Casey (National College of Ireland)	This project will test approaches to digital literacy and examine how best it can be developed in primary schools, examining eight classes across four primary schools in The Digital Hub, where a task-based learning approach to teaching specific strands within the curriculum will be taken.	2008
R&D Committee	Evaluation of Foreign Languages at Upper Secondary School Level Project (EFLUSL)	Margaret Condon (Under auspices of European Network of Policy Makers for the Evaluation of Educational Systems)	The Evaluation of Foreign Languages in Upper Secondary Level Project (EFLUSL) is an international cooperative project concerning the design, piloting and refinement of an agreed set of quality indicators to be used in the evaluation of the teaching and learning processes in foreign languages at upper secondary school level. The project will also involve the drafting of a set of agreed	2008

R&D Committee	Section 29	Dr. Anne Lodge	evaluation procedures to be implemented in a range of schools in participating countries. This research will provide an	2008
Nab committee	Appeals	(NUI Maynooth)	in-dept analysis of the first five years of the Appeals process established under Section 29 of the Education Act 1998.	2000
R&D Committee	Arrangements for the Accreditation of In-Career Education & Training for Teachers	Dr. Conor Galvin (Education Department, UCD)	This research will identify and document existing practice in the formal modular certification of teacher inservice programmes at primary and post-primary level in Ireland; identify and document practice in this area in two leading European centres of teacher education; and provide indications of best practice in the area.	2008
R&D Committee	Investigating Irish Teachers Knowledge of Mathematics for Teaching	Seán Delaney (Coláiste Mhuire, Marino Institute of Education)	This research will address the issues of the level of mathematics knowledge needed in order to teach the five strands and	2008

			accompanying skills effectively in primary school; how such knowledge can be assessed; and what knowledge of mathematics emerging and practising primary school teachers possess.	
R&D Committee	Cúrsaí Gaeltachta na gColáistí Oideachais	Caoimhe Máirtín	The project will examine the provision of, impact and associated costs of, students of the Colleges of Education attending Gaeltacht courses as part of their studies.	2008
R&D Committee	Designing Primary Schools for the Future (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	The key objective of this project is to assess the implications for primary school building design of current and anticipated future developments in teaching and learning methods, tools and technologies. The project will involve a systematic review of international experience regarding these issues and interviews with key educational stakeholders and will result in the development	2008

			of a brief for a model "school of the future"; this will not be a set of technical architectural plans but rather a document incorporating an educational needs analysis which will inform the Department's Design Guidelines for Primary Schools.	
R&D Committee	Managing Diversity in Schools: integration of newcomer students in first- and second-level schools (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	This study will explore the issues facing primary and second-level schools in catering for the educational needs of diverse groups of pupils. The study will encompass a postal survey of school principals combined with detailed case studies of individual schools.	2008
R&D Committee	Review of Experiences of Primary Teachers	Colleges of Education Research Consortium	This project will involve the creation of a longitudinal database on a large sample of primary teachers,	2008

R&D Committee (and D/EHLG)	Waterford Youth Services Pilot Initiative Scheme	Dr. Mark Morgan (Education Research Centre), David Carey (Froebel College), Jim Deegan (Mary Immaculate College), Ruby Morrow (Church of Ireland College), Cora O'Farrell (Marino Institute of Education) Waterford City Council	representative in terms of experience, gender and school types. Among the issues which will be examined are the experience of teachers in different types of schools; their perception of their professional development; the job satisfaction and morale of teachers; and their adjustment to changes which have occurred in the last 15 years. This project involves an assessment of youth services provision in Waterford City and County from the perspective of young people and identification of gaps in this area.	2008
R&D Committee	Identifying Teacher Professional Development Needs for Teaching the 'Data Analysis' Component of	Dr. Aisling Leavy (Mary Immaculate College, Limerick)	This study of approximately 400 pre-service teachers proposes to identify their professional development needs in relation to statistical understandings, through a mixed-method design.	2009

	Primary Level Mathematics			
R&D Committee	Learning to Teach in Post- primary Schools: Opportunities to develop curricular and cross-curricular competences in initial teacher education	Dr.Paul Conway (UCC)	This project will examine how best core competences of teachers in relation to inclusive, intercultural and cross curricular learning can be developed, focussing particularly on mathematics and reading literacy, and how best teachers can be supported in this process.	2009
R&D Committee	From Policy to Practice: Oral Language Development in Designated Disadvantaged Schools in Ireland	Dr. Aine Cregan (Mary Immaculate College, Limerick)	This study will explore the practice of oral language teaching and learning in designated disadvantaged schools in Ireland.	2009

R&D Committee	Field testing of International System for Teacher Observation and Feedback classroom observation protocol.	Dr. Dympna Devine (Education Department, UCD)	This project will involve the field testing of a classroom observation protocol (International System for Teacher Observation and Feedback protocol) in a sample of Irish schools at primary and post-primary level. It aims to develop a professional monitoring system for evaluating Teacher effectiveness in Ireland, that has both national and international validity.	2009
R&D Committee	An Examination of Compositional Writing in Irish Primary Schools	Patrick Wall, Carmel O'Sullivan, Karen Willoughby (School of Education, Trinity College Dublin)	This aim of this project is to conduct an in-depth examination of compositional writing instruction in Irish primary schools. The study will provide an up-to-date picture of approaches to compositional writing in primary schools and identify factors which potentially facilitate and inhibit the	2009

			successful implementation of proposed revisions for compositional writing instruction.	
R&D Committee	The Development of Junior Certificate Science Investigations by Guided Inquiry	Dr. Paul VanKampen (DCU)	This action research project will focus on the methodologies and approaches which underpin best practice in the development of scientific investigative skills and project work, at Junior Certificate science level. It will involve a three-week summer school for 16 teachers where science topics are studied by guided inquiry. These teachers will also develop and test similar educational materials in the classroom.	2010
R&D Committee	Building Bridges of Understanding : Theory and Actual Classroom Practices in Multiple Comprehension	Dr. Martin Gleeson (Mary Immaculate College, Limerick)	The project will consist of a qualitative study involving a small number of teachers, examining their process of learning to teach explicit comprehension strategies and how it impacts on their classroom practices and	2010

	Strategy Instruction		student learning.	
R&D Committee	Addressing the Challenges of Inclusion in Irish Schools	Joseph Travers (St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra)	The project will focus on how schools address the diverse needs of pupils with special educational needs, newcomers and pupils who experience educational disadvantage.	2010

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
R&D Committee	Development of Science in 10 Kerry Schools and other Selected Schools	Paula Kilfeather Sinéad O'Reilly (St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra)	This project focussed on the teaching and learning of science, with particular reference to the physical sciences, in 15 primary schools in South Kerry over 3 years.	2007
R&D Committee	It's Part of What We Are: Some Irish contributors to the development of the Chemical and Physical Sciences	Dr. R. Charles Mollan (Samton Ltd)	The project gives an account of the scientific achievements of selected scientists with Irish connections, the majority of which were born between the early seventeenth century and 1916, who contributed to the chemical and physical sciences.	2007

R&D Committee	Attitudes to the Transition Year Programme	Gerry Jeffers (Education Department, NUI Maynooth)	This project involved investigating the attitudes to the Transition Year Programme among pupils, teachers, school management, parents and the wider community. The research adopted a case study approach focussing on the TY programme in six schools.	2007

R&D Committee	The Effects of Calculator Use in Schools and in the Certificate Examinations -	Dr. Seán Close, Dr. Gerry Shiel, Elizabeth Oldham, Deirdre Hackett, Thérèse Dooley,	The study examines the effects of introducing calculators into the Revised Junior Cycle Mathematics syllabus launched in the	2004
	Phase I	Michael O'Leary Paul Surgenor (Education	2000/01 school year. Students sitting the Junior Certificate Examination in mathematics in 2003 formed	

The Effects of	Department, St	the first cohort that were	2007
Calculator Use in	Patrick's College,	allowed to use calculators in	200.
Schools and in the	ERC, and School of	the examination, and were	
Certificate	Education, Trinity	taught how to use them as	
Examinations –	College Dublin)	part of their course.	
Phase II	College Dubility	part of their course.	
I Hase II		The project is divided into two	
(also included		phases. The second phase,	
under ERC section)		which was implemented in a	
under LING Section)		representative sample of	
		post-primary schools in November 2004, involved	
		*	
		examining the mathematics achievement of a cohort of	
		third-year students who had	
		been instructed in the use of	
		calculators and expected to	
		use a calculator in the Junior	
		Certificate Examination.	
		The second	
		The summary report on	
		phase II 'Pressing the Right	
		Buttons' was published in	
		2007.	

R&D Committee	Hands On Science : Science Assessment in Irish Primary Schools	Paula Kilfeather, Michael O'Leary Janet Varley (St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra)	The research examined the extent to which materials and methodologies used in countries with a longer history of science assessment at Primary level (Australia, Canada, New Zealand, UK, US) could be used to support and enhance the work of Irish teachers.	2006
R&D Committee	Review of Guidance Provision in Post-Primary Schools (also included in NCGE and ESRI section)	Eileen Fitzpatrick, (National Centre for Guidance in Education) Dr. Deirdre O'Neill (TCD) ESRI	This consisted of a review of post-primary guidance provision. The report is based on the findings from the 4 strands of a review of guidance in post-primary schools. The 4 strands were: • Quantitative and qualitative survey of the use of the resources provided by DES for guidance in all 738 post-primary schools (NCGE) • A more in-depth survey in 260 of the 738 schools (ESRI) • In-depth case studies in 15 schools selected from those surveyed in strand 2 (ESRI)	2006

			Focus group interviews with a range of stakeholders (TCD and NCGE).	
R&D Committee	A Whole-school Approach to the Development of Inclusive Intercultural Policy and Practice	Dr. Mary Gannon Dr Mairin Kenny (CDVEC Curriculum Development Unit)	This research investigated the effectiveness of the whole school approach in developing inclusive intercultural policy and practice in post-primary schools and identified best practice in responding to cultural diversity.	2006
R&D Committee	Artists-Schools Guidelines: Towards Best Practice in Ireland	Lorraine Comer (Arts Council)	This project involved bringing representatives from the formal education and arts sectors together to identify the principles and guidelines for good practice relating to the interaction between schools and the arts sector. The work resulted in the production of a set of	2006

			principles and guidelines to enable teachers, schools and the arts community to work better together in schools and in arts venues.	
R&D Committee	Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders : Students and School (booklet) 'On the Spectrum: Similarities and differences between students with Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders and Autism Spectrum Disorders in Ireland' (Journal of International Special Needs	Susan Ryan (National Institute for the Study of Learning Difficulties, TCD and University of Alaska Anchorage) Michele Ní Chionnaith (Fetal Alcohol Support Ireland)	This project focussed on the educational and life experiences outcomes of students who experience Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorder (FASD) and Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD). The study examined the similarities and differences between the educational and support needs of these two groups of students. A booklet for teachers was produced to provide information on FASD and how teachers and schools	2006

	Education, June 2005)		can help students with FASD.	
R&D Committee	Live Music in the Classroom : An Analysis of the Primary Curriculum Support Programme of the Vogler Quartet in Sligo Residency	Dr. John O'Flynn (Mary Immaculate College, Limerick) on behalf of the Vogler Partner Steering Group comprising Sligo Local Authorities, The Arts Council, Music Network and Mary Immaculate College, Limerick)	This action research project focused on developing a transferable model of arts curriculum support based on programmed interactions between artists, learners and educators with specific reference to the music education strand of the Vogler String Quartet Residency, Sligo 1999-2004.	2005

R&D Committee	Bogs in the Classroom : A Web-based Educational Resource Focussing on Bog Field Studies	Dr. Catherine O'Connell (Bog of Allen Project, Irish Peatland Conservation Council)	The objective of the research was to provide a web-based (www.ipcc.ie) educational resource focussing on bog field studies to meet the habitat study requirements of the primary science curriculum and the requirements of the Junior Certificate Science syllabus and the Leaving Certificate Biology syllabus.	2005
R&D Committee	Towards a More Formal Mentoring System for Post- primary Training	Fionnbarra Ó Murchú Prof Áine Hyland & Declan Kennedy (UCC)	The aim of the pilot project was to devise, implement and evaluate a formal school-based mentoring programme in five post-primary schools in the Cork region. The central feature of the project aimed to determine the benefits to the quality of teaching and learning that can accrue from a formal school-based mentoring programme with particular reference to the student teachers, the teaching practice schools and	2005

			the teacher education institutions.	
R&D Committee	Survey of Amalgamated Schools with a view to Establishing Views on the Process/Experience of Amalgamation	Dr. Marie Flynn, Helen O'Brien (St. Helen's Education Office)	The research examined the views and experiences of principals and teachers in second-level schools that amalgamated in recent years and focused, in particular, on consultation; preparation; changes in school ethos; school policy; staff relations; student/staff relations; subjects on offer; changes in workload and job satisfaction.	2004
R&D Committee	Addressing the Needs of Under 15s : A Study of Alternative Educational Provision in Selected Countries	Scott Boldt (Coláiste Mhuire Marino, Griffith Avenue, Dublin 9)	This consisted of a study of practice in other countries in meeting the needs of under 15s who cannot be catered for in school.	2004
R&D Committee	Comparative Study of Factors Influencing Retention in Second-level	ESRI Rose Malone (NUI Maynooth)	This study examined central school level processes influencing pupil retention rates, particularly in disadvantaged areas.	2004

	Disadvantaged Schools (also included in ESRI section)			
R&D Committee	Primary Education : Ending Disadvantage	Dr. Anne Louise Gilligan (C/O Educational Disadvantage Centre, St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra)	The overall aim of the research project was to develop a conceptual framework of educational equality that would provide the foundations for a cohesive and systematic approach to educational practice, strategies and policies to end disadvantage at primary level.	2003

National Suicide Review Group/ former Northern Area Health Board / TCD / Department of Health and Children / R&D Committee	A Resource Manual for Mental Health Promotion and Suicide Prevention in Third Level Institutions	Amanda Kracen Deirdre Flynn Teresa Mason (Mental Health Initiative, Trinity College Dublin)	As part of their work in researching issues of mental health promotion and suicide awareness in higher education, the TCD Mental Health Initiative drafted a resource manual to share their experience with staff at all third level institutions. This manual examined issues of student mental wellness, suggested best practice,	2003

			documented findings and provided training materials. It was co-funded by the National Suicide Review Group, the former Northern Area Health Board and TCD. The Department of Health and Children and the Department of Education and Science Research and Development Committee provided funding to cover the dissemination costs of making the manual available to all Irish third level institutions.	
R&D Committee / NCCA	Review of the Junior Certificate School Programme (also included in NCCA section)	Nexus Research Co-operative	This consisted of a review of the Junior Certificate School Programme (JCSP). The JCSP provides a curriculum framework that assists schools and teachers in making the Junior Certificate more accessible to those young people in danger of	2003

			leaving the school system early with no formal qualification. The project provided data on the effectiveness of the structure, format and content of the JCSP.	
R&D Committee	Making the Move : Study of the Transfer Process from First to Second Level Schooling	Maeve O'Brien (St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra)	Drawing on focus groups and interviews conducted over an eighteen-month period, the research focused on students', teachers' and parents' perceptions of the transfer from primary to second-level schooling.	2002
R&D Committee	Design for Technologies	Project leader : Dr. William Gaughran (University of Limerick)	This project aimed at improving and extending both the provision of technology at Leaving Certificate and other more recent Senior Cycle initiatives in the technologies.	2002

Stra Ber Ach Sta	ume 1 ; Training ategies and nchmark nievement ndards for CAD	Tony Rynne	Three post-primary schools participated in scientific research as part of the project on CAD. The research looked at the training strategies and achievements in relation to CAD.	
Volu	ume 2 : Health	Trevor Hickey		
Tec	Safety in chnologies ucation		The second project considered existing health and safety legislation; the role of the Health and Safety Authority; teacher training in health and safety; and safety	
Volu	ume 3 : Design	Gerard Power	culture.	
	Inclusivity –	Niamh Ní Múirí		
	commodating		The third project looking at	
	eelchair Users		inclusivity concentrated on	
in P	Practical		wheelchair use in post-	
Clas	ssrooms		primary schools, third level colleges and wheelchair users working in industrial	
	ume 4 : Design	Dermot Gannon	engineering/ technology	
	Algorithms for		environments.	
	chnology Suites			
and	l Classrooms		The final project examined	
			current solutions in relation to	
			suite layouts for technology	

			·	
			classrooms and developed these in relation to research in industrial standards, ergonomics and requirements of operators.	
R&D Committee	Primary Teachers and Music Education	Mary Stakelum, (Mary Immaculate College, Limerick)	The study consisted of an investigation of the principles and practice of primary teachers regarding composition in the primary music classroom, with a view to identifying the needs of teachers with respect to development in this area.	2002
R&D Committee	A Review of IMMA /	Eibhlin Campbell	The review explored the	2002

	Breaking the Cycle Project	Anne Gallagher Helen O'Donoghue (Irish Museum of Modern Art)	impact of the Breaking the Cycle project on children, teachers and artists and proposed a framework for collaboration in arts education partnerships.	
R&D Committee	Examining the Costs of Seconding Teachers within the Education System	Dr. Anne Lodge (National University of Ireland, Maynooth) Dr. David Tuohy (National University of Ireland, Galway)	The study examined the process of secondment from the perspective of teachers engaged in seconded positions and schools who have released personnel to other institutions. It was also concerned with the role and responsibility of the seconding body to the seconded individual and their school.	2002

R&D Committee	Ethnicity and Schooling	Dr. Dympna Devine (Education Department, UCD)	The purpose of the research was to evaluate current policy and provision in relation to ethnic diversity in the Irish education system by mapping of the situation in one town. This involved mapping the current situation regarding ethnic diversity within the primary and second level schools in the town; examining the range of resources and supports available; identifying and evaluating current perceptions, policies and practices in relation to ethnic diversity among school administrators and teaching staff; and identifying and evaluating current inter-ethnic relations among a sample of pupils.	2002

R&D Committee	Use of	Rhoda O'Connor,	This action research project	2002
	Communicative Irish Outside the Classroom	Dr. Seán P. Ó'Conchúir, (Rhoda O'Connor & Comhpháirithe)	examined the motivation and feasibility of the use of communicative Irish, arising from class-based learning, in the school community at both primary and post-primary level. It involved assembling a multi-media Communicative and Informal Use of Irish Language Package, and testing this on a pilot basis in a number of schools.	

