COUNTRY

Official certificate to the EU

Part I : Details of consignment

I.1. Consignor
Name
Address
Country ISO Code

I.2. Certificate reference

I.3. Central competent authority

I.4. Local competent authority

I.2.a. IMSOC reference

Specimen not to be used for imports into the EU

I.5. Consignee
Name
Address
Country ISO Code

I.6. Responsible for the consignment in EU
Name
Address
Country ISO Code

I.7. Country of origin ISO Code	I.8. Region of origin Code	I.9. Country of destination ISO Code	I.10. Region of destination Code

I.11. Place of dispatch
Name
Address
Approval Number
Country ISO Code

I.12. Place of destination
Name
Address
Approval Number
Country ISO Code

I.13. Place of loading
Name
Address
Approval Number
Country ISO Code

I.14. Date and time of departure

I.15. Means of Transport

Mode	International transport document	Identification

I.16. Entry BCP
Authority
Country

I.18. Transport conditions
Chilled ☐ **Frozen** ☐ **Ambient** ☐

I.17. Accompanying documents
Type
Number

I.19. Container No / Seal No

I.20. Certified as
Canning industry ☐ **Slaughter** ☐ **Approved Bodies** ☐ **Circus/exhibition** ☐ **Other** ☐ **Pets** ☐ **Technical Use** ☐ **Quarantine** ☐ **Fattening** ☐ **Animal Feedingstuff** ☐ **Artificial reproduction** ☐ **Pharmaceutical use** ☐ **Registered equidae** ☐ **Further process** ☐ **Game restocking** ☐ **Human Consumption** ☐ **Production of petfood** ☐ **Relaying** ☐ **Manufacture of petfood** ☐ **Trade samples** ☐ **Petfood** ☐ **Breeding/production** ☐

I.21. For transit ☐
Non-EU ISO Code

I.22. For internal market ☐

I.23. For re-entry ☐

I.25. Quantity

I.26. Total gross weight

I.27. Description of consignment

1. 01 LIVE ANIMALS

0102 Live bovine animals

Commodity	Species	Breed/Category	Identification system	Birth date

Gender	Quantity

Part II : Certification

II. Health information

Part II : Certification

II. Health information

II.1. Public health attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify, that the animals described in Part I:

II.1.1. have not received:

- any stilbene or thyrostatic substances,
- oestrogenic, androgenic, gestagenic or beta-agonist substances for purposes other than therapeutic or zootechnical treatment (as defined in Council Directive 96/22/EC);

II.1.2. fulfil the guarantees covering live animals and products thereof provided by the residue plans submitted in accordance with Article 29 of Council Directive 96/23/EC and the concerned animals are listed in Commission Decision 2011/163/EU for the concerned country of origin;

II.1.3. with regard to bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE):

(a) the animals are identified by a permanent identification system enabling them to be traced back to the dam and herd of origin, and they are not:

(i) BSE cases;

(ii) bovine animals which, during their first year of life, were reared with BSE cases during their first year of life, and which an investigation has shown that they have consumed the same potentially contaminated feed during that period, or

(iii) if the results of the investigation referred to in indent (ii) are inconclusive, bovine animals which, during their first year of life, were reared with BSE cases during their first year of life, or were born in the same herd as, and within 12 months preceding or following the date of the birth of, the BSE cases;

and

(1) either ○ [(b) (i) the animals were born and continuously reared in a country or region or countries or regions classified in accordance with Commission Decision 2007/453/EC as countries or regions posing a negligible BSE risk;

(ii) if there have been BSE indigenous cases in the country concerned, the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health, was effectively enforced, or they were born after the date of birth of the last BSE indigenous case if born after the date of the feed ban.]

(1) or ○ [(b) (i) the country or region of origin of the animals is classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing a controlled BSE risk;

(ii) the animals were born after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health, was effectively enforced, or they were born after the date of birth of the last BSE indigenous case if born after the date of the feed ban.]

(1) or ○ [(b) (i) the country or region of origin of the animals is classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing an undetermined BSE risk;

(ii) the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves from ruminants, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health, has been banned and the ban has been effectively enforced in the country or region of origin;

Part II : Certification

II. Health information

(iii) the animals were born at least two years after the date from which the ban on the feeding of ruminants with meat-and-bone meal and greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health, was effectively enforced, or they were born after the date of birth of the last BSE indigenous case if born after the date of the feed ban.]

II.2. Animal health attestation

I, the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify that the animals described in Part I:

II.2.1. come from the zone with code: _____ - _____(2) which, at the date of issue of this certificate is authorised for entry into the Union of bovine animals intended for slaughter and is listed in Part 1 of Annex II to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404.

