

Model health certificate for imports of consignments of stocks of semen of equidae collected, processed and stored in accordance with Directive 92/65/EEC before 1 Sep 2010 and dispatched after 31 Aug 2010 from an approved semen collection centre of origin of the semen (Regulation 2018/659) GBHC048E

**COUNTRY: Countries subject to transitional import arrangements (\*)**

**Health certificate to Great Britain, Channel Islands and Isle of Man**

<b>Part I: Details of dispatched consignment</b>	I.1. Consignor Name Address				I.2. Certificate reference number		I.2.a. UNN	
	Tel.				I.3. Central Competent Authority			
					I.4. Local Competent Authority			
	I.5. Consignee Name Address  Postal Code Tel.				I.6. Person responsible for the load in Great Britain, Channel Islands and Isle of Man Name Address  Postal Code Tel.			
	I.7. Country of origin		ISO code	I.8. Region of origin		Code	I.9. Country of destination	
							I.10. Region of destination	
	I.11. Place of origin Semen centre <input type="checkbox"/> Name Address  Postal Code				I.12. Place of destination Name Semen centre <input type="checkbox"/> Holding <input type="checkbox"/> Name Address  Postal Code			
	Approval number				Approval number			
	I.13. Place of loading				I.14. Date of departure			
	I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane <input type="checkbox"/> Ship <input type="checkbox"/> Railway wagon <input type="checkbox"/> Road vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Identification: Documentary references:				I.16. Entry BCP in Great Britain, Channel Islands and Isle of Man			
					I.17.			
	I.18. Description of commodity						I.19. Commodity code (HS code) <b>05 11 99 85</b>	
	I.21.				I.20. Quantity		I.22. Number of packages	
	I.23. Seal/Container No.						I.24.	
I.25. Commodity certified for: Artificial reproduction <input type="checkbox"/>								
I.26. For transit through Great Britain, Channel Islands and Isle of Man to third country <input type="checkbox"/>  Third country                      ISO code				I.27. For import or admission into Great Britain, Channel Islands and Isle of Man <input type="checkbox"/>				
I.28. Identification of the commodities								
Species (Scientific Name)		Donor identity		Date of collection		Quantity		

SPECIMEN

**COUNTRY: Countries subject to  
transitional import arrangements (\*)**

**Equine semen - Section C**

**Part II: Certification**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.UNN
<p>I, the undersigned, official veterinarian, of the exporting country <sup>(2)</sup>..... hereby (name of exporting country)</p> <p>certify that:</p>		
<p>II.1. The semen collection centre in which the semen described above was collected, processed and stored for export to Great Britain:</p>		
<p>II.1.1. is approved and supervised by the competent authority according to the conditions of Chapter I, Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC,</p>		
<p>II.1.2. is situated in the territory or in the case of regionalisation according to Article 13 of Directive 2009/156/EC <sup>(6)</sup> in a part of the territory of the country of export which was on the day the semen was collected until the date of dispatch free of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- African horse sickness, in accordance with retained EU law,</li> <li>- Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for 2 years,</li> <li>- glanders and dourine for 6 months;</li> </ul>		
<p>II.1.3. was during the period commencing 30 days prior to the date of collection of the semen until the day of its dispatch not subject to a prohibition order for animal health reasons which laid down one of the following conditions:</p>		
<p>II.1.3.1. if not all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located in the holding were slaughtered or killed, the prohibition lasted for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 6 months, beginning on the day on which the equidae suffering from the disease are slaughtered, in the case of equine encephalomyelitis,</li> <li>- a period required to carry out with negative result two Coggins tests 3 months apart in the animals remaining after the infected animals have been slaughtered, in the case of infectious equine anaemia,</li> <li>- 6 months, in the case of vesicular stomatitis,</li> <li>- one month from the last recorded case, in the case of rabies,</li> <li>- 15 days from the last recorded case, in the case of anthrax.</li> </ul>		
<p>II.1.3.2. if all the animals of species susceptible to the disease located in the holding have been slaughtered or killed and the premises disinfected, the prohibition lasted for 30 days, or 15 days in the case of anthrax, beginning on the day on which following the destruction of the animals the disinfection of the premises was satisfactorily completed;</p>		
<p>II.1.4. contained during the period commencing 30 days prior to semen collection and lasting until the date of its dispatch only equidae which were free of clinical signs of equine viral arteritis and contagious equine metritis,</p>		
<p>II.2. Prior to entering the semen collection centre the donor stallions and any other equidae located in the centre:</p>		
<p>II.2.1. were continuously resident for 3 months (or since entry if they were directly imported from Great Britain during the 3 months period) in the territory or in the case of regionalisation in a part of the territory<sup>(1)</sup> of the country of export which was during that period free of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- African horse sickness, in accordance with retained EU law</li> <li>- Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis for 2 years,</li> <li>- glanders for 6 months,</li> <li>- dourine for 6 months;</li> </ul>		