R&D Committee	Information Pack for Transition Year Mathematics Teachers	Dr. Fiacre Ó Cairbre Dr. Richard Watson (National University of Ireland, Maynooth) John McKeon (Maynooth Post- Primary School)	This project involved compiling an information pack, aimed at helping teachers develop their own Transition Year programme for mathematics and to cover topics in an imaginative and entertaining way.	2001
R&D Committee	A Psychoeducational Approach to Helping Adolescents Cope	Claire Hayes (National University of Ireland, Maynooth)	The research examined current international developments in preventing and reducing mental health difficulties; determined if Irish adolescents need help in coping and evaluated the effectiveness of a particular psychoeducational coping strategy.	2001
R&D Committee	Policy and Practice of Professional Development for Primary and Postprimary Teachers in	Dr. Ciaran Sugrue Dr. Mark Morgan (St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra)	This research focused on the effectiveness of approaches to delivery of in-service courses in the Irish education system and aimed to provide	2001

	Ireland : A Critical Analysis	Dr.Dympna Devine, Dr.Deirdre Raftery (Education Department, UCD)	as comprehensive a picture as possible of current policy and practice with a view to identifying key implications for review and improvement of current provision.	
R&D Committee	Meeting and Partings, It's the Travelling Life: Nomadic and Cultural Tradition of Travellers	Mary Moriarty Nollaig ÓFiongháile (Galway Travellers Support Group)	This study was aimed at understanding the nature of nomadic practice within the Traveller community; uncovering the experiences of the families when nomadic; understanding the beliefs and attitudes associated with nomadism; and identifying the perspectives and aspirations of the Travellers.	2001
R&D Committee	Cross-Border Rural Childcare Project, 1997-2000	Pauline Walmsley (C/O Erne Hospital, Enniskillen, Co. Fermanagh)	The aim of the project was to conduct action research on childcare provision for children up to 12 years of age	2001

			in border areas of Northern Ireland and Ireland.	
R&D Committee	International Association for the Evaluation of Educational Achievement (IAEEA) Pre- Primary Project Hayes, N., and	Nóirín Hayes, Julie O'Flaherty with Margaret Kernan (Centre for Social and Educational Research, DIT)	The IAEEA project was a large international, longitudinal investigation into the years before children's entry into compulsory education. Ireland did not participate in phase I	Phase II report (A Window on Early Education in Ireland – First National report of IEA Preprimary Project) was published in September 1997.
	O'Flaherty, J. with Kernan, M. 1997. A Window on Early Education in Ireland. Dublin:DIT Hayes, N., and Kernan, M. Seven- Year-Olds in Ireland. Dublin: DIT	Nóirín Hayes, Margaret Kernan (Centre for Social and Educational Research, DIT)	Phase II (1993-1997) involved 15 countries. In Ireland the focus of phase II was on the experience of four-year-olds in designated disadvantaged and non-designated disadvantaged primary schools and preschools.	Phase III report completed 2000.
	International Monographs: Phases 1 and 2		Phase III (1997-2000) involved 13 countries and documented how early	

	High/Scope Educational Research Foundation 600 N. River St., Ypsilanti, MI 48198, USA		experiences affect children's development at the age of seven. In Ireland most of the sample children who took part in phase III took part in phase III.	
R&D Committee	Primary School Library Services in Ireland : A Survey of Current Provision and Future Need	Fionnuala Hanrahan (Library Association of Ireland,)	This study was the first comprehensive review of library provision for primary schools in Ireland and aimed to identify the current level of library and information resource provision within schools; identify future requirements in this regard; and ascertain the in-career development needs of primary teachers to enhance the use of information by pupils and teachers.	2000

R&D Committee	Gender Differences in Patterns of Entry to the Colleges of Education	Prof. Sheelagh Drudy (Education Department, UCD) Dr. Maeve Martin (Education Department, NUI Maynooth)	This report focussed on gender differences in perceptions of, and attitudes to, primary teaching among school leavers and students in the colleges of education. The research involved an analysis of patterns of entry to the colleges of education by means of statistical data, questionnaires completed by students in a sample of second-level schools, and second year students in the education colleges and interviews with guidance counsellors and college administrators.	2000

R&D Committee	Patterns of Participation and Performance in Art College: The Field of Study Choices and Academic Performance of Art and Design Students in Relation to Their Aesthetic and Academic Ability, Age, Gender, Entry Status ad Social Class	Dr. Dónal O'Donoghue (part of PhD thesis), Professor Iseult McCarthy, Professor Gary Granville (Faculty of Education, National College of Art and Design)	The study focussed on all new entrants to the four Irish third-level colleges of art and design in the Autumn of 1992. The art and design entrants were evaluated at entry according to their gender, age, social class, background and county of origin; in relation to their artistic experiences and educational experiences prior to entry; and in relation to their artistic and academic ability at entry. The field of study choices of these entrants were examined in relation to their pre-entry and background characteristics and in relation to their	2000

			performance in first year of art college. These 1992 entrants were then assessed at graduation and their final year performance was considered.	
R&D Committee	Gender Differences in Classroom Interaction	Prof. Sheelagh Drudy (Education Department, UCD) Dr. Máire Uí Chatháin (Education Department, NUI Maynooth)	This longitudinal study set out to establish whether internationally observed patterns of male domination of interactions were observable in Irish coeducational classrooms, and to relate patterns to a number of intervening variables. It took the form of an action research project among student teachers on a postgraduate professional course with an emphasis on teachers' self-analysis and reflection.	2000

R&D Committee	School Bullying in Ireland: A Nationwide Survey O'Moore, A.M., Kirkham, C., and Smith, M. 1997. "Bullying Behaviour in Irish Schools: A Nationwide Study". The Irish Journal of Psychology 18 (2), 141-169 O'Moore, A.M.,	Dr. Astrid Mona O'Moore (Anti-Bullying Research and Resource Centre, Department of Education, TCD)	This project examined the incidence and correlates of bullying behaviour in Irish primary and post-primary schools during the period 1993 to 1994. The first stage of the study examined the prevalence of bullying in schools during the first school term in which the schools would have received the National Guidelines on Countering and Preventing Bullying. The second stage re-examined the level of	2000

	Kirkham, C., and Smith, M. 1998. "Bullying in Schools in Ireland: A Nationwide Study". Irish Educational Studies 17, 254-271 O'Moore, A.M. 2000. Aggressive Behaviour. Critical Issues for Teacher Training to Counter Bullying and Victimisation in Ireland. 26, 99-111.		bullying in the same schools after the schools had developed a school policy on bullying, as recommended in the <i>Guidelines</i> .	
R&D Committee	Analysis of the Millennium Book: Children and Identity in Postmodern Ireland	Prof. Pat O'Connor (Department of Government and Society, University of Limerick) Dr. Anne Lodge (Education Department, NUI, Maynooth) Ciara Kane (final-year student,	In May 1999 the Millennium Committee invited young people in fifth class (primary) and Transition Year (post- primary) as well as pupils in special schools to write a single page about themselves, their hopes for the future, and their vision of Ireland both in the present and the new millennium for the 'Write Here! Write Now!' project. One page was	2000

		Department of Government and Society, University of Limerick)	selected at random from every participating class and included in the Millennium Book, which is held in the National Library. The objective of the study was to analyse a substantial stratified sample of the contributions written for possible inclusion in the Millennium Book.	
R&D Committee	Early School- Leaving and Educational Disadvantage in a Small Town	Dr. Evelyn Mahon, Áine McGrath (Department of Sociology, TCD)	This project examined the relationship between school organisation and processes and early school leaving in the town of Enniscorthy. It identified key features of each school on a number of significant variables and located the extent and patterns of early school leaving within that context.	2000

R&D Committee	Young People, Drug Use and Early School Leaving	Dr. C.M. Comiskey, R. Millar (NUI Maynooth)	This project examined the nature and extent of drug use among young people in Dublin and examined the impact of drug use on early school leaving.	2000
R&D Committee	Left Out on Their Own: Young People Leaving Care in Ireland	Patricia Kelleher Carmel Kelleher Maria Kelleher (Kelleher Associates)	Left Out on Their Own was the first national longitudinal study of young people leaving care in Ireland and was commissioned by Focus Ireland. The objectives of the study were to describe the background to and recent developments in the foster- care and residential-care systems; carry out surveys of	2000

			young people six months and again two years after leaving care, in order to monitor their performance; construct case histories of seventy young care leavers; analyse leaving care policy and practice; and study the crisis intervention service of the former Eastern Region Health Authority.	
R&D Committee	Education Provision for Pupils with Severe and Profound Learning Disabilities	Dr. Jean Ware Páid McGee Georgina Julian (Special Education Department, St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra)	This study dealt with two specific but interrelated issues pertaining to the education of pupils with severe and profound general learning difficulties (S & PLD) – the place and organisation of provision; and teachers' morale and turnover. The study formed part of a wider	2000

			comparative study involving researchers in England, Wales and Ireland, whose aim was to identify factors that facilitate the provision of appropriate accommodation and curriculum for pupils with S & PLD.	
R&D Committee	Higher-Order Thinking in Early Years Classroom Through Doing Philosophy "Higher-Order Thinking in the Early Years Classroom through Doing Philosophy". Irish Educational Studies Vol. 20. Spring 2001.	Philomena Donnelly – Uí Chionnaith	The aim of the study was to ascertain, define, record and analyse the elements of abstract thinking present in "Thinking Time", a session in the day when junior and senior infants were encouraged to think and interact philosophically. The study took place at Bayside Junior National School, Sutton.	2000

R&D Committee	An Ghaeilge ag Obair sa Scoil	Rhoda O'Connor, Dr. Seán P. Ó'Conchúir,	This pilot project explored how the communicative approach to the teaching of	2000
		(Rhoda O'Connor & Comhpháirithe)	Irish could be translated into the daily activities of the second-level school community, in the form of increased usage of Irish and Bilingualism.	

Table 3 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
GEMC	Valuing Visibility : an exploration of how sexual orientation issues are addressed in post-primary schools	Dr. Anne Lodge (National University of Ireland, Maynooth)	This action research project will identify inclusive, positive practice in Irish post-primary schools recognising the diversity of sexual identities and relationships that exist within the school community.	2008

NCCA and GEMC	Longitudinal study of second-level students: the transition into senior cycle (also included in NCCA and ESRI sections)	ESRI	The study consists of follow- up study to the longitudinal study involving following a group of 900 students in 12 case study schools. Because of student participation in Transition Year, this study is being carried out over two phases covering the student cohort in fifth and sixth year. The study will address a number of key issues relating to senior cycle education including the nature of student learning experiences during TY; the factors which influence students' choice of subjects and subject level in fifth year; the variations in experiences of teaching and learning across the different senior cycle programmes; and the process of adjusting to the transition to senior cycle.	2008

Table 4 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion
GEMC	Anti-Bias Education: Towards New Understandings	Maura Cuneen, (NUIC)	This research will provide information on the continued transference of gender/sex stereotyping to children between 0 – 12 years.	2007
GEMC	Senior Management Appointments in Education	Kathleen Lynch and Dympna Devine (UCD)	This research examined the cultural codes enshrined in senior appointments at different educational levels and across different sectors of education	2006
GEMC	Gender Inequality in Seeking and Accessing Promotional Posts in Irish Schools	Anne Lodge and Rose Malone (NUIM)	The research looked at a range of policy initiatives promoting gender equality in educational management and leadership.	2006
GEMC	The Use of Exploring Masculinities in Irish Schools	Jim Gleeson (UL)	The research focussed on informing the Department of Education and Science and NCCA policy in relation to	2006

			the future development of the Exploring Masculinities Programme.	
GEMC	Straight Talking — Researching Gay and Lesbian Issues in the School Curriculum	James Norman (DCU)	Straight Talk was specifically concerned with how the issues of sexuality education in the context of gay and lesbian issues, homophobic bullying and HIV/AIDS education are dealt with in the context of the Relationships and Sexuality Education (RSE) component of the Social Personal and Health Education (SPHE) programme in second-level schools.	2006
GEMC	Gendering the School Plan	Lorna Ryan (NUI Galway)	This report is a summary paper for the SET Committee regarding girls and science provision in schools.	2005
GEMC	Factors Influencing Educational Achievement	Bernie McCloskey, (The Clonsaugh Consortium)	The study looked at the causes of the problem of drop out among Traveller girls in North Dublin.	2005

	and Dropout for Traveller Girls in North Dublin			
GEMC	Gender and Subject Choice: Take-up of Technological Subjects in Second-level Education (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	The study examined the role of school provision, school policy and student choice in shaping gender differences in the take-up of the technological subjects. It drew on the perspectives of school principals, guidance counsellors, teachers and students themselves.	2005
GEMC	Survey of Primary Teachers	Eileen Drew (TCD)	This survey identified what male primary teachers believe to be the advantages and disadvantages of primary teaching for males.	2005
GEMC	Islam And Equality: Affirming	Sheila O'Driscoll (Shannon CDC)	The study provided information on how the adult and community sector could	2005

	Cultural Diversity and Gender Equality in Lifelong Learning		provide equality of access, progression and outcomes for male and female learners from an Islamic background.	
NCCA and GEMC	Longitudinal study of students from their transition to post-primary school to the completion of the Junior Certificate	ESRI	This project follows a group of 900 students in 12 case-study schools from their transition to post-primary school to the completion of the Junior Certificate. It was carried out in three phases.	
	Moving Up : The Experiences of First-year Students in Post-Primary		The first report entitled 'Moving Up' focuses on curriculum provision and school integration among first year students (Phase I).	2004
	Education Pathways Through the Junior Cycle		The second phase of the study looks at student experiences as they move into the second year of their junior cycle. It explores changes in student attitudes to school and to the different subject areas. The report of phase II is set out in 'Pathways Through the Junior	2005

	Gearing Up for the Exam? (also included under NCCA and ESRI sections)		Cycle'. The third part of the study examines student experiences in their Junior Certificate year. It looks at teaching and learning in the lead-up to the examination and the factors influencing student performance at Junior Certificate level. This study forms the basis for a series of follow-up studies on young people's transition to senior cycle, parental perspectives on this transition, and the factors influencing early school leaving.	2007
GEMC	Experience of Boys and Girls in Arts Education at Primary Level	Regina Murphy (St Patrick's College, Drumcondra)	The research contributed to the identification of the nature of differences between boys and girls in the arts; the practices which may be supportive of arts activities; and those that may be alienating for either group.	2004

GEMC	Where have all the Good Men Gone: Exploring males in social care in Ireland	Niall McElwee and Ashling Jackson (Athlone Institute of Technology)	This research looked at the quantification of gender imbalance in social care training and provided insights into potential approaches to redress this imbalance.	2004
GEMC	Roads to Learning: A Study of Education and Training by Women's Groups in North and West Mayo	Marian Flannery (Women of the North West Ltd)	The research examined the impact of community based education and training on individuals and the community as a whole.	2004
GEMC	Girls into Engineering	Eileen Drew (TCD)	The research aimed to inform the development of policy at all levels to encourage students to consider engineering as a career.	2004
GEMC	Gender Perspectives and Junior Cycle History	Maryann Valiulis and Deirdre Raftery (TCD & NUI Dublin)	The research focussed on examining a gender balanced Junior Cycle History.	2004
GEMC	Exploring the Development of	Catherine Conlon (NUI Dublin)	This research looked at the direct relevance, to the	2004

	University- Community Partnership Models and Action Measures to Promote 3 rd Level Access for 'Second Chance' Women		overlapping policy priorities for education set out in the National Development Plan, of widening access to third level education and actions to ensure that disadvantaged women are encouraged to participate.	
NCCA and GEMC	Examining Gender: Gender and Achievement in the Junior and Leaving Certificate Examinations 2000/2001 (also included under NCCA section)	Jannette Elwood, Karen Carlisle (Graduate School of Education, Queens University, Belfast)	This study investigated differential performance by gender and achievement in the Junior Certificate and Leaving Certificate Examinations in 2000 and 2001.	2003
NCCA and GEMC	Gender Politics and Exploring Masculinities in Irish Education :	Máirtín Mac an Ghoill (University of Newcastle), Joan Hannafin (UCC),	The study addressed two issues 'What was the shape and temporal trajectory of the public debate on Exploring	2002

Teachers, Materials and the Media (also included NCCA section)	Masculinities ?' and 'What are teachers' views of implementing the Exploring Masculinities programme within the context of the public debate'?	

Table 5 : NEPS On-going research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Proposed Completion date
NEPS	Is there a digital divide?	Avril Burgess	As technology becomes increasingly important in education, both in the content and the means of delivery, might students actually know more than their teachers and their parents? If there is a digital divide, what are the factors that contribute to it? Possible factors are access to IT devices and the internet, age, socioeconomic status as well as personality and attitude to technology. This research explores these issues with 300 people, adolescent students, their teachers and parents.	2009

NEPS	Psychological well-being in primary school children: Perceptions of school staff, parents and students	Teresa O'Dea	This study is being undertaken to explore what teachers, parents and pupils mean by positive mental health and to investigate their views on the dimensions of school environments that can have a positive effect on children's social-emotional development and well-being.	2009
NEPS	Factor structure of the WISC-IV in a referred population	Trevor James	The WISC-IV is the most commonly used intelligence test in the world, and is often used to determine eligibility for additional education resources, but its validity in Ireland has not yet been demonstrated. This research uses factor analysis to examine one aspect of the validity- the factor structure. This will determine whether the four factors which the WISC-IV proposes is applicable to students in Ireland referred to NEPS.	2009

NEDO				0040
NEPS	Evaluation of the Teacher Training component of the Incredible Years Programme	Gabrielle Greene	The Incredible Years programme represents a comprehensive model for the promotion of social and emotional competence in children. Parent and teacher training programmes complement a student training programme designed to teach social and emotional competence. It is important to be able to identify the effective components of the overall programme and this research will evaluate the impact of the teacher training alone.	2010

Table 6 : NEPS Completed research

Supporting	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
NEPS	A survey of schools' experiences of NEPS (to be published 2008)	NEPS Working party on Evaluation	This project is a strand of the NEPS evaluation strategy signalled in the 2007 business plan. The objectives were to provide a report on how schools perceive the NEPS service and to indicate preferences for services within the NEPS portfolio. It is important in the context of a quality assurance model, to have "customer" feedback on services. A questionnaire, designed in conjunction with NEPS, was distributed to a sample of primary and post primary schools by the Education Research Centre, St Patrick's College, Drumcondra in May 2007. The ERC also conducted the data analysis.	2007

NEPS	An investigation into the validity of the ABAS-II in an Irish context (Presented at the Psychological Society of Ireland Annual Conference, Killarney, November 2007) (Submitted as part of the requirement for the Psychological Society of Ireland Diploma in Educational Psychology)	Angela Dowling	This study examines the validity of the use of the Adaptive Behaviour Assessment Scale (ABAS II) in Ireland. (The ABAS is one measure of skill level in social, conceptual and practical arenas, an essential requirement for the diagnosis of General Learning Disability, and is commonly used in the US although it has begun to be used in Ireland in recent times.) Teachers were asked to rate 57 students on specific subscales from the ABAS II. Concurrently they were asked to rate their perceptions of those students under those areas using a visual analogue. They also gave responses to questions regarding time taken, cultural appropriateness and utility for	2007
			responses to questions	

NEPS	Counting on	Yvonne Mullan	Number Worlds (Griffin and	2007
	Success		Case, 1997) is an intervention	
			which was used successfully	
			to close the number	
	(Presented at the		knowledge gap between	
	2nd Math		children in schools in low-	
	Research		income, high-risk	
	Conference in St.		communities and their more	
	Patrick's College,		affluent peers in the United	
	Drumcondra,		States and involves an	
	September 2007)		increased emphasis on	
			counting and on small group	
			work.	
			During the school year	
			2004/05 a quasi-experimental	
			study was carried out to	
			assess the impact of Number	
			Worlds in an Irish context.	
			The intervention was	
			evaluated using pre and post	
			Number Knowledge Test	
			(NKT) results, interview,	
			video-recording and notes	
			from participant observation.	
			The progress of four classes	
			was monitored: the Number	
			Worlds (experimental) group;	
			a control group in the same	
			school and two classes in a	

nearby school that was not designated as disadvantaged.	
	2007

NEPS	Supporting Reading interventions with primary teachers (Presented to Psychological Society of Ireland conference, Killarney, 2007) Reach, Journal of Special Needs Education in Ireland, 2008, Vol	Shirley Murphy, Mary Nugent, Feargal O'Neill	The aim of the project was to encourage teachers to enhance their analytic/ reflective skills regarding the interventions they use for reading and to increase their knowledge of reading interventions currently available. Through this it was hoped to increase the reading ability of a group of primary school children. In-service training regarding a range of reading programmes	2007

	21 No 2,.		was provided to resource/learning support teachers in the Waterford area. Following this, school based resource teachers selected a reading intervention programme which was implemented for at least a 3 month period. Assessment of the reading ability of the classes was carried out using the GRII, both before and after the intervention. In addition, some qualitative data were collected through diaries, time logs and questionnaires.	
NEPS	Training and support to teachers in facilitating group work (Presented to Psychological Society of Ireland conference,	Elizabeth Charles, Joanne Moran and Ciara Deloughry	This action research was designed to give teachers attending this training the confidence, knowledge and skills to facilitate small therapeutic groups in schools. It also evaluated different methods of delivering training:	2007

	Killarney, 2007)			
NEPS	Raising Reading	Mary Nugent	This action research project	2007
INEFO	Standards in Secondary School- An action research project (Presented to Psychological Society of Ireland conference, Killarney, 2007)	mary Nugerit	This action research project aimed to raise reading standards in the first year of secondary school; to promote positive attitudes to reading among students; and encourage more frequent reading and establish reading as a valued leisure activity. Quantitative and qualitative data was collected, including	2007

			pre and post intervention reading scores and teacher, student and parental questionnaires. The research used a multi-element approach which included the establishment of a peer reading programme involved targeted students in first year and transition year students; the implementation of the Word Millionaire reading initiative with all first years; and presentations to parents to promote reading and engage parental support for the above initiatives.	
NEPS	Services for children with specific learning difficulties (dyslexia)- The child's experience and what that tells us about segregation and inclusion	Mary Nugent	This study evaluates and compares special educational services for children with dyslexia in three different settings: special schools, reading units and mainstream resource provision. The emphasis in this paper is on the child's experience of special education.	2007

	In press Educational Psychology in Practice		Participants were dyslexic children aged 8-13 who had been accessing special educational services for two academic years. Data collection involved individual interviews with each of the 100 children as well as parental questionnaires.	
NEPS	Parent training: its effects on the reading abilities of their children (Submitted in part completion of the requirements of	Lucy Gannon	This research aimed to examine if the provision of a brief training programme for parents influences the acquisition of reading skills in beginning readers. The aim of the research was to improve the reading ability of children in senior infants	2007

	the Psychological Society of Ireland Diploma in Educational Psychology)		through advising their parents on useful strategies to help them at home. Parents in the experimental group received a brief training programme and handouts. The training explained how children learn to read and how parents can help. A second group received only the handouts, while a third group received no intervention during that term. Reading ability of the children was initially assessed in September and again in March when the intervention was complete.	
NEPS	Response rate for questionnaires sent by email or post Irish Journal of	Trevor James	This study examined the relative effectiveness of email and post as a method for the delivery of a questionnaire. Four hundred and eighty seven schools were sent a	2006

	Psychology (in press)		brief questionnaire by post and a similar number were sent the same questionnaire by email. Both groups were asked to return the completed questionnaire by FAX or post.	
NEPS	Memory Recall in Primary School Children (Presented to Psychological Society of Ireland conference, Killarney, 2007)	Tomás Mac an Bhreithiuin	The aim of this study was to compare the effect of visual phonological based mnemonic strategies on immediate recall and their impact on retention over time. A group of primary school children aged 8-10 years were given training in mnemonic strategies. Their performance on memory tasks was compared to similar children who had not been given any training but were using their own strategies.	2006
NEPS	Inclusion in Irish post-primary	Teresa Tierney	This research looked at the level of resourcing Special Educational Needs (SEN) in	2006

	schools (Presented to Psychological Society of Ireland conference, Galway, 2006) (Submitted for the Doctorate in Educational Psychology, UEL)		mainstream schools in a region of Ireland and how mainstream secondary schools in this region utilise those resources given to them to accommodate pupils with SEN. This study explored the organisation and structure of support systems, principals' attitudes to inclusion and pupils' experience and perceived level of happiness with the support they receive. Quantitative and qualitative data collection methods were used in the research.	
NEPS	Special	Mary Nugent	This study explores the	2006

Falconting	off a three and a control	
Educational	effectiveness of special	
Services for	educational provision for	
Children with	children with a specific	
Specific Learning	learning disability (dyslexia) in	
Disability	Irish primary schools. It	
(Dyslexia): An	evaluates and compares the	
Evaluation	three forms of special	
	educational provision in	
Reach, Journal of	Ireland for children with	
Special Needs	severe dyslexia: resource	
Education in	teaching, reading units (also	
Ireland, 2006, Vol	known as special classes)	
19, No 2, 102-111.	· ·	
	placement. The evaluation	
	included a measure of literacy	
	outcomes as well as	
	information about parent and	
	child perspectives.	