II.2.2. are intended for slaughter in the Union.

II.2.3. have remained continuously:

(i) in the zone referred to in point II.2.1. since birth or for a period of time of at least 3 months prior to the date of their dispatch to the Union, and

(ii) in the establishment of origin since birth or for a period of time of at least 40 days prior to the date of their dispatch to the Union, into which during this period no bovine animals and no animals of other species listed for the same diseases as bovine animals have been introduced.

II.2.4. had no contact with animals of a lower health status since birth or at least for 30 days prior to the date of their dispatch to the Union.

II.2.5. are not to be killed under a national programme for the eradication of diseases, including the relevant listed diseases referred to in Annex I to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692 and emerging diseases.

(1) either ○ [II.2.6. have been dispatched directly from the establishment of origin to the Union without passing through any other establishment].

(1) or ○ [II.2.6. have undergone one single assembly operation in the zone of origin fulfilling the following requirements:

(a) the assembly operation took place in an establishment:

(i) approved for conducting assembly operations of ungulates by the competent authority in the third country or territory in accordance with Article 5 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/2035;

(ii) which has an unique approval number assigned by the competent authority of the third country or territory;

(iii) listed for that purpose by the competent authority of the third country or territory of dispatch, including the information set out in Article 21 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/2035;

(iv) fulfilling the requirements provided for in Article 8 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692;

(b) the assembly operation in the assembly centre took no longer than 6 days.]

II.2.7. have not been unloaded in any place that does not comply with the requirements laid down in point II.2.12. since they were dispatched from their establishment of origin until they are loaded for dispatch to the Union and during that period they have not been in contact with animals of a lower health status.

II.2.8. are loaded for dispatch to the Union on _____ (dd/mm/yyyy)(3) in a means of transport which was cleaned and disinfected prior to loading with a disinfectant authorised by the competent authority of the third country or territory and constructed in such a way that:

(i) animals cannot escape or fall out;

(ii) visual inspection of the space where animals are kept is possible;

(iii) the escape of animal excrements, litter or feed is prevented or minimized.

Part II : Certification

II. Health information

II.2.9. have been subjected to a clinical inspection within the 24 hour period prior to loading for dispatch to the Union, carried out by an official veterinarian in the third country or territory of origin, who did not detect signs indicative of the occurrence of diseases, including the relevant listed diseases referred to in Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692 and emerging diseases.

II.2.10. have not been vaccinated against:

(i) foot and mouth disease, infection with Rift Valley fever virus, infection with Mycoplasma mycoides subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia), Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex (M.bovis, M.caprae and M.tuberculosis) and infection with Brucella abortus, B. melitensis and B. suis, and

(ii) infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24) with a live vaccine during 60 days prior to their dispatch to the Union.

II.2.11. come from a zone:

II.2.11.1. in which:

(i) foot and mouth disease has not been reported for:

either ○ [at least 24 months prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union](1)

or ○ [since _____ (dd/mm/yyyy)](1)(4)

(ii) vaccination against foot and mouth disease has not been carried out for at least 12 months prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union, and no animals vaccinated against foot and mouth disease have been introduced during that period.

II.2.11.2. in which infection with lumpy skin disease virus has not been reported for at least 12 months prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.

II.2.11.3. in which infection with rinderpest virus, infection with Rift Valley fever virus and infection with Mycoplasma mycoides subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia) has not been reported for at least 12 months prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union and during that period:

(i) vaccination against these diseases has not been carried out, and

(ii) animals vaccinated against these diseases have not been introduced.

either ○ [II.2.11.4. which is free from infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24).](1)(5)

or ○ [II.2.11.4. which is seasonally free from infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24):

either ○ [II.2.11.4.1. for at least 60 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.](1)(6)

or ○ [II.2.11.4.1. for at least 28 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union and the animals have been subjected to a serological test in accordance with Article 9(b) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692, with negative results, carried out on samples collected at least 28 days following the date of entry of the animal into the seasonally free zone.](1)(6)

or ○ [II.2.11.4.1. for at least 14 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union and have been subjected to a PCR test, with negative results, carried out on samples collected at least 14 days following the date of entry of the animal in the seasonally free zone.](1)(6)

or ○ [II.2.11.4. is not free from infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24) and the animals have been vaccinated against all the serotypes (1 to 24) of bluetongue virus reported during the past 2 years in that zone and are still within the immunity period of time guaranteed in the specifications of the vaccine, and

