CervicalCheck Steering Committee

Weekly report to the Minister

7 June 2019

1. Update on support package

The provision of supports to women and families is continuing. In addition, measures have been put in place to ensure that retrospective costs are reimbursed, while an automatic review system is in place to simplify and streamline the claims process to ensure prompt payment of all items covered by the Government decision. As of end-May, €1.46m has been reimbursed in respect of various health and social care costs, €973,000 of which relates to retrospective payments. There will also be additional costs associated with the medical cards that have been issued and the meeting of certain drug costs.

2. Release of records

The HSE remains focused on responding to all requests for records as soon as possible. To aid this process, external legal advisors are liaising with women and their solicitors on the release of slides. The protocol in place ensures the integrity and traceability of slides being transferred; solicitors are required to provide specific information about their chosen laboratory before slides can be released; this ensures the integrity of the slide is protected and all slides can be traced when they leave their current location. The HSE has reported that the average time to deliver slides to independent experts is 27 days. To date, 131 slides out of a total number of 136 have been provided to women and families. A further 5 requests are currently being processed.

3. Independent Expert Panel Review

1,073 (63%) women have consented to take part in the International Clinical Expert Review led by the Royal College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists (RCOG), of the total number of 1,702 invited.

The Expert Review Panel has been provided with colposcopy and other data from CervicalCheck in respect of women who have consented to participate, and the transfer of slides from CervicalCheck labs for the purpose of the Expert Panel Review concluded on 7 June 2019. The RCOG Expert Review Panel visited Dublin on May 17-19 and met with a panel of women or their next-of-kin who are participating in the review. The purpose of this meeting was to enhance the person-centredness of the reporting process. In addition, the Panel viewed patient case files and held meetings with Officials from the Department of Health and the HSE during this visit.

Work is ongoing by the HSE's RCOG Clinical Open Disclosure Group in relation to communicating results of the RCOG review to women in due course.

The Information Line remains in service and integrated with the larger helpline and the HSE reports that a low level of calls is being received.

4. Smeartaking activity

The total number of additional GP consultations was around 112,000. The estimated number of early repeat smear tests which took place between May 1st and December 31st is approximately 57,810, or just over half the number of consultations.

The HSE reports that tests are currently being reported between 3 weeks and 30 weeks of the test being taken. In some cases, this is taking longer. The HSE reports that over half of samples received by the labs are being processed within 6 weeks.

The HSE reports that steady progress is being made in dealing with the backlog, with the overall number of outstanding tests reducing. The HSE reports that as of 2 June 2019, the total number of outstanding smear tests was 61,034.

The lab with the largest backlog has ceased accepting new tests from 1 May and will now focus solely on tests in the backlog. The HSE has agreed with this lab that it carry out a HPV test on smear test samples, prior to cytology, as a means of prioritising slides appropriately. It is expected that approximately 15% of the total samples taken will be HPV positive. These samples will be prioritised for cytology by the laboratory.

5. Laboratory capacity

Following a global search for capacity, Quest Diagnostics was identified by the HSE as having the necessary capacity to sustain the national cervical screening programme and a contract for the provision of this additional capacity was signed on 7 June.

6. Introduction of HPV as the primary method of testing

Colposcopy capacity planning is underway by the National Women and Infants Health Programme, which is required to support the introduction of the HPV test. This work includes reviewing current operational pressures for all colposcopy units as well as the impact of the introduction of primary HPV testing and the RCOG review.

A significant volume of work is underway within the HSE to support the introduction of primary HPV screening. A Steering Group is in place to oversee the project, chaired by the Clinical Director of CervicalCheck, with a dedicated project team in place in the National Screening Service to support this work.

7. Colposcopy waiting times

The most recently reported data is valid to end April 2019. 81% of women with high grade abnormalities were seen within 4 weeks of referral (against target of 90%). 84% of women with low grade abnormalities were seen within 8 weeks of referral (against target of 90%).

Currently, time taken in a clinical setting is reported to be considerably longer to facilitate answering questions and putting women at ease, and efforts to manage any impact on waiting times include extra clinical sessions and a focus on waiting list management through appropriate categorisation of referrals.

8. Ex-gratia scheme for non-disclosure

The terms of the CervicalCheck non-disclosure ex-gratia scheme were approved by Government on 11 March 2019, including an Independent Assessment Panel comprising a retired High Court Judge (who will act as Chair), an independent clinician and a person of good standing. The Chair of the Independent Assessment Panel, Mr Justice Aindrias Ó'Caoimh, was appointed on 5 March 2019, and the remaining two members were appointed by the Minister on 23 April. On 8 May letters issued to women in the 221 cohort, or their next of kin, inviting them to participate in the scheme.

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Oversight and engagement with the HSE on modules of its work as follows:

- 1. Management of supports to patients/families
- 2. Provision of documents to patients
- 3. Interface with RCOG Review
- 4. Management of laboratory capacity issues
- 5. Introduction of HPV Screening
- 6. Colposcopy

1. Management of supports to patients/families

Significant Issues

There are no exceptional items to report in relation to Community Supports.