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**Equine semen - Section C**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.UNN
(1) either [II.2.2. originated from the territory of the country of export which was on the day of admission into the centre free of vesicular stomatitis for 6 months,]		
(1) or [II.2.2. were tested by a virus neutralisation test for vesicular stomatitis in a blood sample taken on ..... (4), this being within 14 days prior to entering the centre, with negative result at serum dilution of 1 in 12;]		
II.2.3. originated from holdings which on the day of admission onto the centre fulfilled the requirements of point II.1.3;		
II.3. The semen described above was collected from donor stallions, which:		
II.3.1. on the day the semen was collected have not shown clinical signs of an infectious or contagious disease,		
II.3.2. during at least 30 days prior to collection of the semen have not been used for natural service,		
II.3.3. during the last 30 days prior to collection of the semen have been kept on holdings where no equine animal showed clinical signs of equine viral arteritis,		
II.3.4. during the last 60 days prior to collection of the semen have been kept on holdings where no equine animal showed clinical signs of contagious equine metritis,		
II.3.5. to the best of my knowledge and as far as I could ascertain have not been in contact with equidae suffering from an infectious or contagious disease the 15 days immediately preceding the collection of the semen;		
II.3.6. have undergone the following animal health tests carried out in a laboratory recognised by the competent authority, in accordance with a test programme as specified in point II.3.7:		
II.3.6.1. an agar-gel immuno-diffusion test (Coggins test) for equine infectious anaemia with negative result (3);		
(1) either [II.3.6.2. a serum neutralisation test for equine viral arteritis with negative result at a serum dilution of 1 in 4;]		
(1) or [II.3.6.2. a virus isolation test for equine viral arteritis carried out with negative result on an aliquot of the entire semen;]		
II.3.6.3. a test for contagious equine metritis carried out on two occasions with an interval of 7 days by isolation of <i>Taylorella equigenitalis</i> from pre-ejaculatory fluid or a semen sample and from genital swabs taken at least from the penile sheath, urethra and from the urethral fossa with negative result in each case;		
II.3.7. have been subjected to one of the following test programmes (5):		
II.3.7.1. The donor stallion was continuously resident on the collection centre for at least 30 days prior to the semen collection, and during the collection period, and no equidae on the collection centre came during that time into direct contact with equidae of lower health status than the donor stallions.		
The tests required in point II.3.6 have been carried out on samples taken on ..... (4)		
and on ..... (4), at least 14 days after the commencement of the above residence period and at least at the beginning of the breeding season;		

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**Equine semen - Section C**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.UNN
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II.3.7.2. The donor stallion was not continuously resident on the collection centre or other equidae on the collection centre came into direct contact with equidae of lower health status than the donor stallions.

The tests required in point II.3.6 have been carried out on samples taken on .....<sup>(4)</sup>

and on .....<sup>(4)</sup>, within the 14 days period before the first semen collection and at least at the beginning of breeding season.

The test required in point II.3.6.1 was last carried out on a sample of blood taken not more than 120 days before the semen was collected on .....<sup>(4)</sup>;

(<sup>1</sup>) either [The test required in point II.3.6.2 was last carried out not more than 30 days before the semen was collected on .....<sup>(4)</sup>];]

(<sup>1</sup>) or [The non-shedder state of the seropositive stallion for equine viral arteritis was confirmed by a virus isolation test which was carried out not more than one year before the semen was collected on .....<sup>(4)</sup>];]

II.3.7.3. The tests required in point II.3.6 have been carried out during the 30 days mandatory storage period of frozen semen and not less than 14 days after the collection of the semen on samples taken on .....<sup>(4)</sup> and on .....<sup>(4)</sup>;

II.4. The semen described above was collected, processed, stored and transported under conditions which comply with the requirements of Chapter II and III of Annex D to Directive 92/65/EEC.

**Notes**

(\*) Those countries subject to the transitional import arrangements include: an EU member State; Liechtenstein; Norway and Switzerland.

References to European Union legislation within this certificate are references to direct EU legislation which has been retained in Great Britain (retained EU law as defined in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018).

References to Great Britain in this certificate include Channel Islands and Isle of Man.

**Part I:**

Box 1.11.: The place of origin shall correspond to the semen collection centre of the semen origin.

Box I.16: Do not use this box until the end of the transitional staging period.

Box 1.22.: The number of packages shall correspond to the number of containers.

Box 1.23.: The identification of container and seal number shall be indicated.

Box 1.28.: The donor identity shall correspond to the official identification of the animal.

The date of collection shall be indicated in the following format: dd/mm/yyyy.

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**Equine semen - Section C**

II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.UNN
<p><b>Part II:</b></p> <p>(1) Delete as necessary.</p> <p>(2) Imports of equine semen are authorised from a third country listed in column 2 of Annex 1 to Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/659 provided the semen was collected in the part of the territory of the third country detailed in column 4 of that Annex from a donor stallion of the category of equidae indicated in columns 11, 12 or 13 of that Annex.</p> <p>(3) The agar gel immunodiffusion test (Coggins test) or the ELISA for equine infectious anaemia are not required for donor equidae which have continuously resided in Iceland since birth, provided that Iceland has remained officially free of equine infectious anaemia and no equidae and their semen, ova and embryos have been introduced into Iceland from outside prior to and during the period the semen was collected.</p> <p>(4) Insert date.</p> <p>(5) Cross out the programmes that do not apply to the consignment.</p> <p>(6) Council Directive 2009/156/EC of 30 November 2009 on animal health conditions governing the movement and importation from third countries of equidae.</p> <p>- The signature and the stamp must be in a different colour to that of the printing.</p>		
<p>Official Veterinarian</p> <p>Name (in Capital Letters):</p> <p>Date:</p> <p>Stamp:</p> <p>Qualification and title:</p> <p>Signature:</p>		