NEPS	Comparing	Mary Nugent	This study evaluated and	2006
	inclusive and	, 5	compared special educational	
	segregated		services for children with	
	settings for		dyslexia in three different	
	children with		settings: special schools,	
	specific learning		reading units and mainstream	
	difficulties		resource provision. The	
	(dyslexia)-		emphasis in this paper is on	
	Parental		the parental perspectives.	
	perspectives			
	-		Participants were the parents	
	Support for		of dyslexic children aged 8-13	
	Learning (2007),		who had been accessing	
	22, 2		special educational services	
			for two academic years. Data	
			involved individual postal	
			questionnaires, returned by	
			113 parents.	
				1

IEPS	The Incredible	Richard Egan,	For the first time in Ireland, all	2005
	Years: Multi	Suarle Fitzsimons,	three elements of the	
	Agency Approach	Sian Harris	Incredible Years Programme	
	to Reducing		were implemented	
	Children's		simultaneously in a national	
	Behaviour		school with 242 children and	
	Problems and		22 teachers. All the teachers	
	Improving		were trained in the classroom	
	Children's		management programme, 10	
	Social/Emotional		parents took part in the	
	Competence		parenting programme and 15	
	·		children took part in the Dina	
	(Presented to		Dinosaur children's group.	
	Psychological			
	Society of Ireland		This longitudinal study	
	conference,		involved pre and post rating	
	Galway, 2006)		of children in the Dinosaur	
			group, of participants in the	
			parenting programme and a	
			sample of children in each	
			class (n=96).	

NEPS	A Rough Guide to Individual Educational Planning (IEPs) for Primary Schools Published in Learn, the Journal of the Irish Learning Support Association, 2004, Volume 26, p10-23	Mary Nugent	This article is based on the author's experiences of developing and implementing individual education plans for children with special educational needs in mainstream and special school settings. It is intended as guidance for schools and teachers who are either beginning to develop individual educational plans in their school, or who wish to further refine a system already in place. The focus here is on children with special educational needs, who may have their needs met by attending a special school, a special class, or through mainstream placement, perhaps with the support of a special education or resource teacher.	2004

NEPS	Teachers' views of working with Individual Educational Plans in an Irish special school REACH, Journal of Special Education in Ireland, 2002, Vol 15, No2, p98-112	Mary Nugent	This article explores the views of teachers in a special school of individual education plans (known as IEPs). The teachers' perspective of the utility of IEPs for parents and students was also examined. The research is grounded in the context of the Irish education system, although comparisons are made with IEP systems in other countries.	2002

Table 7: Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
DES and Office of the Minister for Integration	Development of a National English Language Policy and Framework for Legally- resident Adult Newcomers	Horwath Consulting Ireland Limited	This involves an independent strategic review to assist in developing a policy and framework in the area of English language provision for all legally-resident adult immigrants.	2008

DES	Home-School-Community-Liaison in Early Start Schools (also included in ERC section)	Lewis, M., and Archer, P. (ERC)	Over the last ten years, the ERC has produced evaluation reports on various aspects of the Early Start preschool programme in schools in disadvantaged areas. This work is ongoing and current evaluation objectives include the use of assessment profiles by junior-infant teachers in schools with Early Start units and the interface between Early Start and the Home-School-Community-Liaison (HSCL) scheme.	2008 for current phase

DES	An Evaluation of Giving Children an Even Break (also included in ERC section)	ERC	In early 2007, the ERC submitted a draft report of an evaluation of some aspects of Giving Children an Even Break (GCEB) to the Department of Education and Science. The GCEB initiative involved allocation of extra staff to schools with the highest levels of disadvantage and financial grants on a sliding scale to almost all schools according to their assessed levels of disadvantage. The scope of the evaluation is limited to investigations of (i) how resources were used; (ii) the opinions of two groups of participants (principals of all schools and cluster coordinators for rural schools) on the operation of the initiative; and (iii) the extent to which positive discrimination with regard to class size has been achieved in GCEB	2008

			schools.	
DES	Study of Disadvantage in Rural Schools (also included in ERC section)	ERC	The ERC has embarked on a study of disadvantage in rural primary schools. The study has been prompted by the belief, supported by some empirical evidence, that educational disadvantage is qualitatively different in urban and rural areas. For example, the relationship between socioeconomic factors and educational outcomes is thought to be weaker in rural than in urban settings. Test data collected from rural schools as part of the evaluation of the School Support Programme (SSP) under DEIS is being used to examine the nature of disadvantage in rural areas. While the study represents an important step in arriving at an understanding of disadvantage	2008

			in rural areas, a fuller understanding will not be possible without also collecting comparative test data from schools that do not have high concentrations of pupils from poor backgrounds.	
DES	The Bonus for Irish in the Leaving Certificate Examination (also included in ERC section)	ERC	Data on the bonuses awarded to candidates in the Leaving Certificate Examination for answering papers in Irish are being analysed. The purpose of the study is to determine the principal factors affecting the take up of Irish-medium papers, and the impact the bonuses have within the CAO points system. Data consist of (1) marks obtained by all Leaving Certificate candidates in Maths, French, History and Economics in the 2002 examination, (2) numbers of candidates requesting Irish-medium papers in these subjects at Higher and Ordinary levels (n = 2,063), (3) information on a	2008

			variety of background variables, and (4) a random sample of scripts in Irish (n = 865).	
DES / ERC	Early Screening and Diagnostic Reading Tests (also included in ERC section)	ERC	In response to a need to identify children who are at risk of reading difficulties at an early stage in their schooling, the ERC is developing Early Screening and Diagnostic Reading Tests designed for use with children at the end of Senior Infants and the beginning of First class. The screening test is intended to be administered to groups of 8 to 10 pupils. The diagnostic test, which is individually administered, is designed for use with pupils identified by the screening test as being at risk.	2008

DES	2007 School Leaver' Survey (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	This project will involve a survey, analysis and interpreted report on those leaving the second level system in the 2004/2005 academic year. The survey will comprise a sample of leavers from the academic year 2004/2005 who left up to and including Leaving Certificate and/or PLC. The survey will include a substantial over-sampling of early leavers and also the Leaving Certificate Applied and Leaving Certificate Vocational Programme	2009

			groups, to allow particular focus on these groups.	
DES / ERC	Standardised Test Development (also included in ERC section)	ERC	Development work on tests of Irish language began in early 2007. Two separate tests are under preparation – one for pupils in Gaeltacht schools and scoileanna lán-Ghaeilge, the other for pupils in ordinary schools. The tests will assess aspects of listening and reading, with reference to content themes and processes outlined in the 1999 Primary School Irish Curriculum. The tests should be available to schools from	2009 for current phase

			Spring 2009. Other current work on standardised tests includes the preparation of a revised manual containing information on mathematics subscales and proficiency levels for the <i>Drumcondra Primary Mathematics Test – Revised</i> (DPMT-R) and the development of proficiency levels for the <i>Drumcondra Primary Reading Test – Revised</i> (DPRT-R).	
DES	Teaching and Learning International Survey (TALIS) (also included in ERC section)	ERC	TALIS is a survey of the learning environment and working conditions of teachers in post-primary (Junior Cycle) schools. Twenty- countries are participating. The main survey will take place in a representative national sample of 200 post-primary schools in Ireland involving up to 4000 teachers. Principal	2009

			and teachers will complete questionnaires in either paper or online format.	
DES	Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA)	ERC	PISA is a multi-year assessment programme, developed jointly by member countries of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD).	2010 for current phase
	(also included in ERC section)		It is aimed at assessing the broad educational achievements in reading,	

			mathematics, and science of 15-year olds and their preparedness for adult life. Each cycle of PISA focuses on a major achievement domain (reading in 2000, mathematics in 2003 and science in 2006) and on two or more minor domains. Work is under way at the Centre on PISA 2009, in which reading will again be the major focus. A computer-based literacy test will be included for the first time.	
DES	International Civics and Citizenship Education Study (ICCS) (also included in	ERC	Ireland is one of at least 37 countries participating in the ICCS. The purpose of this study is to investigate the ways in which young people are prepared to undertake their roles as citizens. The	2010

DEC	ERC section)	EDC.	ICCS instruments will provide information on the achievement of second-year students in civics and citizenship education along two cognitive dimensions (knowing and reasoning). They will also provide affective data along the four dimensions of value beliefs, attitudes, behavioural intentions, and behaviours.	2014
DES	An Evaluation of the School Support Programme (SSP) under	ERC	Work commenced in 2007 on an evaluation of the SSP component of DEIS at primary and post-primary levels. The evaluation is	2011

their progress in relation to targets specified in their DEIS action plans, and the extent to which specific elements of the scheme have been implemented. The evaluation will also focus on particular groups of pupils in	(also included in ERC section)	attempting to monitor the implementation of the programme and assess its impact on students, families, schools, and communities. The evaluation has a number of elements including the monitoring of change in achievement and other pupil outcomes over the period 2006/07 to 2009/10. Other planned activities include	
example, a study of pupils showing early signs of reading difficulties began in		surveys of schools to assess their progress in relation to targets specified in their DEIS action plans, and the extent to which specific elements of the scheme have been implemented. The evaluation will also focus on particular groups of pupils in participating schools. For example, a study of pupils showing early signs of	

Table 8 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
DES, ETE, IDA, Enterprise Ireland	Future Requirement for High-level ICT Skills in the ICT Sector	Expert Group on Future Skills Needs/Forfás –	The aim of this study was to determine the future requirements for high level skills in the ICT sector and to identify the proactive actions required to ensure that the supply of these skills will support its growth potential.	2008
DES / NCTE	NCTE 2005 Census on ICT Infrastructure in Schools: statistical report (also included in NCTE and ERC sections)	Shiel, G., and O'Flaherty, A. (ERC)	This report details the findings of the 2005 National Centre for Technology in Education (NCTE) census on ICT infrastructure in schools. The 2005 census is the fourth in a series that began in 1998. The census reflects the situation with regard to ICT infrastructure in schools in May/June 2005.	2006

DES	Implementing the	Fivers F Shiel	This paper examines the	2006
DES	Implementing the Revised Junior Certificate Science Syllabus: what teachers said (also included in ERC section)	Eivers, E., Shiel, G., Cheevers, C. (ERC)	This paper examines the teaching of science to Junior Certificate students in post-primary schools in Ireland. It is based on responses to a questionnaire administered in early 2006 to those teaching Junior Certificate science in schools participating in the 2006 OECD Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA). The present report, which is designed for a general audience, summarises key findings and recommendations from the research.	2006

DES	A Study of the Intended and Achieved Weights of Components in the Leaving Certificate Examination (also included in ERC section)	Millar, D., Kellaghan, T., & Mac Aogáin, E. (ERC)	Issues relating to discrepancies between intended and achieved weights arise in the case of examinations which are made up of a number of components (e.g., written oral, and practical examinations) and in which marks awarded on the components are aggregated to provide an overall mark and grade for candidates. Analyses were carried out to determine the extent to which the weight that was intended to be assigned to performance on a component (inferred from the marks allotted to it) corresponded with the weight that was actually achieved (inferred from the contribution of the component to variance in the composite mark) in the case of six Leaving certificate subjects: Agricultural Science, Art, Construction Studies,	2006

			French, Irish, and Music. Statistically significant differences were found between intended and achieved weights for all subjects.	
DES	Irish in Primary Schools: long- term national trends in achievement (also included in ERC section)	Harris, J., Forde, P., Archer, P., Nic Fhearaile, S., & O'Gorman, M. (ERC)	The Centre, in collaboration with Institiúid Teangeolaíochta Éireann (ITÉ), carried out a national assessment of the speaking, listening, and reading skills in Irish of sixth class pupils in primary schools. Field work for the assessment took place in 2002. Data were collected in all-Irish schools and schools in the Gaeltacht as well as in ordinary schools. Modified versions of tests used in previous studies by ITÉ were used to assess listening and speaking skills. A new test of Irish reading was developed at the Centre. Questionnaires for teachers, parents, and pupils were also used. A comparison of achievement in listening and	2006

DES / OECD / PISA	<u> </u>		speaking in the present and in previous ITÉ studies revealed a very large decline in performance in ordinary schools and, to a lesser extent, in schools in the Gaeltacht. A report of the national assessment documents and tries to account for the changes in achievement. It also contains information on the new reading test and examines the relationship between achievement and a variety of home and school factors. Assessment (PISA) is a multi-yer countries of the Organisation for	
110/	operation and Dev		r obunines of the Organisation re	n Economic Co
	Education For Life: the achievements of 15- year olds in Ireland in the second cycle of PISA	Cosgrove, J., Shiel, G., Sofroniou, S., Zastrutzki, S., & Shortt, F. (ERC)	This report sets out the achievements of 15-year olds in Ireland in relation to reading literacy, mathematical literacy, scientific literacy and problem solving.	2005

	Ready For Life?: the literacy achievements of	Gerry Shiel, Jude Cosgrove, Nick Sofroniou & Amy	The purpose of this national report on literacy is to provide a more detailed description	2001
	Irish 15-year olds with comparative international data (also included in ERC section)	Kelly. (ERC)	and interpretation of the performance of Irish students, and to consider how the outcome of PISA might contribute to the development of educational policy in Ireland.	
DES	At Work in School: part-time employment among second- level students (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	The study examined the balances between part-time work and full-time study for second-level students, and the impact of such work on student outcomes.	2005
DES	Continuing Education and Training (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	This project exploited a series of questions relating to educational attainment and participation in continuing education and training included in the Living in	2005

			Ireland Panel surveys (LIPS) from 1994-1998. It explored 'who participates in CET and what are the determinants of such participation?' and 'what are the labour market outcomes of participation in CET', placing this in a comparative perspective.	
DES	Reading Literacy in Disadvantaged Primary Schools	Eivers, E., Shiel, G., & Shortt, F. (ERC)	These reports set out the results of a study of reading standards in designated disadvantaged schools. The	2004
	Literacy in Disadvantaged Primary Schools: problems and solutions		terms of reference for the study were to obtain baseline data on the reading achievement of pupils in First, Third and Sixth classes in a representative sample of	2005
	(also included in ERC section)		designated disadvantaged schools, using an appropriate reading test; identify variables associated with the reading	

			achievement of these pupils; and make recommendations that would facilitate reaching the targets for reading literacy specified in the National Anti-Poverty Strategy. The second report is designed for a general audience and summarises the findings of the first report.	
DES	Transition Year Programme: an assessment (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	The study provided a comprehensive examination of the operation of the Transition Year programme using information gathered from school principals, teachers and students. The research explored the types of schools which provide Transition Year; the content of the programme in different school settings; the views of stakeholders on the	2004

			programme; and highlighted best practice in the operation of the programme.	
DES	Views of the Irish Public on Education: 2004 Survey (also included in ERC section)	Kellaghan, T., McGee, P., Millar, D., & Perkins, R. (ERC)	The report consists of the results of a national survey of the public's perceptions of Irish education, carried out in the context of the 'Your Education System' process. The survey comprised of a face-to-face interview with a nationally representative sample of 1,511 individuals aged 15+, and was carried out in June/July 2004.	2004

DES	young people. 2002 Annual	d the post-school educ	The report is based on young	t experiences of 2003
	School Leaver's Survey of 2000/2001 leavers		people who left school in 2000/2001.	