2. Provision of documents to patients

Significant Issues

Current position, issues & challenges

The team remains focused on responding to all slide requests as soon as possible - the average time to deliver slides to the independent expert is 27 days. Weekly operational meetings continue to monitor the laboratories.

The HSE has provided 131 slides out of a total number of 136. There are 5 currently being processed.

A total number of 580 records have been provided, out of a total number of 588 requests. There are 8 outstanding which are being processed.

Issues: The HSE has identified a significant number of cases where it has not been informed of the requestors name or/and their designated lab expert where the slides are to be sent to - as a result we are working with those solicitors to ensure that all required details are being sent to the labs.

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Project Governance	 Weekly interagency telecon with Expert Review Panel and Department of Health as regards project planning & matters for review/decision – took place Fri 31st May. Meeting held between CCO, National Director NSS, HSE RCOG Programme Lead, AND Acute Operations and CD NWIHP to discuss appropriate governance arrangements. 							
	Actions Progressed	Activities Planned						
Patient Support Services	An update letter (to be signed by ND NSS) has been drafted to Review participants to inform them on current status and apologise for unforeseen delays. Approval received from the DOH. Letter is ready for issue, pending confirmation from ND NSS.							
Laboratory Logistics	Lab	Where slides cannot be retrieved, commence contacting the women or next of kin to advise on status Follow-up with RCOG Expert Panel on their proposed schedule and timeframes for the safe return of slides to labs of origin, so that HSE Programme can support this process.						
Information	transfer to the RCOG-contracted lab in the UK. 5 slides transferred back to original labs w/e 31 May. There were 4 calls to the information line in the last week (200 total							
Case Management System (CMS)	calls to the information line since it opened in August 2018).							
Acute & Community Services	Weekly teleconference with Acute Operations and CervicalCheck — most recent took place Wed 29 May Coordinating provision of clinical records for RCOG Expert Panel to review, as requested by the Panel: Expert Panel has received clinical records in respect of 84 patients to date. A request for clinical records in relation to an additional 27 patients was circulated by Acute Operations to relevant hospitals on Fri 24th May, with records due for return 10th June.	Mid-June: Remaining clinical records (due for return 10 June) to be transported to RCOG for review.						
Clinical Open Disclosure	 Meeting with lead clinicians took place on 29 May. Further engagement required to determine appropriate steps for disclosure. Meeting with Group CEOs took place to discuss progress on identification of treating clinician and to broadly outline likely work involved in open disclosure process. Responses received from 12 hospital groups identifying treating clinician for consented cohort. 	Convene meeting of the additional clinical support identified during week commencing 10 June 2019. Continue engagement with Medical Protection Society (MPS) on the delivery of workshop(s) for those involved in the disclosure of review findings. Workshops originally scheduled for June have been deferred.						
Current position, significant issues	 Identification of treating clinician for the consented cohort has commenced, a large proportion of the consent cohort have attended more than one colposcopy clinic and identifying the appropriate treating clinician may b challenging in these cases. Strategic planning required to minimise impact on current clinical services whilst maintaining the need to disclose review findings in a timely, considerate and patient centred manner. 							

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4. Management of Laboratory Capacity Issues

Average Time for Processing Results

We remain extremely concerned at the length of time being taken for reporting of cervical smear tests, which regrettably are being reported between 3 weeks and 30 weeks of the test being taken. In some cases this is taking longer. However, it is worth noting that over half of samples received by the labs are being processed within 6 weeks.

We have worked with existing private providers, other private providers and public service providers in other countries to try and grow our laboratory capacity. Some of our existing providers have managed to reduce the wait times and we continue to work with others to try and find additional capacity. While we continue to pursue active leads this has proved very challenging due to the global shortage in cytology. This has been caused as a result of the reduced cytology requirement as countries implement HPV primary screening – which sees a reduction of c80% for cytology requirements. We are actively trying to identify possible solutions that will help reduce the wait times which we know are causing a lot of anxiety for women.

Whilst this is very undesirable, our clinical advice is that this poses a very low risk to women. Notwithstanding this, we recognise that these delays are extremely difficult for women and we are making every effort to improve this situation. We have made significant improvements in the turnaround times with two of our three laboratories and are working closely on an improvement plan with the third laboratory. We are absolutely focused on reducing waiting times for results as quickly as possible.

The HSE has been working closely with the lab with the largest number of tests waiting to be processed, MedLab Pathologies Ltd, to clear all outstanding smear tests as a matter of priority. This lab processes smear tests for women based mainly in the south and west of the country. We are making some progress in this regard; with the overall number of outstanding smear tests steadily reducing.

This work with MedLab Pathologies Ltd is being done based on a HPV initial testing model; i.e. HPV testing will be carried out on smear test samples prior to cytology.

While the human papillomavirus (HPV) is a very common virus and usually clears without treatment, some types can cause changes in the cells of the cervix that can later develop into cervical cancer. This HPV testing model was chosen as the most effective way for the lab to process all outstanding tests based on prioritising women most at risk.

