

ANNEX XXVII

RISK MITIGATING TREATMENTS FOR MILK AND DAIRY PRODUCTS

	A	B
Species of origin of the milk and the dairy products	<i>Bos Taurus</i> , <i>Ovis aries</i> , <i>Capra hircus</i> , <i>Bubalus bubalis</i> and <i>Camelus dromedarius</i>	Other than <i>Bos Taurus</i> , <i>Ovis aries</i> , <i>Capra hircus</i> , <i>Bubalus bubalis</i> and <i>Camelus dromedarius</i>
Animal health status of the third country	1. Third countries not officially free of foot and mouth (FMD) for the preceding 12 months 2. Third countries where vaccination against FMD is practised	Any
Sterilisation process, to achieve an F_0 value equal to or greater than 3	Yes	Yes
Ultra-high temperature (UHT) treatment at not less than 135 °C in combination with a suitable holding time	Yes	Yes
High temperature short time pasteurisation treatment (HTST) at 72 °C for 15 seconds applied twice to milk with a pH equal to or greater than 7,0 achieving, where applicable, a negative reaction to a alkaline phosphatase test, applied immediately after the heat treatment	Yes	No
HTST treatment of milk with a pH below 7,0	Yes	No
HTST treatment combined with another physical treatment by either: (i) lowering the pH below 6 for one hour; or (ii) additional heating equal to or greater than 72 °C, combined with desiccation	Yes	No
No: treatment not permitted Yes: acceptable treatment		