Part II : Certification

II. Health information

either ○ [II.2.11.4.1.] have been vaccinated more than 60 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.]](1)

or ○ [II.2.11.4.1.] have been vaccinated with an inactivated vaccine and were subjected to a PCR test, with negative results on samples collected at least 14 days after the onset of the immunity protection set in the specifications of the vaccine.]](1)

or ○ [II.2.11.4. is not free from infection with bluetongue virus (serotypes 1-24) and the animals have been subjected with positive results to a serological test able to detect specific antibodies against all serotypes (1 to 24) of bluetongue virus reported during the past 2 years in that zone, and

either ○ [II.2.11.4.1 the serological test has been carried out on samples collected at least 60 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.]](1)

or ○ [II.2.11.4.1.] the serological test has been carried out on samples collected at least 30 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union and the animals were subjected to a PCR test, with negative results, carried out on samples collected not earlier than 14 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.]](1)

either ○ [II.2.11.5. is free from enzootic bovine leukosis.](1)(7)

or ○ [II.2.11.5. is not free from enzootic bovine leukosis and the disease has not been reported in the establishment of origin of the animals during at least the 24 months prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union, and

☐ [II.2.11.5.1. the animals of the consignment over 24 months:

either ○ [II.2.11.5.1.1. have been kept in isolation from the other bovine animals kept in the same establishment prior to dispatch to the Union and during the period of isolation have been subjected to a laboratory examination for enzootic bovine leukosis using one of the diagnostic methods referred to in Article 9(b)(i) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692, with negative results, carried out on samples taken on two occasions at an interval of at least 4 months.]](1)

or ○ [II.2.11.5.1.1. have been subjected to a laboratory examination for enzootic bovine leukosis using one of the diagnostic methods referred to in Article 9(b)(i) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692, with negative results, carried out on a sample taken during the 30 day period prior to the date of their dispatch to the Union and all bovine animals over 24 months kept in the establishment of origin have been subjected to a laboratory examination for enzootic bovine leukosis with one of the diagnostic methods referred to in Article 9(b)(i) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692, carried out, with negative results, on samples taken on two occasions at an interval of not less than 4 months during the 12 month period prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.]](1)

☐ [II.2.11.5.2. the animals of the consignment younger than 24 months of age were born to dams which have been subjected to a laboratory examination for enzootic bovine leukosis with one of the diagnostic methods referred to in Article 9(b)(i) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692, with negative results, carried out on samples taken on two occasions at an interval of not less than 4 months during the 12 month period prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.]](1)

II.2.12. come from an establishment:

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II. Health information

II.2.12.1. which is registered by and under the control of the competent authority of the third country or territory of origin and has a system in place to maintain for at least 3 years up-to-date records containing information regarding:

(i) the species, categories, number and identification of animals on the establishment;

(ii) movements of animals into and out of the establishment;

(iii) mortality in the establishment.

II.2.12.2. which receives regular animal health visits from a veterinarian for the purpose of the detection of, and information on, signs indicative of the relevant listed diseases referred to in Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692 and emerging diseases, at a frequency that is proportional to the risk posed by the establishment.

II.2.12.3. which was not subject to national restriction measures for animal health reasons, including the relevant listed diseases referred to in Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692 and emerging diseases, at the time of dispatch of the animals to the Union.

II.2.12.4. in and around which, in an area of 10 km radius, including where appropriate the territory of a neighbouring country, none of the following listed diseases has been reported for at least 30 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union: foot and mouth disease, infection with rinderpest virus, infection with Rift valley fever virus, infection with Mycoplasma mycoides subsp. mycoides SC (Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia) and infection with lumpy skin disease virus.

either ○ [II.2.12.5. in and around which, in an area with a 150 km radius, including where appropriate the territory of a neighbouring country, epizootic haemorrhagic disease has not been reported for at least 2 years before the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.](1)

or ○ [II.2.12.5. which is located in a zone seasonally free of epizootic haemorrhagic disease.](1)(8)

☐ [II.2.12.6. free from infection with Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex (M. bovis, M. caprae and M. tuberculosis) as regards bovine animals.](1)(9)

☐ [II.2.12.7. free from infection with Brucella abortus, B. melitensis and B. suis as regards bovine animals.](1)(9)

II.2.12.8. in which infection with rabies virus has not been reported for at least 30 days prior to dispatch of the animals to the Union.