	2004 Annual School Leaver's Survey of 2002/2003 leavers		This report is based on young people who left school in 2002/2003.	2006
	2006 Annual School Leaver's Survey of 2003/2004 leavers (also included in ESRI section)		This project involved a survey, analysis and interpreted report on those leaving the second level system in the 2003/2004 academic year.	2007
			A fourth report based on those who left second level education in the 2004/2005 academic year is underway.	
DES	Early Start Evaluation: report on observation visits to schools	Mary Lewis & Peter Archer. (ERC)	As part of an integrated approach to problems of disadvantage in designated schools, Early Start was	2003
	Further		established in eight locations in the 1994/1995 school year	2002

	Evaluation of Early Start: progress report (also included in ERC section)		and in a further 32 locations in the following year to provide for three-year old preschool children. This evaluation consists of observation of classroom practice and supplements previous evaluations on the programme. A progress report was published in 2002, with the main report being finalised in 2003.	
DES	Expanding post- school learning opportunities: nature and	ESRI	This study looked at the changes in participation in further education and training for school leavers who did not	2003

	effects of growth in post-school education/training in the 1990s (also included in ESRI section)		immediately go on to third level education.	
DES	Review of the	Archer, P., &	This review examines a	2003
DEG	Home-School- Community Liaison Scheme	Shortt, F. (ERC)	number of issues related to the Home-School-Community Liaison scheme as part of a	2003

	(also included in ERC section)		number of reviews being carried out under the Strategic Management Initiative (SMI).	
DES	The Evaluation of Breaking the Cycle: a follow-up of the achievements of 6th class pupils in urban schools in 2003 (also included in ERC section)	Weir, S. (ERC)	The Breaking the Cycle Scheme was introduced in 1996/1997 to 33 urban schools to assist them in addressing problems associated with catering for large numbers of pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds. An evaluation of the scheme was published in May 2002. This follow-up report focuses on documenting the results of follow-up testing of 6th class pupils in 2003. (Unlike the 6th class cohorts tested on previous occasions, the majority of pupils in the 2003 cohort should have benefited from the key provisions of the scheme, including junior education in small classes).	2003

DES	The Breaking the Cycle Scheme in Urban Schools:	Weir, S., Milis, L., & Ryan, C. (ERC)	The Breaking the Cycle Scheme was introduced in 1996/1997 to 33 urban	2002
	final evaluation		schools to assist them in	
	final evaluation report. Interim Report on the Evaluation of the Breaking the Cycle Scheme in Urban Schools (also included in ERC section)	Weir, S., & Ryan, C. (ERC)	schools to assist them in addressing problems associated with catering for large numbers of pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds. Among the aims of the evaluation of the scheme was to assess the scheme's overall effectiveness and to identify models of good practice. An evaluation report in 1998 provided information in the year before the scheme began and in its first year of operation. An interim report in 2000 described some of the early effects of the scheme, and provided baseline data for the Junior Cycle completion rates of a cohort of pupils who had received their primary education in the selected schools prior to the introduction of the scheme.	2000
			The 2002 report describes the scheme's effects on	

			participants over the five years of its pilot phase.	
DES	The Breaking the Cycle Scheme in Rural Schools : final evaluation report	Weir, S., Milis, L., & Ryan, C. (ERC)	The Breaking the Cycle Scheme was introduced in 1996/1997 to 123 rural schools to assist them in addressing problems associated with catering for	2002
	Interim Report on the Evaluation of the Breaking the Cycle Scheme in Rural Schools (also included in ERC section)	Weir, S., & Ryan, C. (ERC)	pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds. Among the aims of the evaluation of the scheme was to assess the scheme's overall effectiveness and to identify models of good practice. An evaluation report in 1998 provided information in the year before the scheme began and in its first year of operation. An interim report in 2000 described some of the early effects of the scheme, and provided baseline data for the Junior Cycle completion rates of a cohort of pupils who had	2000
			received their primary education in the selected	

			schools prior to the introduction of the scheme. The 2002 report describes the scheme's effects on participants over the five years of its pilot phase.	
DES	An Evaluation of the Sole Use of Short-answer Tests in Apprenticeship Examinations. (also included in ERC section)	Kellaghan, T., Morgan, M., Fitzpatrick, M., & Millar, D. (ERC)	The training of craft apprentices follows a programme agreed between the Department of Education and Science and FÁS. This programme includes two phases of block-release by employers to Institutes of Technology and a small number of other educational institutions. During and at the end of these phases in the educational system, apprentices are evaluated by means of assessments or examinations. The methodology used in these written tests is the subject of the evaluation. This research project is confined to	2002

			written tests and does not embrace practical tests.	
DES	Who chooses Science?: Subject take-up in second level schools (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	This drew on a national survey of over 4,000 students to identify the factors which influence student take-up of Chemistry, Physics, Biology and higher level Mathematics for Leaving Certificate.	2002
DES	The Irish Graduate Labour Market: A Six- Year Follow-Up Survey of Third Level Graduates from 1992 (also included in ESRI section)	V Gash, Philip O'Connell (ESRI)	This report covered the results of a six-year follow-up of third level graduates to examine labour market outcomes among young people in a changing economic and social climate.	2000
DES	Characteristics of Early School Leavers: Results	Eivers, E., Ryan, E., & Brinkley A. (ERC)	In November 1998, the Department of Education and Science commissioned the	2000

	of Research Strand of the 8- to 15-year old Early School Leavers Initiative (also included in ERC section)		ERC to conduct a study on early school leavers as part of the 8 to 15 year old Early School Leavers Initiative.	
DES	A Case Study Analysis of Service Provision for "At Risk" Children and Young People (also included in ERC section)	Eivers, E., & Ryan, E. (ERC)	As part of the 8 to 15 year old Early School Leavers Initiative, the Department of Education and Science commissioned the ERC to examine service provision for at risk children and young people. The aims of the research were to examine the integration of mainstream and targeted preventative and support services in schools and of existing services between schools and other statutory and voluntary agencies in the	2000

			school/community catchment area.	
NCGE / DES / EU Employment Youthstart Programme	Reaching Out: The Provision of Guidance and Support Services by Programmes / Projects for Early School Leavers and Young People at Risk in Ireland (also included in NCGE section)	Sarah Ryan	The research project examined guidance provision in all programmes/ projects targeted at early school leavers, and also incorporated responses from those working with initiatives aimed at preventing early school leaving.	2000

AN CHOMHAIRLE UM OIDEACHAS GAELTACHTA AGUS GAELSCOLAÍOCHTA

The list of research projects which have been supported by An Chomhairle Um Oideachas Gaeltachta agus Gaelscolaíochta (COGG) and completed since 2000 is included at Table 1.

If further information is required in relation to a particular project or on COGG generally, please refer to the COGG website in the first instance (www.cogg.ie). If further assistance is required please contact Pól Ó Cainín.

Contact details:

Pól Ó Cainín Cúntóir Taighde agus Foilsiúcháin

Address: An Chomhairle um Oideachas Gaeltachta & Gaelscolaíochta

22 Plás Mhic Liam Baile Átha Cliath 2

 Ríomhphost:
 Pol@cogg.ie

 Teil:
 01 6340831

 Faics:
 01 6340831

Table 1 : Taighde curtha i gcrích / Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
COGG	Cruinneas na Gaeilge scríofa sna hiar- bhunscoileanna lánGhaeilge i mBaile Átha Cliath	Clare Walsh	Déanann an taighde seo scrúdú ar Ghaeilge scríofa na ndaltaí in iar-bhunscoileanna Bhaile Átha Cliath le feiceáil cad iad na fadhbanna atá acu sa scríbhneoireacht. This research examines the written Irish of pupils in all-Irish primary schools based in Dublin in order to ascertain any issues that may be apparent in their Irish writing skills.	Will be published shortly

COGG	Loobhair Caailga	Jacqueline de Brún	Co coethar ago pláitear na	2007
0000	Leabhair Gaeilge do Pháistí	Jacquellile de Bruff	Sa saothar seo pléitear na leabhair a thaitníonn le páistí	2001
	uu riiaisti		-	
			agus na próisis a bhíonn ag	
			foilsitheoirí leabhar Gaeilge a	
			roghnú do pháistí. Pléitear	
			straitéisí foghlama na	
			léitheoireachta agus na	
			cúiseanna nach bhfuil páistí	
			sásta leabhair Ghaeilge a	
			léamh ar a gconlán féin.	
			This study examines how	
			publishers choose Irish books	
			for children; their learning	
			strategies for reading; and the	
			reasons why many children	
			are not disposed to read Irish	
			books of their own accord.	

COGG	Oideachas agus Forbairt Ghairmiúil Leanúnach múinteoirí i scoileanna Gaeltachta agus Ián-Ghaeilge	Pádraig Ó Duibhir	Díríonn an taighde seo ar oideachas múinteoirí agus ar thacaíocht ionghairme le teagasc tríd an dara teanga i gcoitinne. Tá an phríomhbhéim ar mhúineadh na Gaeilge trí chéile. Déantar iniúchadh ar an soláthar in Éirinn i láthair na huaire d'oideachas na múinteoirí i scoileanna Gaeltachta agus lan-Ghaeilge an mbunleibhéal agus an dara leibhéal. This research focuses on teacher training and inservice support for teaching through the Irish language.	2006
COGG	Tuairisc ar Shéideán Sí	le Pól Ó Cainín, Pádraig Ó Duibhir agus David Millar	Rinneadh staidéar ar úsáid Shéideán Sí sna bunscoileanna agus cuireadh ceisteanna ar mhúinteoirí faoi cén dearcadh a bhí acu faoin áis oideachasúíl seo. This study examined the use of, and teachers' attitudes to, Séideán Sí in primary schools.	2006

COGG	Staidéar ar an Tumoideachas	hEoghan Mac Éinrí	Pléann an t-údar an taighde náisiúnta agus an taighde idirnáisiúnta is déanaí ar thaithí an tumoideachais agus scrúdaíonn sé dea-chleachtas sa réimse seo. Ina dhiaidh sin, tá moltaí ann maidir le cás na hÉireann. This study examines recently published national and international research on the subject of immersion education, including best practice and makes recommendations for the Irish education system.	2006
COGG	Soláthar Múinteoirí do na Bunscoileanna Lán-Ghaeilge	Caoimhe Máirtín	Bhailigh an tuarascáil seo eolas faoi staid reatha na múinteoirí sna Gaelscoileanna. Rinne sí iniúchadh ar an ngéarchéim i soláthar oidí. Léirigh sí é agus mhínigh sí cad ba chúis léi.	2006

			This report focussed on teachers working in Irish medium primary schools.	
COGG	An Ghaeilge sna Coláistí Oideachais	Niall Ó Murchadha	Is tuairisc taighde í seo ar úsáid agus mhúineadh na Gaeilge sna Coláistí Oideachais. Pléann an t-údar úsáid na Gaeilge le mic léinn agus le léachtóirí agus déanann sé moltaí le cur le héifeacht mhúineadh na teanga sna coláistí. Tá cur síos ar choinníollacha iontrála ón dara leibhéal freisin. This research focussed on the use of, and teaching of, Gaeilge in the Colleges of Education. The author discusses the use of Gaeilge with students and lecturers and makes recommendations aimed at improving the effectiveness of the teaching of the language in Colleges of Education.	2005

COGG	Staid Reatha na Scoileanna Gaeltachta 2004	Seosamh Mac Donnacha, Fiona Ní Chualáin, Aoife Ní Shéaghdha, Treasa Ní Mhainín, (Acadamh na hOllscolaíochta Gaeilge, Ollscoil na hÉireann, Gaillimh agus An Díseart, An Daingean)	Ba í aidhm na tuarascála seo staidéar staitistiúil cainníochtúil a dhéanamh chun pictiúr cruinn cuimsitheach de staid reatha na scoileanna Gaeltachta a fháil, go háirithe maidir leis an nGaeilge. Bunaíodh an taighde ar cheistneoir a cuireadh chuig Príomhoidí scoileanna Gaeltachta i Samhain 2003 agus chuig Príomhoidí iarbhunscoileanna in Eanáir 2004. This report consists of a quantitative statistical study aimed at providing a clear and comprehensive picture of the current state of Gaeltacht schools, especially in relation	2005

			to the Irish language. The research was based on questionnaires which issued to school principals in 2003 and 2004.	
COGG	Staid Reatha na Scoileanna Gaeltachta: Léargas ó na Príomhoidí, na Muinteoirí agus na Tuismitheoirí	Seosamh Mac Donnacha, B.S., M.Sc.	Labhair an taighdeoir le príomhoidí, múinteoirí agus tuismitheoirí le fáil amach cén dearcadh a bhí acu faoi staid reatha na scoileanna agus is í an tuarascáil seo an toradh. This study examined the attitudes of principals, teachers and parents to schools based in the Gaeltacht.	2005
COGG	An Ghaeilge sa Chóras Oideachais Tríú Leibhéal – Cláir Léinn ar leith.	Seán Ó Duinnshléibhe	Taighde a rinneadh ar an aitheantas a thugtar don Ghaeilge agus/nó don dátheangachas i gcláir léinn a chuireann oiliúint ar dhaoine	2004

do ghairmeacha ina mbeidh teagmháil acu le daltaí scoile.
This research project examines the recognition given to the Irish language and bilingualism in the syllabae of third level courses where training is provided for professionals who will have contact with children in schools.

CENTRE FOR EARLY CHILDHOOD DEVELOPMENT AND EDUCATION (CECDE)

The list of ongoing research projects being supported by the CECDE is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of research projects which have been supported by the CECDE and completed since 2000.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the CECDE generally, please refer to the CECDE website in the first instance (www.cecde.ie). If further assistance is required please contact Peadar Cassidy.

Contact details:

Peadar Cassidy Information Officer

Address: Centre for Early Childhood Development and Education

Gate Lodge

St. Patrick's College

Drumcondra Dublin 9

Website: www.cecde.ie

Email: Peadar.Cassidy@spd.dcu.ie

Tel: 01 8842113 Fax: 01 8842111

Table 1 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
CECDE	Parental Involvement in Early Years Education	Anne Boyle (Ph.D Thesis Student)	The research will explore parental involvement in early years education, with particular reference to Traveller children.	2008
CECDE	The Case for Play	Carmel Brennan (Ph.D Thesis Student)	The study to date involves a review of some of the vast body of literature on children's play and aims to describe and evaluate theoretical perspectives, clarify the position of the researcher, identify research gaps and help to focus a research question.	2008
CECDE	Assessment of Learning in Young Children	Mary Irving (Ph.D Thesis Student)	This research will examine a number of issues related to the assessment of learning in young children.	2008

CECDE	Building Bridges: an investigation into the transition from preschool to school for children in Ireland	Mary O'Kane (Ph.D Thesis Student)	This project will investigate some of the issues that children in Ireland, and their families, face during the period of transition from preschool to formal schooling. It will also establish what policies and practices are currently in place in Irish preschools and schools to aid the smooth transition between the two settings.	2008

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
CECDE (Research Series 2006)	Synergy – An Exploration of High Quality Early Intervention for Children with Special Needs in Diverse Early Childhood Care and Education Settings	North Tipperary Early Intervention Service and Health Services Executive - West	This study consisted of a nine-month qualitative and quantitative exploration of quality early intervention for children with special needs in diverse rural settings in North Tipperary.	2006
CECDE (Research Series 2006)	In-Career Development Programme for Staff and Management of Traveller Pre- Schools	Barnardos and INTO Professional Development Unit	The purpose of this project was to develop and implement an in-career development programme for the teachers and members of the management committees of Traveller Pre-Schools. It encouraged the development of practice and skills for those working in Traveller preschools and contained a	2006

CECDE (Research Series 2006)	Early Assessment and Intervention in Educational Disadvantage	Laura Hanlon and Nóirín Hayes (Centre for Social & Educational Research, Dublin Institute of Technology)	built-in evaluative aspect to allow dynamic on-going training and career development. This research involved the development of a framework for the identification of children at risk of educational disadvantage in the birth to three age range in rural areas. It also contained guidelines for the framework and recommendations	2006
			relating to the design of best practice interventions for families and children of 0-3	
CECDE (Research Series 2006)	In Search of Quality: multiple perspectives	Karen Mahony and Nóirín Hayes (Centre for Social and Educational Research, Dublin Institute of Technology)	This project involved approaching multiple stakeholders in early childcare and capturing their views as to the meaning of quality through interviews and focus groups. This included parents, children, childcare staff, national policy representatives, and representatives from County Childcare Committees and	2006

			National Voluntary Organisations. The project also examined observable quality using a combination of the Early Childhood Environmental Rating Scale and the Infant/Toddler Environment Rating Scale.	
CECDE (Research Series	Early Years Provision for	Project Team : Emer Kelleher,	This project provided an overview and analysis of the	2006
2006)	Children from	Anne McGough, Dr	current provision in Ireland for	
	Birth to Six	Jean Ware	children with special needs,	
	Years with Special Needs	Project Associates: Dr Georgina Julian	and examined the relationship between types of intervention	
	in Two	Georgia Dissou	and factors for early	
	Geographical	(Special Education	intervention.	
	Areas in Ireland	Department, St		
		Patrick's College,		
		Drumcondra)		

COMBAT POVERTY AGENCY

The list of ongoing research projects being supported by the Combat Poverty Agency is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of research projects which have been supported by the Agency and completed since 2000.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the Combat Poverty Agency generally, please refer to the Agency website in the first instance (www.combatpoverty.ie). If further assistance is required please contact Joanne Mulholland.

Contact details:

Joanne Mulholland Research Administrator

Address: Combat Poverty Agency

Bridgewater Centre Conyngham Road

Islandbridge Dublin 8

Website: www.combatpoverty.ie/research

E-mail: research@combatpoverty.ie / joanne.mulholland@combatpoverty.ie

Tel(direct): 01 6026633 Tel(main): 01 6706746 Fax: 01 6706760

Table 1: Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
Combat Poverty Agency	The Role of Ability Grouping in Educational Disadvantage	Allison Dunne (European University Institute)	This research will examine the relationship between educational stratification and educational opportunities in modern industrial societies. The objective is to contribute to the research on how differentiation within education systems contributes to societal stratification through differentiated educational opportunities. The study will include a descriptive analysis of stratification in education systems and a more detailed look at the mechanisms involved in differentiating students in second level schooling.	Funding for 3 of 4 academic years i.e. from 2006/2007 to 2008/2009. PhD due for completion 2009/2010.

Combat Poverty Agency	Where next? Mapping and Understanding the Post First Degree Destinations of Mature Disadvantaged Students in Three Higher Education Institutions	Ted Fleming (NUI Maynooth) Andrew Loxley (TCD) Aiden Kenny (DIT)	The research will explore the post first-degree destinations (employment, postgraduate education or otherwise) of students designated as being 'mature disadvantaged'. The study will measure the economic, social and personal benefit of their participation in higher education and identify barriers to further progression in their career or graduate studies. The three higher education institutions involved are NUI Maynooth, Trinity College Dublin and Dublin Institute of Technology.	2008

Combat Poverty Agency	Sociolinguistic Perspectives on the Context of Schooling in Ireland (Vol. 2) – Parent Perceptions	Dr. Áine Cregan (Centre for Educational Disadvantage Research, Mary Immaculate College, Limerick)	This research working paper will focus on the parent / teacher dimension to the research on 'From Difference to Disadvantage <i>Talking Posh</i> Sociolinguistic Perspectives in the Context of Schooling in Ireland'.	2008
Combat Poverty Agency	To be determined	Jo-Hanna Ivers Jim Walsh	The study will examine the financial impact of school books on low-income families. It will look at the role of the school books grant scheme in assisting with these costs and aims to identify improvements that could be made to the scheme.	2008

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
Combat Poverty Agency (PRI Research Award funding – Research Working Paper 07/03)	From Difference to Disadvantage Talking Posh Sociolinguistic Perspectives in the Context of Schooling in Ireland	Dr. Áine Cregan (Centre for Educational Disadvantage Research, Mary Immaculate College, Limerick)	Using designated disadvantaged schools, the study investigated the prevalence of language variation by analysing the density of 'literate' style features in children's oral language when engaged in school talking tasks (eg. narratives, definitions); developed insights into awareness of language variation among children and teachers; and examined the implications of the findings for academic and literacy success. A case study of four schools (three designated as disadvantaged and one in a middle-class setting) was undertaken.	2007

	T	T	T	1
Combat Poverty	Assessing Student	Dr. Pauline Conroy, Helen O'Leary	This research was carried out under the auspices of the	2006
Agency	Learning Opportunities in Community Development in Ireland	Advisor: Professor Majorie Mayo	Having Your Say Programme 2005-2007, a programme designed to promote the voices of the poor in the policymaking process. It involved compiling information regarding the numbers of community development courses in the higher education sector in Ireland; and assessing the opportunities provided for	2007 update available on web only
Combat Poverty	Free-time and	Tine Byrne	policy learning. The main objective of the	2006
Agency	Leisure Needs	Elizabeth Nixon	study was to investigate the	
(PRI Research Award funding –	of Young	Paula Mayock	free-time and leisure needs of	
Research	People Living in Disadvantaged	Jean Whyte (Children's	young people aged 12-18 years living in areas	
Working Paper	Communities	Research Centre,	designated as socially and	
06/02)		Trinity College Dublin)	economically disadvantaged.	
Combat Poverty	Opening Doors:	Sandra Gowran	This project involved the	2005
Agency / CDVEC	school and	(CDVEC	development of guidelines	
Curriculum	community	Curriculum	intended for use in Social,	
Development	partnership in	Development Unit)	Political and Education	

Unit	poverty awareness and social education initiatives		Initiatives (in particular, poverty awareness education) within the second-level curriculum.	
Combat Poverty Agency (PRI Research Award funding – Research Working Paper 05/01)	After-school Care in Disadvantaged Areas: the perspectives of children, parents and experts	Eilis Hennessy and Mary Donnelly (UCD)	The study investigated whether socio-emotional and academic development benefits which generally accrue to those participating in group-based after-school services extend to children and families in disadvantaged communities in Ireland. A total of 32 children (6 to 12 years) attending after-school clubs and their families took part in the study, The School Age Care Environment Rating Scale (SACERS) was used to provide a standardised assessment of the service offered by the club.	2005

Combat Poverty	Researching	Anne Byrne, John	Responding to ideological	2004
Agency (PRI Research Award funding – Working Paper)	Our Lives	Canavan and Michelle Millar (NUI Galway)	and methodological challenges to democratise research processes and practices, this paper examined the process of establishing collaborative research partnerships while assessing a methodological adaptation of the Voice Centred Relational (VCR) method of data analysis. The VCR method was used to interpret data on different experiences of school with a particular focus on early school leaving among a group of teenagers in a rural area in the West of Ireland.	

