29 April 2021

Dr Tony Holohan

Chief Medical Officer

Department of Health

Block 1, Miesian Plaza

50-58 Lower Baggot Street

Dublin 2

Review and confirmation of recommendations, for the purpose of up-to-date information to the

Minister prior to designation

Dear Tony,

I refer to previous letters to you in my capacity as Chair of the Expert Advisory Group on Travel (EAGT)

concerning the approach and criteria advised by the EAGT in fulfilling its mandate and in particular in

providing analysis, data and recommendations to you, to assist in the performance of your role, as

referred to in section 38E of the Health Act 1947, of advising the Minister for Health in relation to the

designation of states for the purpose of mandatory quarantine and the revocation of such

designations.

As you will recall, the most recent recommendations of the EAGT to you relating to designation of

states and revocation of designations (following individualised country-specific analysis) were set out

in a letter dated 23 April 2021. It is understood this analysis was taken into account by you in provision

of advice to the Minister in a letter dated 23 April 2021.

It is further understood that the Minister has, following consideration of your advice, announced an

intention to designate, as and from 29 April, certain of the states recommended by the EAGT namely:

Azerbaijan, Costa Rica, Georgia, Iran, India, Mongolia.

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As requested, I am writing to you now (1) in the context of the regular review by the EAGT of the situation and (2) in order to ensure that the Minister has access to the most up-to-date data and analysis prior to designation of these additional states.

Variants of concern

The country of **India** which the Minister has announced his intention to designate on 29 April was recommended for designation by the EAGT in our letter of 23 April on the basis of variants of concern (VOC).

In line with the EAGT agreed process, which considers ECDC, WHO, and European Commission guidance, VOC data is reviewed on a fortnightly basis, with this interval regarded appropriate from an epidemiological / public health perspective, reflecting the more sustained nature of VOC threat and slower pace of change of VOC data as compared to incidence data. For that reason, this letter solely considers a review of states which are intended to be designated on the basis of incidence, noting that the position of countries designated based on VOC is being kept under review.

Very high incidence and high incidence

The additional states which it is understood the Minister intends to designate on 29 April – Azerbaijan, Costa Rica, Georgia, Iran, Mongolia – were among the states recommended for designation by the EAGT on 23 April on the basis of very high incidence (defined as a 14-day incidence greater than 500 per 100,000) or high incidence (defined as a 14-day incidence less than 500 per 100,000 and greater than 2.5 times Ireland's 14-day incidence) of Covid-19.

The recommendations based on 14-day incidence contained the 23 April letter of the EAGT reflect ECDC incidence data from 22 April 2021, which is updated weekly. Bearing this in mind and in advance of the Minister's designation, the EAGT has reviewed the most recent available data, reflecting ECDC incidence data from 29 April 2021, in relation to all such countries with individualised assessment in each case. The EAGT has conducted a similar review of the most recent available data in relation to all other states which are currently designated, following a recommendation to do so on the basis of very high incidence or high incidence.

Following individualised consideration of that most recent available data and as set out in more detail in the annex, the EAGT can confirm that the states concerned - Andorra, Armenia, Aruba, Bahrain, Bermuda, Bosnia and Herzegovina, **Costa Rica**, Curaçao, **Georgia**, **Iran**, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Maldives, **Mongolia**, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Palestine, Puerto Rico, Serbia, and Ukraine continue to meet the 14-day incidence threshold of either very high or high risk of transmission (as

defined above). For this reason, the EAGT remains of the view that there is known to be sustained

human transmission of Covid-19 in these states with a high risk of importation of infection or

contamination with Covid-19 by travel from that state, within the meaning of section 38E of the Health

Act 1947.

Designation

In accordance with the recommendations above I can confirm that the advice of the EAGT is for

designation of Costa Rica, Georgia, Iran, India, and Mongolia.

Revocation

The recommendations based on 14-day incidence contained the 23 April letter of the EAGT advised

the revocation of the designation of Moldova, Monaco and Wallis and Futuna. I can confirm that it

remains the advice of the EAGT that these designations may be revoked.

Having reviewed the most recent data, based on 14-day incidence data from 29 April 2021, the EAGT

is additionally advising revocation of Bonaire, Saint Eustatius and Saba, and San Marino, and is no

longer recommending designation of Azerbaijan.

In providing this information, we note that the source used was the European Centre for Disease

Control and Prevention (ECDC), which reported Ireland's 14-day incidence at 108.0 per 100,000 on 15

April and 114.6 per 100,000 on 29 April, reflecting consistency in the data source and time-period

being utilised in informing these recommendations.

I hope this information is useful to you, to ensure that your advice to the Minister of Health in relation

to designation of states under section 38E of the Health Act 1947 continues to be informed by the

best available and most recent data and analysis.

Yours sincerely,

Dr Darina O'Flanagan

Chair Expert Advisory Group on Travel

Dalie O Haspan

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