This means that:

- All outstanding tests will have an initial HPV test carried out.
- Tests which report as HPV positive will be prioritised for cytology, as these women are considered to have the highest clinical needs.
- Tests which report as HPV negative will have cytology performed as a second priority, as these women are considered to have lower clinical needs.

While this model this may result in an initial further delay for women with negative HPV results, it will ultimately allow women with HPV positive results, who are considered most at risk, to be prioritised and for those women to receive necessary follow-up care.

We hope that this process will provide reassurance to women whose outstanding tests are with MedLab Pathologies Ltd that we are doing out utmost to expedite these tests.

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Governance	HPV Steering Group established with NSS, H	ISE and service user representatives						
	Project team established with CervicalCheck, NSS and HSE membership							
	Detailed project plan on Project Vision managed by PMO team							
Project Team	Project team established with identified project manager and work stream leads							
Composition	CervicalCheck Clinical Director commenced 4/02							
	 National laboratory QA lead appointed. Commenced 14/1 Colposcopy lead still outstanding. There is colposcopy representation on the Clinical Advisory Group (CAG). Meetings with colposcopists are held regularly. 							
Current Position,	Stabilisation of current programme and capacity planning- increase in laboratory test							
Significant Issues	volumes in 2018 has resulted in significant lengthening of the process and reporting timeline							
	Capacity planning is underway to address the backlog with a detailed planned impact							
	 assessment and options appraisal. Public confidence- reporting times and retests are impacting on confidence in the cervical 							
	screening service. • Procurement despite on going work to develop services in the Coembe to maximise public.							
	Procurement- despite on-going work to develop services in the Coombe to maximise public provision in the future, this work is time dependent. Additional lab services will be required.							
	provision in the future, this work is time dependent. Additional lab services will be required for the HPV primary screening transition as there is not sufficient capacity available in the							
	for the HPV primary screening transition as there is not sufficient capacity available in the public sector.							
Project Plan	public sector.							
	Actions Progressed	Activities Planned						
Clinical	Engagement with the Institute of Obs & Gynae	The QA guidelines review by the working						
	and Colposcopy nurses continued.	group of the CAG committee to continue.						
	Additional part-time colposcopy participation has	5						
	provisionally been obtained for the programme.							
	Steering group meeting took place 23/05							
Procurement	Activities paused due to ongoing negotiations	No immediate activities planned at this stage						
	with existing laboratory service providers.	pending the conclusion of current negotiations.						
Labs	Development of the laboratory monitoring	Finalise the long term lab strategy						
	metrics for primary screening HPV continues.	, and the grant and grant						
	The laboratory strategy continues to be							
	developed in line with existing and future							
Communications	procurement models. A dedicated Comms resource has been assigned.	The market research agency to revert with a						
Communications	to the project.	proposal, including methodologies						
	A review to provide baseline insights of all NSS	(qualitative/quantitative/other), costs and						
	screening campaigns' activity in 2018 is now	timeline/dates.						
	complete.	Detailed project plan to be developed, to						
	The market research agency has been briefed on							
	a programme of work to identify the relevant audience insights that will inform the HPV	the Comms work stream.						
	screening campaign							
	A creative agency has been briefed and tasked							
	with carrying out a market review of HPV							
	screening campaigns.							
ICT	Work continued on the IT testing components The string components are a series and the string components.	Work to continue at the GP and Colposcopy while the applicate lab applications.						
	required for the GP practice management system and the colposcopy clinics systems links.	units while the private lab provider is determined.						
	The team continue to update the content	Team are compiling new content, images,						
Resources for	required for the e-learning training module and	references etc. on an ongoing basis for the						
Resources for Health	,	new resources.						
	all materials required to inform all health	new resources.						
Health	all materials required to inform all health professionals.	new resources.						
Health Professionals Hospitals	professionals.The team continue to compile data from their	One final colposcopy unit visit is due to take						
Health Professionals	 professionals. The team continue to compile data from their visits to the colposcopy units in Ireland. 	One final colposcopy unit visit is due to take place to conclude the visits.						
Health Professionals Hospitals	professionals.The team continue to compile data from their	One final colposcopy unit visit is due to take place to conclude the visits.						

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6. Colposcopy

- CervicalCheck has established a network of quality assured colposcopy clinics for women requiring further investigation following a smear test. A woman can be referred to one of 15 colposcopy clinics located nationwide.
- Extra clinical sessions have been added to reduce waiting lists
- Within the current climate time taken in a clinical setting is considerably longer to facilitate answering queries and putting women at ease
- Extra efforts made when appointments are cancelled to fill the vacant slot to further reduce waiting lists.
- Extra efforts to ensure the increased referrals are categorised in a prompt manner to ensure high and low grade are seen within guidelines

Colposcopy data

April					April Data		
	Monthly		Annual YTD		Month Year Colposcopy Clinic Average (Co (& associated histology laboratory)		
	Projected	Actual	Projected	Actual	*Waiting time HG end month - Target 90% to be seen within 4 weeks of referral	81%	
Referrals	1,625	1,555	6,500	5,943	*Waiting time LG end month - Target 90% to be seen within 8 weeks of referral	84%	
					*HG - High Grade, LG - Low Grade **Figures for the Coombe not available this month		