Combat Poverty Agency / CDVEC Curriculum Development Unit	Poverty Awareness in the Classroom: a call to action	Gary Granville (National College of Art and Design) Rose Malone (NUI Maynooth)	This project explored how poverty awareness education can contribute to social justice and curriculum development. It involved working directly with teachers of the Leaving Certificate Vocational Programme and also with teachers of the Civic, Social and Political Education at Junior Cycle level to enable them to work with their students on poverty related issues. The aim of the project was to enable students to understand and make judgements about the causes, effects and solutions to poverty and the underlying distribution of resources and power in Ireland.	2001

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL RESEACH INSTITUTE

The list of ongoing education-related research projects being conducted by the ESRI is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of research projects which have been conducted in the education area by the ESRI and completed since 2000.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the ESRI generally, please refer to the ESRI website in the first instance (www.esri.ie). If further assistance is required please contact the ESRI directly (details below).

Contact details:

Address: Educational Policy Research Centre

Economic and Social Research Institute

Whitaker Square

Sir John Rogerson's Quay

Dublin 2

Website: www.esri.ie

Email: info@esri.ie

Tel: 01 8632000 Fax: 01 8632100

Table 1 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
HEA	The Costs of Participating in Higher Education for Students from Diverse Backgrounds (also included in HEA section)	ESRI	This research will consist of a study on the costs associated with attending college for an increasingly diverse student population. It will examine costs over a range of course disciplines, at both graduate and postgraduate level, for a broad cross-section of students, including those with no financial support from the family, mature students, students with dependants and students with a disability. It is intended that the findings of this study will inform the development of future policy on financial support for further and higher education students in Ireland.	2008

NCCA and	The studies below	The studies below consist of follow-up studies to the longitudinal study involving following a				
GEMC	group of 900 stud	group of 900 students in 12 case study schools.				
	Longitudinal	ESRI	Because of student	2008		
	study of second-		participation in Transition			
	level students:		Year, this study is being			
	the transition		carried out over two phases			
	into senior cycle		covering the student cohort in			
			fifth and sixth year. The study			
	(also included in		will address a number of key			
	NCCA and		issues relating to senior cycle			
	GEMC sections)		education including the nature			
			of student learning			
			experiences during TY; the			
			factors which influence			
			students' choice of subjects			
			and subject level in fifth year;			
			the variations in experiences			
			of teaching and learning			
			across the different senior			
			cycle programmes; and the			
			process of adjusting to the			
			transition to senior cycle.			
NCCA	Parental		This study will explore	2008		
	perspectives on		parental perspectives on the			
	the transition to		transition of students to senior			
	senior cycle		cycle. It involves a survey of			
			parents along with in-depth			
			qualitative interviews. This			

	Early school leavers: a follow-up study (also included in NCCA section)		study will provide a vital complement to the information provided by the student cohort. This project involves a specific follow-up study of early school leavers from among the student cohort included in the longitudinal study of second-level students. In-depth one-to-one interviews will be carried out with early school leavers focusing on their reasons for leaving school, their reflections of school life and their current situation.	2008
HEA	Reasons for Low Participation in Higher Education by the Non-manual Socio-Economic Group (also included in HEA section)	ESRI	The key aim of this study will be to produce a more thorough understanding of educational participation among young people from the non-manual group in order to better understand how the group can be supported in gaining access to, and successfully completing, higher education.	2008

R&D Committee	Designing Primary Schools for the Future (also included under R&D Committee section)	ESRI	The key objective of this project is to assess the implications for primary school building design of current and anticipated future developments in teaching and learning methods, tools and technologies. The project will involve a systematic review of international experience regarding these issues and interviews with key educational stakeholders and will result in the development of a brief for a model "school of the future"; this will not be a set of technical architectural plans but rather a document incorporating an educational needs analysis which will inform the Department's Design Guidelines for Primary Schools.	2008

R&D Committee	Managing Diversity in Schools: integration of newcomer students in first and second level schools (also included under R&D Committee section)	ESRI	This study will explore the issues facing primary and second-level schools in catering for the educational needs of diverse groups of pupils. The study will encompass a postal survey of school principals combined with detailed case studies of individual schools.	2008
NCCA	Research on	ECDI	The research will feeus on the	2008
NCCA	Participation in and Progression from the Leaving	ESRI	The research will focus on the participation and progression rates across a number of cohorts of LCA students with particular reference to those	2008

	Certificate Applied (also included under NCCA section)		who leave the programme before the end of Year 2 (do not take the final exams); proceed to the world of work; proceed to further education; and proceed to higher education.	
OMC (in conjunction with the Department of Social and Family Affairs and the Central Statistics Office)	'Growing Up in Ireland' – National Longitudinal Study of Children in Ireland (also included under OMC section)	ESRI and Children's Research Centre, TCD	This study aims to provide a database for a comprehensive understanding of Irish children's development. The research will focus on 18,000 children (8,000 nine-year-olds and 10,000 nine-month-olds) over seven years. At least two sweeps of data collection are envisaged for both groups.	Commenced in April 2006. First results due 2008. The overall project will run for 7 years. Depending on how the project rolls out it may be extended beyond that period.
DES	2007 School Leaver' Survey (also included under DES	ESRI	This project will involve a survey, analysis and interpreted report on those leaving the second level system in the 2004/2005	2009

section)	academic year. The survey will comprise a sample of leavers from the academic year 2004/2005 who left up to and including Leaving Certificate and/or PLC. The survey will include a substantial over-sampling of early leavers and also the Leaving Certificate Applied and Leaving Certificate
	and Leaving Certificate Vocational Programme
	groups, to allow particular focus on these groups.

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
NEWB	Attendance and Students' School Experiences and Later Life Chances (also included in NEWB section)	ESRI	The study aims at providing a comprehensive overview of literature and existing data in the broad area of attendance and improving the understanding of issues around attendance. The study highlights a number of priorities for policy and research and will guide the NEWB's strategy to deal with school attendance. It is a foundational piece to the development of guidelines for schools on attendance strategies.	2007

DES	This project outline young people.	ed the post-school edu	cation, training and labour marke	et experiences of
	2002 Annual School Leaver's Survey of 2000/2001 leavers	ESRI	The report is based on young people who left school in 2000/2001.	2003
	2004 Annual School Leaver's Survey of 2002/2003 leavers		This report is based on young people who left school in 2002/2003.	2006
	2006 Annual School Leaver's Survey of 2003/2004 leavers (also included in DES section)		This project involved a survey, analysis and interpreted report on those leaving the second level system in the 2003/2004 academic year.	2007
			A fourth report based on	

			those who left second level education in the 2004/2005 academic year is underway.	
NCCA and GEMC	Longitudinal study of students from their transition to post- primary school to the completion of the Junior Certificate	ESRI	This project follows a group of 900 students in 12 case-study schools from their transition to post-primary school to the completion of the Junior Certificate. It was carried out in three phases.	
	Moving Up: The Experiences of First-year Students in Post-Primary Education		The first report entitled 'Moving Up' focuses on curriculum provision and school integration among first year students (Phase I).	2004
	Pathways Through the Junior Cycle		The second phase of the study looks at student experiences as they move into the second year of their junior cycle. It explores changes in student attitudes to school and to the different subject areas. The report of phase II is set out in 'Pathways Through the Junior	2005
	Gearing Up for		Cycle'.	2007

the Even?		
the Exam? (also included under NCCA and GEMC sections)	The third part of the study examines student experiences in their Junior Certificate year. It looks at teaching and learning in the lead-up to the examination and the factors influencing student performance at Junior Certificate level. This study forms the basis for a series of follow-up studies.	

R & D Committee	Guidance For All?: guidance provision in second-level schools (also included in R&D Committee section)	ESRI	This study explored variation across second-level schools in guidance provision. It was carried out in two phases, with phase one consisting of a postal survey of principals, guidance counsellors and personnel with guidance hours in 260 second-level schools, and phase 2 involving case study research in a number of schools identified from the postal survey as having varying types of guidance provision. The case-studies provided a detailed picture of the operation of guidance services on the ground within schools serving different groups of students.	2006

			This work contributed to the DES R&D Committee Review of Guidance Provision in Post-primary Schools.	
HEA	Who went to College in 2004?: a national survey of new entrants to higher education (also included in HEA section)	ESRI in conjunction with Fitzpatrick Associates	The purpose of this study was to examine the pattern of entry to higher education in Ireland. It was based on a national survey of all those who enrolled as new entrants to higher education in October 2004 and was the fifth national survey of new entrants to higher education that has been undertaken on behalf of the HEA since 1980.	2006
HEA	Eurostudent Survey II : Irish Report on the	ESRI	The Irish Report of the Eurostudent Survey was designed to present detailed	2006

	Social and Living Conditions of Higher Education Students 2003/2004 (also included under HEA section)		information on the social and economic conditions of students participating in higher education. The aim of the study was to document students' experiences in terms of their accommodation situation, sources of income, expenditure levels and overall well-being.	
Forfás and the Expert Group on Future Skills Needs	Data Analysis of 'In-Employment Education and Training in Ireland'	ESRI	The study analysed the available data in regard to participation in vocational education and training by those in employment in Ireland. The study covered both public and private expenditure, provided an international comparative perspective on in-employment education and training and indicated existing gaps in the current availability of relevant data.	2005

GEMC	Gender and Subject Choice: Take-up of Technological Subjects in Second-level Education (also included in GEMC section)	ESRI	The study examined the role of school provision, school policy and student choice in shaping gender differences in the take-up of the technological subjects. It drew on the perspectives of school principals, guidance counsellors, teachers and students themselves.	2005
D/JELR	Degrees of Equality: Gender Pay Differentials among Recent Graduates	ESRI	This study examined the distribution of pay and other rewards among recent male and female graduates. In particular, the way in which earnings are influenced by educational characteristics, institutional characteristics, and individual work values and preferences was investigated and the role of gender in these processes was examined.	2005

HEA	A Review of Higher Education Participation in 2003 (also included under HEA section)	Fitzpatrick Associates & ESRI	This study reported on new entrants to higher education in Ireland in 2003. The main purpose of the report was to contribute to the information base available to decision makers in relation to participation in and access to higher education in Ireland.	2005
DES	At Work in School: part-time employment among second- level students (also included in DES section)	ESRI	The study examined the balances between part-time work and full-time study for second-level students, and the impact of such work on student outcomes.	2005
DES	Continuing Education and	ESRI	This project exploited a series of questions relating to	2005

	Training (also included in DES section)		educational attainment and participation in continuing education and training included in the Living in Ireland Panel surveys (LIPS) from 1994-1998. It explored 'who participates in CET and what are the determinants of such participation?' and 'what are the labour market outcomes of participation in CET', placing this in a comparative perspective.	
HEA	Potential Supply of Mature Students to Higher Education (also included in HEA section)	ESRI	The main objectives of this study were to estimate the numbers of adults without third-level qualifications in the Irish population; to provide a profile of this group in terms of socio-demographic characteristics; to place patterns of mature student participation in higher education in Ireland within a	2004

			broader European and international context; and to identify the factors and structures which may inhibit or enable the participation of adult learners in higher education.	
DES	Transition Year Programme: an assessment (also included in DES section)	ESRI	The study provided a comprehensive examination of the operation of the Transition Year programme using information gathered from school principals, teachers and students. The research explored the types of schools which provide	2004

			Transition Year; the content of the programme in different school settings; the views of stakeholders on the programme; and highlighted best practice in the operation of the programme.	
R&D Committee	Comparative Study of Factors Influencing Retention in Second-level Disadvantaged Schools (also included in R&D Committee section)	ESRI and Rose Malone (NUI Maynooth)	This study examined central school level processes influencing pupil retention rates, particularly in disadvantaged areas.	2004
DES	Expanding post- school learning opportunities: nature and effects of growth in post-school education/training	ESRI	This study looked at the changes in participation in further education and training for school leavers who did not immediately go on to third level education.	2003

	in the 1990s (also included in DES section)			
DES	Who chooses Science?: Subject take-up in second level schools (also included in DES section)	ESRI	This drew on a national survey of over 4,000 students to identify the factors which influence student take-up of Chemistry, Physics, Biology and higher level Mathematics for Leaving Certificate.	2002
DES	The Irish Graduate Labour Market: A Six- Year Follow-Up Survey of Third Level Graduates	ESRI	This report covered the results of a six-year follow-up of third level graduates to examine labour market outcomes among young people in a changing	2000

from 1992	economic and social climate.	
(also included in DES section)		

EDUCATIONAL DISADVANTAGE COMMITTEE

The Educational Disadvantage Committee was set up by the then Minister for Education and Science, Michael Woods TD, in 2002, with a

three-year term of office, under section 32 of the Education Act (1998) "to advise the Minister on policies and strategies to be adopted to identify and correct educational disadvantage." The work of the committee not only focused on the education of children and young people in schools, but also examined educational disadvantage in the broader social context and with a lifelong learning perspective.

The terms of reference of the Committee included advising the minister on the following:

- the creation, co-ordination and implementation of new and existing initiatives
- the identification and commissioning of research and evaluation
- in-career development for teachers and other personnel serving the needs of those experiencing educational disadvantage
- the development of interdepartmental and inter-agency links with a view to ensuring greater cohesion among the initiatives catering for educational disadvantage.

Table 1 consists of the list of research projects which were supported by the Committee.

Table 1 : Completed research

Educational Disadvantage Committee	In October 2003, the ERC agreed to carry out two sets of research tasks for the Educational Disadvantage Committee. The first set involved analyses of the procedures for the selection of schools for the receipt of supports under initiatives of the Department of Education and Science to tackle disadvantage. The ERC reported on the results of these analyses to the EDC on a number of occasions including an oral presentation to the Committee in January 2004 and published the findings in two articles in the Irish Journal of Education as set out below. (also included in ERC section)			
	Identifying Disadvantage: a review of procedures for selecting schools for receipt of targeted support Irish Journal of Education, 2005, xxxvi, pp. 63-85	Susan Weir, Peter Archer (ERC)	The study examined the extent to which anomalies exist in the selection of schools for participation in various primary-level programmes and the overlap between schemes at post-primary level.	2004
	An Analysis of the Association Between Socioeconomic Context, Gender and Achievement Irish Journal of Education, 2004, xxxv, pp. 58-72	Nick Sofroniou, Peter Archer, Susan Weir (ERC)	The purpose of the study described in the paper was to investigate the existence of a social context effect, that is, the hypothesis that student achievement is negatively affected by the presence of	2004

disadvantage, with a parti 1. Update of the review of hÚallacháin and Morga 2. An overview of existing 3. A brief commentary on	cular focus on responses we feet the literature on the effect an (1995) report gevaluations of educational core aspects of the impler tent to which existing provi	increasing densities of students from disadvantaged backgrounds. a review of the current provisition formal schooling, included strategies conducted for all disadvantage programme mentation of Giving Childrents is in Ireland reflects the formal school in Ireland reflects the Ireland reflects	uded the following: or the Kellaghan, Weir, Ó s n an Even Break
Addressing Disadvantage: a review of the international literature and of the strategy in Ireland	Susan Weir, Peter Archer (ERC)	This paper contains an overview of the work of the ERC on the second set of tasks. It consists of an update of the literature review of the effective strategies conducted for the 1995 report referred to above (task 1) and a commentary on the extent to which existing provision in Ireland reflects the findings of this literature review (task 4). In addition, it	November 2004

		also contains summaries of the 2 reports (tasks 2 and 3) listed below.	
A Review of School- based Measures Aimed at Addressing Educational Disadvantage in Ireland	Susan Weir, Peter Archer (with Rita Flanagan) (ERC)	This report consists of an overview of selected programmes in the formal school sector which are aimed at addressing the problems of disadvantage at preschool, primary, and post-primary levels in Ireland.	2004
A Commentary on the Implementation of Giving Children an Even Break (GCEB)	Susan Weir (ERC)	The report contains a brief commentary on core aspects of the implementation of Giving Children an Even Break (GCEB). The first part of the report deals with the survey conducted by the ERC that was used to allocate resources in	2004

	GCEB. The second part looks at the extent to which key aspects of GCEB as announced at its launch have been implemented.
--	--

EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH CENTRE (ERC)

The list of ongoing research projects being conducted by the ERC (St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra) is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of research projects which have been conducted by the ERC and completed since 2000.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the ERC generally, please refer to the ERC website in the first instance (www.erc.ie). If further assistance is required please contact Mary Rohan.

Contact details:

Mary Rohan

Address: Educational Research Centre

St. Patrick's College

Drumcondra Dublin 9

E-mail: info@erc.ie Tel: 01 8065222 Fax: 01 8378997

Table 1 : Ongoing research

DES	Home-School- Community-	Lewis, M., and Archer, P.	Over the last ten years, the ERC has produced evaluation	2008 for current phase
	Liaison in Early	(ERC)	reports on various aspects of	ριιαδε
	Start Schools		the Early Start preschool	
			programme in schools in disadvantaged areas. This	
			work is ongoing and current	
	(also included in DES section)		evaluation objectives include the use of assessment	
	220 000001)		profiles by junior-infant	
			teachers in schools with Early Start units and the interface	
			between Early Start and the	
			Home-School-Community- Liaison (HSCL) scheme.	
			Liaison (noot) scheme.	

DES	An Evaluation of Giving Children an Even Break (also included in DES section)	ERC	In early 2007, the ERC submitted a draft report of an evaluation of some aspects of Giving Children an Even Break (GCEB) to the Department of Education and Science. The GCEB initiative involved allocation of extra staff to schools with the highest levels of disadvantage and financial grants on a sliding scale to almost all schools according to their assessed levels of disadvantage. The scope of the evaluation is limited to investigations of (i) how resources were used; (ii) the opinions of two groups of participants (principals of all schools and cluster coordinators for rural schools) on the operation of the initiative; and (iii) the extent to which positive discrimination with regard to class size has been achieved in GCEB schools.	2008

DES	Study of Disadvantage in Rural Schools (also included in DES section)	ERC	The ERC has embarked on a study of disadvantage in rural primary schools. The study has been prompted by the belief, supported by some empirical evidence, that educational disadvantage is qualitatively different in urban and rural areas. For example, the relationship between socioeconomic factors and educational outcomes is thought to be weaker in rural than in urban settings. Test data collected from rural schools as part of the evaluation of the School Supoport Programme (SSP) under DEIS is being used to examine the nature of disadvantage in rural areas. While the study represents an important step in arriving at an understanding of disadvantage in rural areas, a fuller understanding will not be possible without also collecting comparative test data from	

			schools that do not have high concentrations of pupils from poor backgrounds.	
DES	The Bonus for Irish in the Leaving Certificate Examination (also included in DES section)	ERC	Data on the bonuses awarded to candidates in the Leaving Certificate Examination for answering papers in Irish are being analysed. The purpose of the study is to determine the principal factors affecting the take up of Irish-medium papers, and the impact the bonuses have within the CAO points system. Data consist of (1) marks obtained by all Leaving Certificate candidates in Maths, French, History and Economics in the 2002 examination, (2) numbers of candidates requesting Irish-medium papers in these subjects at Higher and Ordinary levels (n = 2,063), (3) information on a variety of background variables, and (4) a random sample of scripts in Irish (n = 865).	2008

DEO (EDO		ED0		0000
DES / ERC	Early Screening and Diagnostic Reading Tests (also included in DES section)	ERC	In response to a need to identify children who are at risk of reading difficulties at an early stage in their schooling, the ERC is developing Early Screening and Diagnostic Reading Tests designed for use with children at the end of Senior Infants and the beginning of First class. The screening test is intended to be administered to groups of 8 to 10 pupils. The diagnostic test, which is individually administered, is designed for use with pupils identified by the screening test as being at risk.	2008

DES / ERC	Standardised Test Development (also included in DES section)	ERC	Development work on tests of Irish language began in early 2007. Two separate tests are under preparation – one for pupils in Gaeltacht schools and scoileanna lán-Ghaeilge, the other for pupils in ordinary schools. The tests will assess aspects of listening and reading, with reference to content themes and processes outlined in the 1999 Primary School Irish Curriculum. The tests should be available to schools from Spring 2009. Other current work on standardised tests includes the preparation of a revised manual containing information on mathematics subscales and proficiency	2009 for current phase

			levels for the <i>Drumcondra</i> Primary Mathematics Test – Revised (DPMT-R) and the development of proficiency levels for the <i>Drumcondra</i> Primary Reading Test – Revised (DPRT-R).	
DES	Teaching and Learning International Survey (TALIS) (also included in DES section)	ERC	TALIS is a survey of the learning environment and working conditions of teachers in post-primary (Junior Cycle) schools. Twenty- countries are participating. The main survey will take place in a representative national sample of 200 post-primary schools in Ireland, involving up to 4000 teachers. Principal and teachers will complete questionnaires in either paper or online format.	2009

DES	National Assessment of English Reading (also included in DES section)	ERC	The ERC has been asked to prepare for an assessment of English reading in nationally representative samples of pupils in second and sixth classes in 2009, as well as to repeat the assessment in fifth class, for comparative purposes, in the same year. Work in preparation for the 2009 assessment will begin in 2007, with a review of the 2004 assessment framework, and the development of new tests and questions for a pilot study in May 2008. The Centre will be assisted in its	2010 for current phase

			work on the 2009 national assessment of English reading by an advisory committee to be appointed by the Department of Education and Science.	
DES	National Assessment of Mathematics (also included in DES section)	ERC	The ERC is working on an assessment of mathematics in second and sixth classes in 2009, as well as a repeat of the fourth class assessment, for comparative purposes, in the same year. Work in preparation for the 2009 assessment will begin in 2007, with a review of the 2004 assessment framework, the development of new frameworks for the second and sixth classes, and the development of test items for a pilot study in May 2008.	2010 for current phase

	The Centre will be assisted in its work on the 2009 national assessment of mathematics achievement by an advisory committee to be appointed by the Department of Education and Science.
--	---

DES	Programme for	ERC	PISA is a multi-year	2010 for current
	International		assessment programme,	phase
	Student		developed jointly by member	
	Assessment		countries of the Organisation	
	(PISA)		for Economic Co-operation	
			and Development (OECD).	
	(also included in			
	DES section)		It is aimed at assessing the	
			broad educational	
			achievements in reading,	
			mathematics, and science of	
			15-year olds and their	
			preparedness for adult life.	
			Each cycle of PISA focuses	
			on a major achievement	
			domain (reading in 2000,	
			mathematics in 2003 and	
			science in 2006) and on two	
			or more minor domains.	
			Work is under you at the	
			Work is under way at the	
			Centre on PISA 2009, in	
			which reading will again be	
			the major focus. A computer-	
			based literacy test will be	
			included for the first time.	