II.2.12.9. in which anthrax has not been reported for at least 15 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.

either ○ [II.2.12.10. in which surra (Trypanosoma evansi) has not been reported for at least 2 years prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.](1)

or ○ [II.2.12.10. in which surra (Trypanosoma evansi) has not been reported for at least 30 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union and when the disease was reported in the establishment of origin during the 2 years prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union, the establishment remained under restriction until the infected animals were removed from the establishment and the remaining animals on the establishment were subjected with negative result to a test for surra (Trypanosoma evansi) as described in Article 9(b)(i) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692 carried out on samples taken at least 6 months after the infected animals were removed from the establishment.](1)

(1)(10) ☐ [II.2.13. the animals have not been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis, and

either ○ [II.2.13.1. originate from a third country or territory or zone thereof free from Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/ infectious pustular vulvovaginitis.]](1)(11)

Part II : Certification

II. Health information

or ○ [II.2.13.1.] have been kept in quarantine for at least 30 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union and have undergone a serological test for the detection of antibodies against whole bovine herpes virus-1 (BoHV-1) with one of the diagnostic methods referred to in Article 9(b)(i) of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692, with negative results, on a sample taken within 15 days prior to the date of dispatch of the animals to the Union.]](1)

(1)(10) ☐ [II.2.14. the animals have not been vaccinated against bovine viral diarrhoea, and:

either ○ [II.2.14.1.] originate from a third country or territory or zone thereof free from bovine viral diarrhoea.]](1)(12)

or ○ [II.2.14.1.] have been tested for bovine viral diarrhoea virus antigen or genome using one of the diagnostic methods provided for in Part 6 of Annex I to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688 with negative results, and

either ○ [II.2.14.1.1.] have been kept in a quarantine establishment for a period of at least 21 days prior to their dispatch to the Union.]]](1)

or ○ [II.2.14.1.1.] the animals are pregnant dams and have been kept in a quarantine establishment for a period of at least 21 days prior to their dispatch to the Union and have been subjected to a serological test for the detection of antibodies against bovine viral diarrhoea virus using one of the diagnostic methods provided for in Part 6 of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688 with negative results carried out on samples taken not less than 21 days after the commencement of the quarantine.]]](1)

or ○ [II.2.14.1.1.] have been subjected to a serological test for the detection of antibodies against bovine viral diarrhoea virus using one of the diagnostic methods provided for in Part 6 of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, with positive results, carried out on samples taken prior to their dispatch to the Union.]]](1)

or ○ [II.2.14.1.1.] the animals are pregnant dams that have been subjected to serological test for the detection of antibodies against bovine viral diarrhoea virus using one of the diagnostic methods provided for in Part 6 of Annex I to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/688, with positive results, carried out on samples taken before insemination preceding the current gestation.]](1)

Part II : Certification

II. Health information

Notes:

This certificate is intended for entry of bovine animals that will be slaughtered in the Union.

In accordance with the Agreement on the withdrawal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland from the European Union and the European Atomic Energy Community, and in particular Article 5(4) of the Protocol on Ireland / Northern Ireland in conjunction with Annex 2 to that Protocol, references to European Union in this certificate include the United Kingdom in respect of Northern Ireland.

This animal health/official certificate shall be completed according to the notes for the completion of certificates provided for in Chapter 4 of Annex I to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/2235.

Part I:

Box reference I.27: "Identification system and identification number": Specify the identification system (such as ear tag, tattoo, transponder etc., from the list in Annex III to Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/2035) and the individual identification codes of the animals in accordance with Article 21.1 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692.

Part II:

(1) Keep as appropriate.

(2) Code of the zone as it appears in Column 2 of Part 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404.

(3) Date of loading: it cannot be a date prior to the date of authorisation of the zone for entry into the Union, or a date in a period when restriction measures have been adopted by the Union against entries of these animals from this zone.

(4) Only for zones with opening date in accordance with column 8 in part 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404.

(5) For zones with entry BTV in column 7 of Part 1 of Annex I to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404.

(6) For zones with entry SF-BTV in column 7 of Part 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404.

(7) For zones with entry EBL in column 7 of Part 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404.

(8) For zones with entry SF-EHD in column 7 of Part 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404.

(9) In accordance with Article 10 of Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/692.

(10) Only applicable when the Member State of destination or Switzerland, in accordance with the Agreement between the European Community and the Swiss Confederation on trade in agricultural products (OJ L 114, 30.4.2002), either have disease-free status or an approved eradication programme for the diseases mentioned in point II.2.12 and II.2.13 (infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis and bovine viral diarrhoea).

(11) For zones with entry IBR in column 7 of Part 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404.

(12) For zones with entry BVD in column 7 of Part 1 of Annex II to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/404.

Official veterinarian or Official inspector

Name (in capital letters) Qualification and title

Date of signature Signature

Stamp