DES	International Civics and Citizenship Education Study	ERC	Ireland is one of at least 37 countries participating in the ICCS. The purpose of this study is to investigate the	2010
	(ICCS) (also included in		ways in which young people are prepared to undertake their roles as citizens. The	

	DES section)		ICCS instruments will provide information on the achievement of second-year students in civics and citizenship education along two cognitive dimensions (knowing and reasoning). They will also provide affective data along the four dimensions of value beliefs, attitudes, behavioural intentions, and behaviours.	
DES	An Evaluation of the School Support Programme (SSP) under	ERC	Work commenced in 2007 on an evaluation of the SSP component of DEIS at primary and post-primary levels. The evaluation is	2011

DEIS	attempting to monitor the	
	implementation of the	
(also included in	programme and assess its	
DES section)	impact on students, families,	
,	schools, and communities.	
	The evaluation has a number	
	of elements including the	
	monitoring of change in	
	achievement and other pupil	
	outcomes over the period	
	2006/07 to 2009/10. Other	
	planned activities include	
	surveys of schools to assess	
	their progress in relation to	
	targets specified in their DEIS	
	action plans, and the extent to	
	which specific elements of the	
	scheme have been	
	implemented. The evaluation	
	will also focus on particular	
	groups of pupils in	
	participating schools. For	
	example, a study of pupils	
	showing early signs of	
	reading difficulties began in	
	October 2007.	

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
NEWB	Analysis of School Attendance Data at Primary and Post Primary Levels for 2005/2006 (also included in NEWB section)	ERC	Based on earlier research on attendance data for 2003/4 (Weir, 2004) and 2004/5 (Ó Briain, 2006), the new study will bring the existing database up to date and continue with the attempt to determine the varieties of non-attendance, their socioeconomic correlates, and their impact on students and schools.	Awaiting publication
	2003/2004 Anaylsis of School Attendance at Primary and Post Primary Schools (also included		This is the first comprehensive report on the levels of non-attendance at Irish schools. It summarises attendance data submitted by schools to the NEWB at the end of the 2003/2004 school year.	2004

	in NEWB section)			
DES	A Study of the Intended and Achieved Weights of Components in the Leaving Certificate Examination (also included in DES section)	Millar, D., Kellaghan, T., & Mac Aogáin, E. (ERC)	Issues relating to discrepancies between intended and achieved weights arise in the case of examinations which are made up of a number of components (e.g., written oral, and practical examinations) and in which marks awarded on the components are aggregated to provide an overall mark and grade for candidates. Analyses were carried out to determine the extent to which the weight that was intended to be assigned to performance on a component (inferred from the marks allotted to it) corresponded with the weight that was actually achieved (inferred from the contribution of the component to variance in the composite mark) in the case of six Leaving	2006

			certificate subjects: Agricultural Science, Art, Construction Studies, French, Irish, and Music. Statistically significant differences were found between intended and achieved weights for all subjects.	
DES	Irish in Primary Schools: long- term national trends in achievement (also included in DES section)	Harris, J., Forde, P., Archer, P., Nic Fhearaile, S., & O'Gorman, M. (ERC)	The Centre, in collaboration with Institiúid Teangeolaíochta Éireann (ITÉ), carried out a national assessment of the speaking, listening, and reading skills in Irish of sixth class pupils in primary schools. Field work for the assessment took place in 2002. Data were collected in all-Irish schools and schools in the Gaeltacht as well as in ordinary schools. Modified versions of tests used in previous studies by ITÉ were used to assess listening and speaking skills. A new test of Irish reading was developed at the Centre. Questionnaires	2006

			for teachers, parents, and pupils were also used. A comparison of achievement in listening and speaking in the present and in previous ITÉ studies revealed a very large decline in performance in ordinary schools and, to a lesser extent, in schools in the Gaeltacht. A report of the national assessment documents and tries to account for the changes in achievement. It also contains information on the new reading test and examines the relationship between achievement and a variety of home and school factors.	
DES / NCTE	NCTE 2005 Census on ICT Infrastructure in Schools: statistical report (also included in DES and NCTE sections)	Shiel, G., and O'Flaherty, A. (ERC)	This report details the findings of the 2005 National Centre for Technology in Education (NCTE) census on ICT infrastructure in schools. The 2005 census is the fourth in a series that began in 1998. The census reflects	2006

			the situation with regard to ICT infrastructure in schools in May/June 2005.	
NCCA	Primary Curriculum Review, Phase 2 (also included in NCCA section)	Dr. David Miller (ERC)	The research consists of sampling methodology for the review of the primary school curriculum in Irish, Science and Social, Personal and Health Education (SPHE).	2006
DES	Implementing the Revised Junior Certificate Science Syllabus: what teachers said (also included in DES section)	Eivers, E., Shiel, G., Cheevers, C. (ERC)	This paper examines the teaching of science to Junior Certificate students in post-primary schools in Ireland. It is based on responses to a questionnaire administered in early 2006 to those teaching Junior Certificate science in schools participating in the 2006 OECD Programme for International Student Assessment (PISA).	2006

			The present report, which is designed for a general audience, summarises key findings and recommendations from the research.	
DES	The 2004 National Assessment of Mathematics Achievement (also included in DES section) Counting on Success Mathematics	Paul Surgenor Gerry Shiel Seán Close David Millar (ERC)	The 2004 National Assessment of Mathematics Achievement (NAMA 2004) is the fifth in a series of national assessments of Mathematics in Irish primary schools, dating back to 1977, and the first since the introduction of the 1999 Primary School Curriculum: Mathematics. It involved	2006

DEO	Achievement in Irish Primary Schools (also included in DES section)		4,171 pupils in 4 th class in a representative national sample of 126 primary schools and was carried out in May 2004. The second report (Counting on Success) summarises the findings and recommendations of the report on NAMA 2004.	0005
DES	The 2005 National Assessment of English Reading (also included	Eivers, Shiel, Perkins & Cosgrove (ERC)	A National Assessment of English reading (NAER) in first and fifth classes was carried out in May, 2004, concurrently with a National Assessment of Mathematics Achievement (NAMA) in	2005

	in DES section		fourth class (4,171 pupils), in a probability sample of 152 schools. The report summarises the findings and recommendations of the report of the NAER 2004.	
DES	The 2004 National Assessment of English Reading	Eivers, E., Shiel, G., Perkins, R. and Cosgrove, J (ERC)	National assessments of English reading have been conducted in primary schools in Ireland since 1972. The 2004 survey is the sixth in the series, and	2005

DES Reading Eivers, E., Shiel, These reports set out the 2004
Treading Livers, E., Oniei, These reports set out the 2004

Disadvantaged Primary Schools Literacy in Disadvantaged Primary Schools: problems and solutions (also included in DES section)	(ERC)	standards in designated disadvantaged schools. The terms of reference for the study were to obtain baseline data on the reading achievement of pupils in First, Third and Sixth classes in a representative sample of designated disadvantaged schools, using an appropriate reading test; identify variables associated with the reading achievement of these pupils; and make recommendations that would facilitate reaching the targets for reading literacy specified in the National Anti-Poverty Strategy. The second report is designed for a general audience and summarises the findings of the first report.	2005
--	-------	---	------

	1			1
DES / OECD / PISA	programme, deve		ssessment (PISA) is a multi-yeber countries of the Organisation). This report sets out the	
	Life: the achievements of 15- year olds in Ireland in the second cycle of PISA	Shiel, G., Sofroniou, S., Zastrutzki, S., & Shortt, F. (ERC)	achievements of 15-year olds in Ireland in relation to reading literacy, mathematical literacy, scientific literacy and problem solving.	
	Ready For Life? : the literacy achievements of Irish 15-year olds with comparative international data (also included in DES section)	Gerry Shiel, Jude Cosgrove, Nick Sofroniou & Amy Kelly. (ERC)	The purpose of this national report on literacy is to provide a more detailed description and interpretation of the performance of Irish students, and to consider how the outcome of PISA might contribute to the development of educational policy in Ireland.	2001

Educational Disadvantage Committee	Educational Disac procedures for the Department of Education to the presentation to the articles in the Iris	dvantage Committee. e selection of schools ducation and Science se analyses to the ED se Committee in Janus h Journal of Educatio	tage Committee section)	s of the er initiatives of the RC reported on cluding an oral
	An Analysis of the Association Between Socioeconomic	Nick Sofroniou, Peter Archer, Susan Weir (ERC)	The purpose of the study described in the paper was to investigate the existence of a social context effect,	2004

Achie Irish Educ	der and evement Journal of cation, e, xxxv, pp.	st no pi do di	nat is, the hypothesis that tudent achievement is egatively affected by the resence of increasing ensities of students from isadvantaged ackgrounds.	
The respondence of the responden	second set of tasks, whonding to disadvantage oling, included the follow. Update of the review Kellaghan, Weir, Ó An overview of existion. A brief commentary of Even Break Commentary on the	e, with a partic owing: of the literatu hÚallacháin ar ing evaluations on core aspec extent to whic	constitute a review of the cultural focus on responses with the culture on the effective strategies and Morgan (1995) report is of educational disadvantagets of the implementation of General focus of the culture presented at 1. above.	in formal conducted for the e programmes siving Children an
Disa a rev inter litera	dvantage: Archer (Eview of the national ture and of trategy in	ERC) ov E ta up re st 19	This paper contains an everview of the work of the ERC on the second set of asks. It consists of an every place of the literature eview of the effective trategies conducted for the 1995 report referred to 1995 bove (task 1) and a 1995 ommentary on the extent to	November 2004

		which existing provision in Ireland reflects the findings of this literature review (task 4). In addition, it also contains summaries of the 2 reports (tasks 2 and 3) listed below.	
A Review of School-based Measures Aimed at Addressing Educational Disadvantage in Ireland	Susan Weir, Peter Archer (with Rita Flanagan) (ERC)	This report consists of an overview of selected programmes in the formal school sector which are aimed at addressing the problems of disadvantage at preschool, primary, and post-primary levels in Ireland.	2004
A Commentary on the Implementation of Giving Children an Even Break (GCEB)	Susan Weir (ERC)	The report contains a brief commentary on core aspects of the implementation of Giving Children an Even Break (GCEB). The first part of the report deals with the survey conducted by the ERC that	2004

			was used to allocate resources in GCEB. The second part looks at the extent to which key aspects of GCEB as announced at its launch have been implemented.	
DES	Views of the Irish Public on Education: 2004 Survey (also included in DES section)	Kellaghan, T., McGee, P., Millar, D., & Perkins, R. (ERC)	The report consists of the results of a national survey of the public's perceptions of Irish education, carried out in the context of the 'Your Education System' process. The survey comprised of a face-to-face interview with a nationally representative sample of 1,511 individuals aged 15+, and was carried out in June/July 2004.	2004

R&D Committee	The Effects of Calculator Use in Schools and in the Certificate Examinations - Phase I	Dr. Seán Close, Dr. Gerry Shiel, Elizabeth Oldham, Deirdre Hackett, Therese Dooley, Michael O'Leary Paul Surgenor	The study examines the effects of introducing calculators into the Revised Junior Cycle Mathematics syllabus launched in the 2000/01 school year. Students sitting the Junior Certificate Examination in	2004
	The Effects of Calculator Use in Schools and in the Certificate	(Education Department, St Patrick's College, ERC, and School of Education, Trinity College	mathematics in 2003 formed the first cohort that were allowed to use calculators in the examination, and were taught how to use them as part of their course.	2007

	Examinations -	Dublin)		
	Phase II	,	The project is divided into	
			two phases. The second	
	(also included		phase, which was	
	in R&D		implemented in a	
	Committee		representative sample of	
	section)		post-primary schools in	
			November 2004, involved	
			examining the mathematics	
			achievement of a cohort of	
			third-year students who had	
			been instructed in the use of	
			calculators and expected to	
			use a calculator in the Junior	
			Certificate Examination.	
			The accompany was a set as	
			The summary report on	
			phase II 'Pressing the Right	
			Buttons' was published in 2007.	
DES	The Evaluation	Weir, S.	The Breaking the Cycle	2003
DES	of Breaking the	(ERC)	Scheme was introduced in	2003
	Cycle: a follow-		1996/1997 to 33 urban	
	up of the		schools to assist them in	
	achievements		addressing problems	
	of 6th class		associated with catering for	
	pupils in urban		large numbers of pupils from	
	schools in 2003		disadvantaged	
			backgrounds.	
	(also included			

	in DES section)		An evaluation of the scheme was published in May 2002. This follow-up report focuses on documenting the results of follow-up testing of 6th class pupils in 2003. (Unlike the 6th class cohorts tested on previous occasions, the majority of pupils in the 2003 cohort should have benefited from the key provisions of the scheme, including junior education in small classes).	
DES	Early Start Evaluation: report on observation visits to schools	Mary Lewis & Peter Archer. (ERC)	As part of an integrated approach to problems of disadvantage in designated schools, Early Start was established in eight	2003
	Further		locations in the 1994/1995 school year and in a further	2002

DES Institutes of	Evaluation of Early Start: progress report (also included in DES section) Review of the Home-School-Community Liaison Scheme (also included in DES section)	Archer, P., & Shortt, F. (ERC)	32 locations in the following year to provide for three-year old pre-school children. This evaluation consists of observation of classroom practice and supplements previous evaluations on the programme. A progress report was published in 2002, with the main report being finalised in 2003. This review examines a number of issues related to the Home-School-Community Liaison scheme as part of a number of reviews being carried out under the Strategic Management Initiative (SMI).	2003
Institutes of Technology, Ireland (IoTI)	Non-completion in Institutes of Technology: an	Rita Flanagan, Mark Morgan, E Eivers.	The 2000 study focused on the completion rates of students entering 11	2002

	investigation of preparation, attitudes and behaviours among first year students	(ERC)	Institutes of Technology in 1995 and who were first- time entrants to higher education. The 2002 study follows from the 2000 Study and aims to	
	A Study of Non-completion in Institutes of Technology Courses	Rita Flanagan, Mark Morgan, T Kelllaghan. (ERC)	identify possible causes of non-completion focussing specifically on students' first year experiences.	2000
DEO	The Decells	Marie O Marie I	The Board's education	0000
DES	The Breaking the Cycle	Weir, S., Milis, L., & Ryan, C. (ERC)	The Breaking the Cycle Scheme was introduced in	2002

	1996/1997 to 33 urban		Scheme in	
	schools to assist them in		Urban Schools :	
	addressing problems		final evaluation	
	associated with catering for		report.	
2000	large numbers of pupils from	Weir, S., & Ryan,	Interim Report	
2000	disadvantaged	C.	on the	
	backgrounds. Among the	(ERC)	Evaluation of	
	aims of the evaluation of the	(LIKO)	the Breaking	
	scheme was to assess the		the Cycle	
	scheme's overall		Scheme in	
	effectiveness and to identify		Urban Schools	
	models of good practice. An		212411 20110010	
	evaluation report in 1998		(also included	
	provided information in the		`	
	•		111 220 00011011)	
	-			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	•			
	provided information in the year before the scheme began and in its first year of operation. An interim report in 2000 described some of the early effects of the scheme, and provided baseline data for the Junior Cycle completion rates of a cohort of pupils who had received their primary education in the selected schools prior to the introduction of the scheme. The 2002 report describes the scheme's effects on participants over the five		in DES section)	

			years of its pilot phase.	
DES	The Breaking the Cycle Scheme in Rural Schools : final evaluation report	Weir, S., Milis, L., & Ryan, C. (ERC)	The Breaking the Cycle Scheme was introduced in 1996/1997 to 123 rural schools to assist them in addressing problems associated with catering for pupils from disadvantaged	2002
	Interim Report on the Evaluation of the Breaking the Cycle Scheme in Rural Schools (also included in DES section)	Weir, S., & Ryan, C. (ERC)	backgrounds. Among the aims of the evaluation of the scheme was to assess the scheme's overall effectiveness and to identify models of good practice. An evaluation report in 1998 provided information in the year before the scheme began and in its first year of operation. An interim report in 2000 described some of the early effects of the scheme, and provided baseline data for the Junior Cycle completion rates of a cohort of pupils who had received their primary education in the selected schools prior to the introduction of the scheme. The 2002 report describes	2000

DES	An Evaluation of the Sole Use of Short-answer Tests in Apprenticeship	Kellaghan, T., Morgan, M., Fitzpatrick, M., & Millar, D. (ERC)	the scheme's effects on participants over the five years of its pilot phase. The training of craft apprentices follows a programme agreed between the Department of Education and Science and FÁS. This	2002
	Examinations. (also included in DES section)		programme includes two phases of block-release by employers to Institutes of Technology and a small number of other educational institutions. During and at the end of these phases in the educational system, apprentices are evaluated by means of assessments or examinations. The methodology used in these written tests is the subject of the evaluation. This research project is confined to written tests and does not embrace practical tests.	

NCCA	Application of the Findings of the 'Standards and Moderation in the Assessment of Coursework: Issues and Strategies' Report in a Leaving Certificate Context (also included in NCCA section)	ERC Shiel, G., & Kelly,	This consists of further research applying some of the findings of the 'Standards and Moderation in the Assessment of Coursework: Issues and Strategies' study in a Leaving Certificate context. In 1998, the Department	2001
	National Assessment of Mathematical	D (ERC)	commissioned the ERC to conduct a national assessment of the	

	Achievement (also included in DES section)		mathematics achievements of pupils in fourth class in primary schools.	
HEA	A Study of Non-completion of Undergraduate University Courses (also included in HEA section)	Mark Morgan, Rita Flanagan, Thomas Kellaghan (ERC)	The study records the academic progress within the universities of full-time university undergraduate entrants who entered higher education in 1992/93 and documents the outcomes by gender and course, the number who graduated on time, the number who graduated late, and the number who did not complete the course which they had entered.	2001

DES	Characteristics of Early School Leavers: Results of Research Strand of the 8-to 15-year old Early School Leavers Initiative (also included in DES section)	Eivers, E., Ryan, E., & Brinkley A. (ERC)	In November 1998, the Department of Education and Science commissioned the ERC to conduct a study on early school leavers as part of the 8 to 15 year old Early School Leavers Initiative.	2000
DES	A Case Study Analysis of Service Provision for "At Risk" Children and Young	Eivers, E., & Ryan, E. (ERC)	As part of the 8 to 15 year old Early School Leavers Initiative, the Department of Education and Science commissioned the ERC to examine service provision	2000

People	for at risk children and
	young people. The aims of
(also included	the research were to
in DES section)	examine the integration of
	mainstream and targeted
	preventative and support
	services in schools and of
	existing services between
	schools and other statutory
	and voluntary agencies in
	the school/community
	catchment area.

HIGHER EDUCATION AUTHORITY (HEA)

The list of ongoing research projects being supported by the HEA is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of research projects which have been supported by the HEA and completed since 2000.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the HEA generally, please refer to the HEA website in the first instance (www.hea.ie) If further assistance is required please contact Padraic Mellett.

Contact details:

Padraic Mellett
Head of Administration

Address: Higher Education Authority

Brooklawn House Crampton Avenue Shelbourne Road

Dublin 4

Website: www.hea.ie E-mail: pmellett@hea.ie

Tel: 01 2317106 Fax: 01 2317172

Table 1 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
HEA	The Costs of Participating in Higher Education for Students from Diverse Backgrounds (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	This research will consist of a study on the costs associated with attending college for an increasingly diverse student population. It will examine costs over a range of course disciplines, at both graduate and postgraduate level, for a broad cross-section of students, including those with no financial support from the family, mature students, students with dependants and students with a disability. It is intended that the findings of this study will inform the development of future policy on financial support for further and higher education students in Ireland.	2008

HEA	Reasons for Low Participation in Higher Education by the Non-manual Socio-Economic Group (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	The key aim of this study will be to produce a more thorough understanding of educational participation among young people from the non-manual group in order to better understand how the group can be supported in gaining access to, and successfully completing, higher education.	2008
HEA	Survey of the Costs of Access in Higher Education Institutions	Mazars (Michael Coleman and Ciara O' Neill)	The study will focus on understanding the costs incurred in achieving equity of access to higher education in Ireland. Such costs result from specific initiatives and activities to facilitate the progression of underrepresented groups through the higher education system. The outcome of the survey will inform the ongoing development of the Recurrent Grant Allocation Model (RGAM), which includes specified funding for access.	

HEA	Eurostudent III Irish Report on the Social and Living Conditions of Higher	Geary Institute, UCD (Colm Harmon, Liam Delaney, Martin Ryan)	This report will explore the characteristics of Ireland's student population, their economic circumstances and their living circumstances.	2008
	Education Students 2005/2006			

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
HEA	Towards the Best Education for All: an evaluation of access programmes in higher education in Ireland	Cynthia Deane	This evaluation proposed a framework for successful access programmes based on four criteria: policy, targeting, partnership and practice. It also identified specific examples of good practice in the structure and content of existing access programmes.	2006
HEA	Who went to College in 2004? : a national survey of new entrants to higher education (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI and Fitzpatrick Associates	The purpose of the study was to examine the pattern of entry to higher education in the Republic of Ireland. It was based on a national survey of all those who enrolled as new entrants to higher education in October 2004 and was the fifth national survey of new entrants to higher education that has been undertaken on behalf of the HEA since 1980.	2006

HEA	Eurostudent Survey II Irish Report on the Social and Living Conditions of Higher Education Students 2003/2004 (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	The Irish Report of the Eurostudent Survey was designed to present detailed information on the social and economic conditions of students participating in higher education. The aim of the study was to document students' experiences in terms of their accommodation situation, sources of income, expenditure levels and overall well-being.	2006
HEA	A Review of Higher Education Participation in 2003 (also included in ESRI section)	Fitzpatrick Associates & ESRI	This study reported on new entrants to higher education in Ireland in 2003. The main purpose of the report was to contribute to the information base available to decision makers in relation to participation in and access to higher education in Ireland.	2005

HEA	Evaluation of the Millennium Partnership Fund for the Disadvantaged	Eustace Patterson	The evaluation examines how the strategic utilisation of the Fund at community level can be optimised for 2005–2006 and into the next national development phase. It reflects on the extent to which the	2005
			Fund has made a difference in relation to retention and participation in further and higher education. The evaluation will contribute to the development of national policy on the role of communities in facilitating equity of access to higher education.	

HEA	Potential Supply of Mature Students to Higher Education (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	The main objectives of this study were to estimate the numbers of adults without third-level qualifications in the Irish population; to provide a profile of this group in terms of socio-demographic characteristics; to place patterns of mature student participation in higher education in Ireland within a broader European and international context; and to identify the factors and structures which may inhibit or enable the participation of adult learners in higher education.	2004
HEA/Forfás	Creating Ireland's Innovation	Professor Liam Downey	The report examined the issues involved in the transfer of international researchers	2003

	Society : the next strategic step		into Ireland and made recommendations for developing research activity in Ireland.	
HEA	Provision of Undergraduate and Taught Postgraduate Education to Overseas Students in Ireland	Fitzpatrick's Associates	This report consisted of a review of international developments in the provision of third level education to overseas students; the levels of participation by overseas students in Ireland; and recommendations for a future approach.	2003
HEA	Study into Alternate Methods of Entry into Health Sciences Professional Courses at Third Level	Leo Kearns	The report reviewed the system of entry to third level health professional courses, in the light of concerns about the educational impact of the "points race".	2003

HEA	The Financial Governance of Irish Universities Balancing Autonomy and Accountability	Tom O'Higgins	This study provided a framework for financial governance of the Irish university sector, specifically in relation to weaknesses in internal control systems.	2001
HEA	A Study of Non-completion of Undergraduate University Courses (also included in ERC section)	Mark Morgan, Rita Flanagan, Thomas Kellaghan (ERC)	The study recorded the academic progress within the universities of full-time university undergraduate entrants who entered higher education in 1992/93 and documented the outcomes by gender and course, the number who graduated on time, the number who graduated late, and the number who did not complete the course which they had entered.	2001
HEA	College Entry in Focus: a fourth national survey	Patrick Clancy	This study examined the pattern of participation in higher education in Ireland.	2001

	of access to higher education		The report was based on a national survey of all those who enrolled as new entrants to full-time higher education in Autumn 1998. The study was the fourth national survey carried out and since it was part of a series of research studies, spanning a period of approximately two decades, there was a particular focus on monitoring changes in the pattern of participation over time.	
HEA	The University Challenged: A Review of International Trends and Issues with Particular Reference to Ireland	Malcolm Skilbeck	This study gave an overview and appraisal of trends and issues arising in the international domain of university education and focused these trends and issues in possibilities for action for consideration by the Irish university system.	2001
HEA	Social Background of Higher Education Entrants	Patrick Clancy, Joy Wall (Social Science Research Centre, UCD)	This was the first part of the fourth national survey of entrants to higher education and it built upon the previous studies that were undertaken in the area. The study was	2000

			based on new entrants to higher education in Autumn 1998 and provided a comprehensive profile on the social background of entrants.	
HEA	Access and Equity in Higher Education: an international perspective on issues and strategies	Malcolm Skilbeck with the assistance of Dr. Helen Connell	The purpose of the report was to enlarge and deepen the consideration of policy issues, legislative requirements and institutional practice in Ireland and assist in the development of action programmes in relation to access and equity in higher education.	2000

IRISH RESEARCH COUNCIL FOR THE HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES (IRCHSS)

The list of ongoing education-related research projects being supported by the IRCHSS is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of relevant research projects which have been supported by the Council and completed since 2000.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the IRCHSS generally, please refer to the IRCHSS website in the first instance (www.irchss.ie) If further assistance is required please contact Fiona Davis.

Contact details:

Fiona Davis Programme Manager

Address: Irish Research Council for the Humanities and Social Sciences

First Floor, Brooklawn House

Shelbourne Road

Ballsbridge Dublin 4

Website: www.irchss.ie

E-mail: fdavis@irchss.ie

Tel: 01 6603652 Fax: 01 6603728

Table 1 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Duration of grant (Years)
IRCHSS (Small Research Project Grants 2007)	Gaelscoileanna and Multicultural Classrooms: exploring the potential for transfer to enhance L2 learning experiences	Dr. Angela Leahy (Dublin City University)	The project examines the current Gaelscoil model of primary education and the more common Englishmedium model which finds itself in need of adapting to the reality of the culturally and linguistically diverse Ireland confirmed by Census 2006.	1
IRCHSS (Thematic Research Project Grants 2006)	Early Childhood Care and Education in Ireland: Towards a Rights-based Policy Approach	Dr. Noirin Hayes (Dublin Institute of Technology)	The research will undertake a comprehensive review and analysis of current Early Childhood Care and Education policy. Using the life cycle approach (NESC, 2005) as its starting point, it will identify to what extent Irish policy coincides with international policy trends.	2

IRCHSS	Second	Professor David	This multi-disciplinary,	2
	Language	Singleton	comparative project will	
(Thematic	Acquisition and	(Trinity College	examine the acquisition and	
Research Project	Native	Dublin)	use of English to the	
Grants 2006)	Language		transmission of the first	
	Maintenance in		language of Polish migrants	
	the Polish		to their children. The project	
	Diaspora in		is designed to yield both	
	Ireland and		sociolinguistic and	
	France		psycholinguistic findings and	
			to incorporate sociocultural	
			and educational dimensions.	

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Duration of grant (Years)
IRCHSS (Thematic Research Project Grants 2005)	Research Ethics Governance Structures: Regulating Social Research in Irish Universities	Ryan Morgan (Department of Law, UCC)	The project surveyed the regulatory structures in place in Irish universities to promote the ethical conduct of social research.	2
IRCHSS (Senior Research Scholarship 2004)	The Design and Development of Interactive Reading Materials for Second Language Learners in a Multimedia Environment Based on Cognitive and Interactionist Approaches	Ruth Harris (Institute of Technology Blanchardstown)	The study consisted of an investigation of how second language readers operating in naturalist and instructional settings can inform the design of interactive learning materials to facilitate independent reading and maximise language acquisition.	1

IRCHSS (Senior Research Scholarship 2004)	The Evolution of Student Teachers' Personal Theories of Teaching: A Longitudinal Comparative Analysis	Kathleen Horgan (Mary Immaculate College, Limerick)	This study comparatively analysed the development of student teachers' personal theories and metaphors of teaching and pupil learning, using quantitative and qualitative instruments, including large-scale surveys and reflective journals.	1
IRCHSS (Senior Research Scholarship 2004)	Early School- Leaving: the contribution of curriculum change to its prevention, in a whole-school context	Rose Malone (NUI Maynooth)	The project consisted of a qualitative study of the experience of participants in two curricular programmes (Junior Certificate Schools Programme and Leaving Certificate Applied), which target early school-leaving. This experience was contrasted with that of similar groups of students in mainstream programmes.	1

IRCHSS (senior research fellowship – 2004)	The Acquisition of Sociolinguistic Norms by Second Language Speakers: the issue of context	Dr Vera Regan (UCD)	This consisted of a study of the acquisition of sociolinguistic competence, comparing stays in the native speech community with learning in classroom settings. The research took the form of a quantitative, multivariable analysis of a large database using software adapted for linguistic data, and was designed to contribute to programmatic, policy, funding and research decisions with respect to second language learning.	1
IRCHSS (Small Research Grant Scheme 2003/2004)	Workaholism, Social Support and Well-being Among University Staff	Brian Hughes (NUI Galway)	The study examined the relationship among workaholism, social support, and stress. In particular, it sought to establish whether social support moderates the relationship between workaholism and well being.	2

IRCHSS (Small Research Grant Scheme 2003/2004)	Religion and Education Policy in Ireland	Kevin Williams (Mater Dei Institute of Education)	This project examined the development of state policy on the place of religion in education as well as the philosophical issues that it raises. It endeavoured to disclose how the State defined itself and how it addresses the tension between its aspiration to have an Irish-speaking, Catholic population and the necessity to embrace other versions of human self-understanding.	1
IRCHSS (Project Scheme 2003)	From Social Work Student to Professional: exploring the changing attitudes, values, concerns and occupational choices of	Bairbre Redmond (UCD)	This project explored the expectations, changing attitudes, anxieties, and pressure on new social workers as they move into their first two years of practice.	2

	postgraduate social work students			
IRCHSS (Senior Scholarship Scheme 2003)	From Open and Distance Learning (ODL) to eLearning: perspectives on the evolution and implementation of EU policy	Kay MacKeogh (OSCAIL, Dublin City University)	The aim of this research was to situate the evolution and impact of EU and national policies on open and distance learning and eLearning within a social, political, pedagogical and individual learner context.	1
IRCHSS (Research Fellowship Scheme – 2003)	The Impact of Schooling on Lifetime Labour Market Outcomes	Dr. Colm Harmon (Institute for the Study of Social Change, University College Dublin)	This project considered the economic returns to schooling based on the analysis of large scale datasets and focused on existing problems in that literature. Secondly, and informed by the research on returns to education, it examined issues around the educational choice and, in particular, the impact of family	1

IRCHSS (Research Fellowship Scheme – 2003)	A Study of the Distribution and Determinants of Literacy in Ireland	Dr. Dorren McMahon (Marino Institute of Education, Dublin)	background on educational choices. The project also looked at the causal effects of public policy in a range of areas in determining the level of education an individual chooses and the manner of transition from school to work. The project used the OECD's PISA data set, a crossnational study of 15 year olds, to examine the distribution of teenagers below the accepted level of literacy and the interpretation of these distributions. Family background and literacy were analysed and Ireland's results was compared with those of Sweden.	1
(Senior Scholarships 2002)	School Sexuality Education in Ireland 1960- 2001: A poststructuralist	Elizabeth Kiely (NUI Cork)	This study traced developments in sexuality education in Irish schools (1960 onwards). These developments have been embroiled in ongoing power	1

	deconstruction		struggles between interest groups who seek to control this field. They have produced a wealth of discourses, which are being used to analyse the politics of sexual regulation.	
IRCHSS (Senior Scholarships 2002)	Narrative As Vehicle For Second Language Acquisition: learning Irish in an early years setting	Máire Mhic Mhathúna (DIT)	This project involved studying how children acquire Irish as a second language during story-telling sessions in an Irish-medium pre-school. The process of second language acquisition, facilitated by the teacher's input, the joint interaction between the teacher and children and the development of the children's understanding of narrative structure was the focus of the study.	1

NATIONAL ADULT LITERACY AGENCY (NALA)

The list of ongoing research projects being supported by NALA is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of research projects which have been supported by the Agency and completed since 2000.

If further information is required on a particular project or on NALA generally, please refer to the NALA website in the first instance (www.nala.ie). If further assistance is required please contact NALA directly (details below).

Contact details:

Address: National Adult Literacy Agency

76 Lower Gardiner Street

Dublin 1

Website: www.nala.ie

E-mail: literacy@nala.ie

Tel: 01 8554332 Fax: 01 8555475

Table 1 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
NALA/WIT Accreditation project	Gruntvig - TRAIN	Helen Murphy	This project consists of the development of modules to be used for Adult Basic Education Literacy teachers across Europe.	2008
NALA/WIT Accreditation project	Workplace Literacy	Esther Mackey	This project consists of an exploration into workplace literacy programmes and the development of practice in the area of workplace literacy.	2008
NALA/WIT Accreditation project	Adult Literacy Methodologies	Geraldine Mernagh Margaret O'Brien	This project explores the application of informal and formal theory by Adult Literacy Teachers and Managers in Ireland.	2009

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
NALA/WIT Accreditation project	Family Literacy	Janet Webb	This project consists of an assessment of the impact of Family Learning programmes on parents learning through their involvement in their children's learning programmes.	2007
NALA/WIT Accreditation Project	The contribution of multi-media technology to the acquisition of literacy by adult literacy learners	Kathleen Gannon	This project examines how various multi-media technologies can contribute to the acquisition of literacy skills by adult literacy learners.	2002
NALA/WIT Accreditation project	The Uses of Accredited Experiential learning for Industry	Maeve O'Grady	This project consists of a study of the various uses of accredited experiential learning for industry in Ireland.	2000

NATIONAL CENTRE FOR GUIDANCE IN EDUCATION (NCGE)

The list of research projects supported by the NCGE and completed since 2000 is included at Table 1.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the Centre generally, please refer to the NCGE website in the first instance (www.ncge.ie). If further assistance is required please contact Shivaun Gallagher.

Contact details:

Shivaun Gallagher Information Officer

Address: National Centre for Guidance in Education

1st Floor

42/43 Prussia Street

Dublin 7

Website: <u>www.ncge.ie</u>

E-mail: info@ncge.ie

Tel: 01 8690715 Fax: 01 8823817

Table 1 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
R&D Committee	Review of Guidance Provision in Post-Primary Schools (also included in ESRI and R&D Committee sections)	Eileen Fitzpatrick, (National Centre for Guidance in Education) Dr. Deirdre O'Neill (TCD) ESRI	This consisted of a review of post-primary guidance provision. The report is based on the findings from the 4 strands of a review of guidance in post-primary schools. The 4 strands were: • Quantitative and qualitative survey of the use of the resources provided by DES for guidance in all 738 post-primary schools (NCGE) • A more in-depth survey in 260 of the 738 schools (ESRI) • In-depth case studies in 15 schools selected from those surveyed in strand 2 (ESRI) • Focus group interviews with a range of stakeholders (TCD and NCGE).	2006

NCGE / DES / EU Employment Youthstart Programme	Reaching Out: The Provision of Guidance and Support Services by Programmes / Projects for Early School Leavers and Young People at Risk in Ireland (also included in DES section)	Sarah Ryan	The research project examined guidance provision in all programmes/ projects targeted at early school leavers, and also incorporated responses from those working with initiatives aimed at preventing early school leaving.	2000

NATIONAL CENTRE FOR TECHNOLOGY IN EDUCATION (NCTE)

Table 1 includes research projects supported by the Centre.

If further information is required, please refer to the NCTE website in the first instance (<u>www.ncte.ie</u>) or contact the Centre directly (details below)

Contact details:

Address: National Centre for Technology in Education

Dublin City University

Glasnevin Dublin 9

Website: www.ncte.ie

E-mail: info@ncte.ie

Tel: 01 7008200 Fax: 01 7008210

Table 1 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
DES / NCTE	NCTE 2005 Census on ICT Infrastructure in Schools: statistical report (also included in DES and ERC sections)	Shiel, G., and O'Flaherty, A. (ERC)	This report details the findings of the 2005 National Centre for Technology in Education (NCTE) census on ICT infrastructure in schools. The 2005 census is the fourth in a series that began in 1998. The census reflects the situation with regard to ICT infrastructure in schools in May/June 2005.	2006
NCCA / NCTE	Investigation of 3D Parametric Modeling Software (also included in NCCA section)	Oliver McGarr and Dr. Niall Seery (UL) and external evaluation by Dr. Aidan Mulkeen (NUI Maynooth)	The research aimed to inform issues relating to the implementation of the CAD element of the new and revised Leaving Certificate technology subjects, in particular Design and Communication Graphics.	2005

NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT (NCCA)

The list of ongoing research projects being supported by the NCCA is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of research projects which have been supported by the NCCA and completed since 2000.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the NCCA generally, please refer to the NCCA website in the first instance (www.ncca.ie). If further assistance is required please contact Bernie Gallagher.

Contact details:

Bernie Gallagher

Address: National Council for Curriculum and Assessment

24 Merrion Square

Dublin 2

Website: www.ncca.ie

Email: bernie.gallagher@ncca.ie

Tel: 01 6617177 Fax: 01 6617180

Table 1 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
NCCA	Wellness in Post-Primary Schools: Review of Literature and Research	Dr. Maeve O'Brien, (National University of Ireland, Maynooth)	The review will analyse the most recent research findings on wellness as they relate to post-primary schools; investigate recent and contemporary literature relating to wellness; interrogate the frameworks and philosophies that underpin emerging understandings of wellness; and consider the broad educational and school-related issues in respect of wellness including the role of curriculum in its promotion.	2008

NCCA and		The studies below consist of follow-up studies to the longitudinal study involving following a					
GEMC		group of 900 students in 12 case study schools.					
	Longitudinal	ESRI	Because of student	2008			
	study of second-		participation in Transition				
	level students:		Year, this study is being				
	the transition		carried out over two phases				
	into senior cycle		covering the student cohort in				
			fifth and sixth year. The study				
	(also included in		will address a number of key				
	ESRI and		issues relating to senior cycle				
	GEMC sections)		education including the nature				
			of student learning				
			experiences during TY; the				
			factors which influence				
			students' choice of subjects				
			and subject level in fifth year;				
			the variations in experiences				
			of teaching and learning				
			across the different senior				
			cycle programmes; and the				
			process of adjusting to the				
			transition to senior cycle.				
NCCA	Parental		This study will explore	2008			
	perspectives on		parental perspectives on the				
	the transition to		transition of students to senior				
	senior cycle		cycle. It involves a survey of				
			parents along with in-depth				

	(also included in ESRI section) Early school leavers: a follow-up study (also included in ESRI section)		qualitative interviews. This study will provide a vital complement to the information provided by the student cohort. This project involves a specific follow-up study of early school leavers from among the student cohort included in the longitudinal study of second-level students. In-depth one-to-one interviews will be carried out with early school leavers focusing on their reasons for leaving school, their reflections of school life and their current situation.	2008
NCCA	Research on Participation in and Progression from the Leaving Certificate Applied (also included in	ESRI	The research will focus on the participation and progression rates across a number of cohorts of LCA students with particular reference to those who leave the programme before the end of Year 2 (do not take the final exams); proceed to the world of work;	2008

ESRI section)	proceed to further education; and proceed to higher education.	

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
NCCA	Primary Curriculum Review, Phase 2 (also included in ERC section)	Dr. David Miller (ERC)	The research consisted of sampling methodology for the review of the primary school curriculum in Irish, Science and Social, Personal and Health Education (SPHE).	2006

NCCA and	Longitudinal	ESRI	This project follows a group of	
GEMC	study of		900 students in 12 case-study	
	students from		schools from their transition to	
	their transition		post-primary school to the	
	to post-primary		completion of the Junior	
	school to the		Certificate. It was carried out	
	completion of		in three phases.	
	the Junior			
	Certificate			
			The first report entitled	2004
	Moving Up : The		'Moving Up' focuses on	
	Experiences of		curriculum provision and	
	First-year		school integration among first	
	Students in		year students (Phase I).	
	Post-Primary			
	Education			
			The second phase of the	2005
	Pathways		study looks at student	
	Through the		experiences as they move	
	Junior Cycle		into the second year	
			of their junior cycle. It	
			explores changes in student	
			attitudes to school and to the	
			different subject areas. The	
			report of phase II is set out in	
			'Pathways Through the Junior	0007
	O a a sin a l la f		Cycle'.	2007
	Gearing Up for		The athems were at the activity	
	the Exam?		The third part of the study	
			examines student	

(also included in ESRI and GEMC sections)	experiences in their Junior Certificate year. It looks at teaching and learning in the lead-up to the examination and the factors influencing student performance at Junior Certificate level. This study forms the basis for a series of follow-up studies on young people's transition to senior cycle, parental perspectives on this transition, and the factors influencing early school leaving.	

Development	A Charles of the	NICCA		2000
Development Cooperation Ireland	A Study of the Opportunities for Development Education at Senior Cycle	NCCA	The study provided an overview of current development education opportunities in the senior cycle curriculum to inform teachers, schools and the general development education community in their work. The research also pointed towards future developments at senior cycle and the opportunities they may present for the strengthening of development education.	2006
NCCA	Key Skills in the Context of the NCCA's Proposals for the Future Development of Senior Cycle Education in Ireland	Carol McGuiness (Queens University Belfast)	This study provided a theoretical framework for the embedding of key skills in the senior cycle curriculum.	2006

NCCA	Assessment Instruments in Other Jurisdictions	Ian Colwill (formerly QCA, London)	This consisted of an analysis of additional assessment components in A-level examinations.	2006
NCCA	Evaluation of the Assessment Initiative in Junior Cycle Physical Education	Anne McPhail, (University of Limerick)	The study consisted of an evaluation of the assessment initiative in junior cycle physical education.	2006
Health and Safety Authority	Teaching and Learning in Health and Safety	NCCA	The study examined teaching and learning in health and safety in the curriculum.	2006
CIDREE (Consortium of Institutions for Development and Research in Education in Europe)	Student Voice Study	NCCA	The study examined the concept of including the student voice in curriculum development and review.	2006
NCCA	Children's Early Learning and	Geraldine French	This consisted of a review of the literature on children's	2006

	Development (Supporting the Framework for Early Learning)		early learning and development.	
NCCA	Perspectives on the Relationship Between Education and Care in Early Childhood (Supporting the Framework for Early Learning)	Dr. Nóirín Hayes	This consisted of an exploration of the concepts of education and care in the early childhood context, and how the two interface.	2006
NCCA	Language and Literacy in Irish- medium Primary Schools: Review of	Dr. Muiris Ó Laoire and Dr. John Harris	The study reviewed national and international literature on language and literacy in immersion and bi-lingual settings to inform the NCCA	2006

	Literature		work in this area.	
NCCA / NCTE	Investigation of 3D Parametric Modeling Software (also included in NCTE section)	Oliver McGarr and Dr. Naill Seery (UL) and external evaluation by Dr. Aidan Mulkeen (NUI Maynooth)	The research aimed to inform issues relating to the implementation of the CAD element of the new and revised Leaving Certificate technology subjects, in particular Design and Communication Graphics.	2005
NCCA	International Trends in Post- primary Mathematics Education	Paul Conway (UCC), Finbarr Sloane (National Science Foundation, Washington)	This study focused on a number of key international trends in mathematics education and includes potential areas of overlap, areas where there are significant divergences and possible lines of development in mathematics education at post-primary level in Ireland.	2005
NCCA / GEMC	Examining Gender : Gender and	Jannette Elwood, Karen Carlisle (Graduate School	This study investigated differential performance by gender and achievement in	2003

	Achievement in the Junior and Leaving Certificate Examinations 2000/2001 (also included under GEMC section)	of Education, Queens University, Belfast)	the Junior Certificate and Leaving Certificate Examinations in 2000 and 2001.	
NCCA	Driver Education and Training in Post- primary Schools	Ray Fuller, David Bonney, (Department of Psychology, TCD)	This study examined the role and potential role of the post-primary education system in the development of driver knowledge, skills and attitudes.	2003
R&D Committee / NCCA	Review of the Junior Certificate School Programme (also included in R&D Committee section)	Nexus Research Co-operative	This consisted of a review of the Junior Certificate School Programme (JCSP). The JCSP provides a curriculum framework that assists schools and teachers in making the Junior Certificate more accessible to those young people in danger of leaving the school system early with no formal	2003

			qualification. The project provided data on the effectiveness of the structure, format and content of the JCSP.	
NCCA	Review of Civic, Social and Political Education	Nexus Research Co-Operative	This consisted of a survey examining the views of principals and CSPE teachers on the provision and implementation of the subject in the junior cycle of post-primary schools.	2003
NCCA and the Department of the Environment, Heritage and Local Government	Action in Architecture Initiative 2002- 2005	NCCA	This research reviewed the educational aspects of the Action in Architecture Initiative 2002-2005.	2003
NCCA and GEMC	Gender Politics and Exploring Masculinities in Irish Education: Teachers, Materials and the Media (also included in	Máirtín Mac an Ghoill (University of Newcastle), Joan Hannafin (UCC), Paul Conway (UCC)	The study addressed two issues 'What was the shape and temporal trajectory of the public debate on Exploring Masculinities ?' and 'What are teachers' views of implementing the Exploring Masculinities programme within the context	2002

	GEMC section)		of the public debate'?	
NCCA	Standards and Moderation in the Assessment of Coursework: Issues and Strategies	Alison Wolf (International Centre for Research on Assessment, Institute of Education, University of London)	The study comprised advice on how the introduction of second assessment components in traditional examinations, such as the Leaving Certificate, impacts on the results achieved by candidates. The study also explored the role that statistical moderation of results can play in addressing the more problematic aspects of the impact.	2001

	Application of the Findings of the 'Standards and Moderation in the Assessment of Coursework: Issues and Strategies' report in a Leaving Certificate Context (also included in ERC section)	ERC	This consists of further research applying some of the findings of the 'Standards and Moderation in the Assessment of Coursework: Issues and Strategies' study in a Leaving Certificate context.	
NCCA	Computers and Curriculum : Difficulties and Dichotomies	Teresa O'Doherty, Jim Gleeson, Keith Johnson, Oliver McGarr, Janet Moody (University of Limerick)	The study investigated the possible form, content and perceived impact of the introduction of a new computer-based subject to the Leaving Certificate (established).	2001

NATIONAL COUNCIL FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION (NCSE)

The list of ongoing research projects being supported by the NCSE is included at Table 1.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the Council generally, please refer to the NCSE website in the first instance (www.ncse.ie). If further assistance is required please contact the Head of Research and Development.

Contact details:

Head of Research and Development

Address: National Council for Special Education

1/2 Mill Street

Trim

Co. Meath

Website: www.ncse.ie E-mail: info@ncse.ie Tel: 046 9486400 Fax: 046 9486404

Table 1 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
NCSE	Professional Development Requirements of Special Education Teachers	School of Education and Lifelong Learning, UCD	This research will identify the professional development requirements of special educational needs teachers working in Primary and Post Primary Schools. Among the issues to be addressed are the roles and functions of teachers working in mainstream schools; the professional development needs of special education teachers as identified by key stakeholders; and guidelines for standards and competencies in the area of special education professional development.	2008
NCSE	Understanding the Concept of Inclusion	St. Angela's College, Sligo	This research will examine the question of how inclusion is working in schools within a Research framework using Kershner and Chaplins (2001) multi levels of analysis for	2008

			research in SEN.	
NCSE	Early Intervention For Children with SEN Aged 3-6 Years	Children's Research Centre, TCD	This will consist of a case study of a service provider and the experience of the service users. The research will evaluate the current model of service for children aged 3-6 provided by the St. John of God organisation; identify specific issues relating to home based and home centred based models of care and education; identify indicators of best practice; make recommendations for policy and practice within the service delivery setting; and contextualise the findings in national strategic objectives and models of best practice.	2008
NCSE	Transitions from Compulsory Schooling: Possibilities For Young People with Intellectual Disabilities	National Institute for Intellectual Disability, TCD	This research will examine where students with intellectual disabilities aged 16-18 are currently located (in terms of placement and programmes) in the school system; the possibilities	2008

			available to them; and the possibilities for future development.	
NCSE	Preparing Teachers For Inclusive Pedagogy	St. Patrick's College, Drumcondra	The study will examine newly qualified teachers' efficacy beliefs in relation to implementing inclusive pedagogy in mainstream Irish primary schools.	2008
NCSE	Promoting Inclusion For Students with Emotional and Behavioural Difficulties (EBD): Interventions to Support Change in Teacher Attitudes and Practice	National University of Ireland, Maynooth	The research is designed to foster the inclusion of children with EBD at post primary level through the use of targeted interventions that will enable teachers to change attitudes and develop skills.	2008

NCSE	An Evaluation of the Effectiveness of Various Models of Resources Allocation and Provision for Pupils with Disabilities/Special Educational Needs in the Republic of Ireland	School of Education and Lifelong Learning, UCD	The research will consist of a critical quantitative and qualitative analysis of the effectiveness of the various resource allocation models of provision for students with disabilities/SEN; an examination of legislation, policies and practices prevailing in other countries, considered to employ models of best practice; and an identification of the types of existing models of resource allocation in Ireland, and an evaluate their effectiveness with regard to students.	2008
NCSE	Living in a Diverse Society: Developing a Programme to Provide Positive Experience For Those with	Institute of Technology, Sligo	The research will examine if a programme to provide positive experiences for those with intellectual disabilities can be developed in third level colleges; how this setting can help to develop	2008

NCSE	Developing Inclusive Practices : Participatory Action Research Involving Schools and Teacher Education	School of Education, TCD	the students' independent life skills and how the programme will enable the students to develop their social skills, to progress to the workplace and to develop a foundation for lifelong learning for the participants. The research will examine a number of issues in relation to the current agendas and existing knowledge bases around the development of inclusive practice within partner schools.	2008
NCSE	Assisting Language and Communication in Person with Congenital Deafblindness: A Case Study	National University of Ireland, Maynooth	The research will consist of a case study of an individual with congenital deafblindness and will seek to examine if observations of this individual can contribute to the understanding of communicative function and multiple sensory disability more generally and if there are implications for the	2008

			provision of education and support services in terms of early intervention and maximising on an individual's capabilities.	
NCSE	Policies and Practices in SEN in New Zealand	Queens University, Belfast	The current policies and practices associated with SEN in New Zealand will be examined in this study. Among the issues to be explored are the nature of SEN provision in pre-service and in-service teacher education programmes; the model for the assessment of pupils with SEN; provisions for early intervention for children with SEN; current approaches to IEPs; resource allocation; and the involvement of parents.	2008
NCSE	Should ABA be	School of	This study will examine a	2008

	Given Greater Prominence in SEN Settings	Psychology, TCD	number of issues in relation to Applied Behavioural Analysis.	
NCSE	Parents of Children with ASD: Education and Other Information Needs, Information Seeking Behaviour and Empowerment	School of Psychology, TCD	The research will examine the information needs of parents of children with ASD and the relationship between parents' education and information needs and information seeking behaviour.	2008
NCSE	Drama in Education as Curriculum for Social Skills in Children with Autistic Spectrum Disorders.	School of Psychology, TCD	The study will examine if drama in education is an effective intervention to reduce challenging behaviour and enhance social competence in individuals with ASD.	2008

NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL WELFARE BOARD (NEWB)

The list of ongoing research projects being supported by the NEWB is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of research projects which have been supported by the Board and completed since 2000.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the Board generally, please refer to the NEWB website in the first instance (www.newb.ie). If further assistance is required please contact Elaine O'Mahoney.

Contact details:

Elaine O'Mahoney Communications Manager

Address: National Educational Welfare Board

16/22 Green Street

Dublin 7

Website: www.newb.ie

E-mail: Elaine.O'Mahoney@newb.ie

Tel: 01 8738603 Fax: 01 8738799

Table 1 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
NEWB	Voice of the Child	Anna Gunning	The NEWB commissioned a study of the options and possibilities for involving children and young people as partners in the work of the Board. This study included a consultation process with children themselves. The findings of the study are currently being used as the basis for developing a Board Position Paper which offers various strategies to support children's participation in its work.	2008

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
NEWB	Narrative on School Attendance: Looking In- depth at the Experience of Poor School Attendance	MORI Ireland	This research involved a pilot study in 10 schools (5 primary schools and 5 post primary schools) to gather the views of teachers, parents, students and educational welfare officers about the reasons for absenteeism, and the types of interventions which might help parents to ensure that their children attend school.	Awaiting publication
NEWB	Attendance and Students' School Experiences and Later Life Chances (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI	The study aims at providing a comprehensive overview of literature and existing data in the broad area of attendance and improving the understanding of issues around attendance. The study highlights a number of priorities for policy and research and will guide the NEWB's strategy to deal with school attendance. It is a foundational piece to the	2007

			development of guidelines for schools on attendance strategies.	
NEWB	Public Survey on Attitudes Towards School Attendance	Emmet Ó'Briain, (MORI Ireland)	The MORI Ireland Guth an Phobail survey was carried out in December 2005 and involved 1,000 adults aged 18 and over. The survey reveals public attitudes towards, and perceptions of, school attendance and will be used by the NEWB to design initiatives to promote school attendance.	2007

NEWB	Analysis of School Attendance Data at Primary and Post Primary Levels for 2005/2006 (also included in ERC section)	ERC	Based on earlier research on attendance data for 2003/4 (Weir, 2004) and 2004/5 (Ó Briain, 2006), the new study will bring the existing database up to date and continue with the attempt to determine the varieties of non-attendance, their socioeconomic correlates, and their impact on students and schools.	Awaiting publication
	Analysis of School Attendance Data at Primary and Post Primary Levels for 2004/2005	Emmet Ó'Briain, (MORI Ireland)	This study summarises attendance data submitted by schools to the NEWB at the end of the 2004/2005 school year.	2006
	Analysis of School Attendance at Primary and Post Primary Schools for	Susan Weir, (ERC)	This was the first comprehensive report on the levels of non-attendance at Irish schools. It summarised attendance data submitted by schools to the NEWB at the	2004

2003/2004	end of the 2003/2004 school
	year.
(also included in	
ERC section)	

OFFICE OF THE MINISTER FOR CHILDREN AND YOUTH AFFAIRS (OMC)

The list of ongoing research projects being supported by the Office of the Minister for Children and Youth Affairs is included at Table 1. Table 2 consists of the list of research projects which have been supported by the OMC and completed since 2000.

If further information is required on a particular project or on the OMC generally, please refer to the OMC website in the first instance (www.omc.gov.ie). If further assistance is required please contact Bairbre Meaney.

Contact details:

Bairbre Meaney Research Team

Address: Office of the Minister for Children and Youth Affairs

Hawkins House

Dublin 2

Website: www.omc.gov.ie

E-mail: Bairbre_Meaney@health.gov.ie

Tel: 01 6743213 Fax: 01 6743223

Table 1 : Ongoing research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Projected completion date
OMC	Public Library Services for Children and Young People in Ireland	Professor Robbie Gilligan (Children's Research Centre, TCD)	This research will investigate young people's (13-17 year of age) opinions and perceptions of current library services, as well as obtain their ideas for creating a public library that would appeal to their age group. Focus groups, participant observation, documentary analysis and a survey of libraries will be used to meet the aims and objectives of this research.	2008

OMC	A Follow Up Study on the Educational and Social Support Experiences of Young People in Long-Term Foster Care	Professor Robbie Gilligan (Children's Research Centre, TCD)	This quantitative study is the second phase of a project looking at the progress of a national cohort of young people in long-term foster care. Specifically, the study will re-examine the day to day experiences of education and schooling for young people in long term foster care.	2008
OMC (in conjunction with the Department of Social and Family Affairs and the Central Statistics Office)	'Growing Up in Ireland' – National Longitudinal Study of Children in Ireland (also included in ESRI section)	ESRI and Children's Research Centre, TCD	This study aims to provide a database for a comprehensive understanding of Irish children's development. The research will focus on 18,000 children (8,000 nine-year-olds and 10,000 nine-month-olds) over seven years. At least two sweeps of data collection are envisaged for both groups.	Commenced in April 2006. First results due 2008. The overall project will run for 7 years. Depending on how the project rolls out it may be extended beyond that period.

Table 2 : Completed research

Supporting Organisation	Project Title	Researcher	Brief Summary	Completion date
OMC	Play and Technology for Children Aged 4-12	Dr. Brian O'Neill Stella Downey Noirin Hayes (Centre for Social and Educational Research, DIT)	This study of the role of technology in play explores the play activities of Irish children (4-8 and 8-12), identifying technologies used in daily play patterns and looking at the wider implications for physiological and behavioural development, education and lifestyle. The project presents children's perspectives on the meanings, interpretations and value placed on technology-based play as well as documenting the views of parents and teachers on the opportunities and dangers involved.	2007

OMC	The Educational and Social Support Experiences of Young People in Long-Term Foster Care	Professor Robbie Gilligan (Children's Research Centre, TCD)	This quantitative study looked at the day to day experiences of education and schooling for young people aged 13-14 years in long term foster care. The issues examined in the study included the social supports in terms of contact with birth family, friendship networks, and participation in hobbies / leisure activities of these young people and the relationship of placement conditions with the young people's education, schooling and social supports.	2005
-----	---	---	---	------

OMC	Second Level	Dr. Jean Whyte,	The principal objectives of	2005
	Student	(Children's	this research were to examine	
	Councils	Research Centre,	contemporary thinking on	
		TCD)	student councils; describe the	
			operation of student councils	
			in Ireland; identify enablers	
			and barriers to good practice	
			in the establishment,	
			development and operation of	
			student councils as perceived	
			by management, teachers,	
			students and other key	
			personnel; identify ways in	
			which student councils can	
			play a meaningful role in	
			second level schools; make	
		recommendations about how		
			student councils can be	
			effectively supported; and	
			make recommendations on	
			the training needs of all	
			stakeholders.	