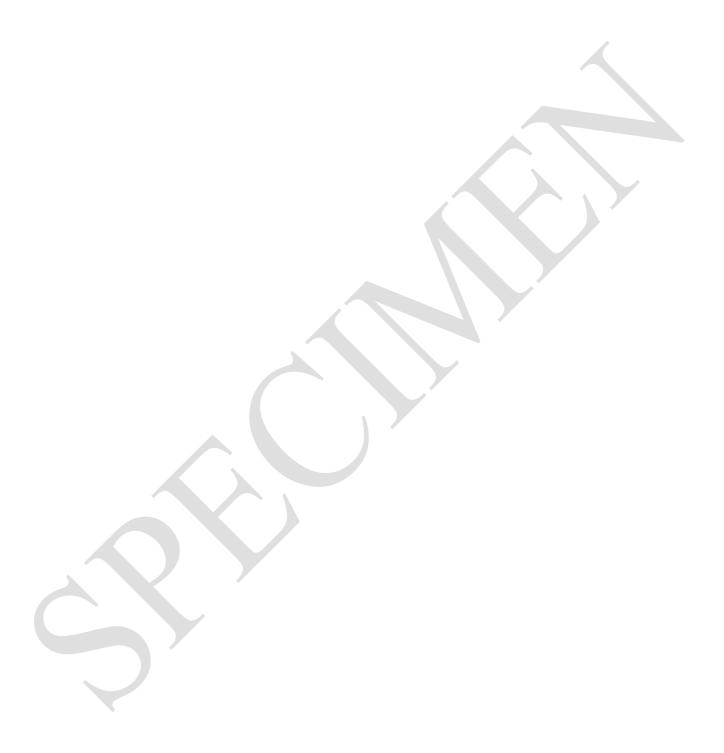
Model health certificate applicable from 1 Jan 2005 to imports and transits of stocks of semen of domestic animals of the bovine species collected, processed and stored before 31 Dec 2004 in conformity with Council Directive 88/407/EEC applying until 1 Jul 2004, and imported after 31 Dec 2004 in accordance with Article 2(2) of Directive 2003/43/EC, dispatched from a semen collection centre where the semen was collected (Decision 2011/630) GBHC004E

COUNTRY: Countries subject to transitional import arrangements (\*)

Health certificate to Great Britain, Channel Islands and Isle of Man

	oranor oronar	poo	arrangements ( )	Chamer Islands and Isle Of Man			
consignment	I.1. Consignor Name Address			I.2. Certificate reference no	e I.2.a.	UNN	
שתנ	Address						
igi				I.3. Central Con	mpetent Authority		
ns	Tel.			I.4. Local Compo	I.4. Local Competent Authority		
ပိ	I.5. Consignee Name				ponsible for the l		
þ	Address			Britain, Channel Islands and Isle of Man			
сре	Postal Code Tel.			Names Address			
I: Details of dispatched				Postal Code Tel.			
	I.7. Country of origin	ISO code	I.8. Region of Code origin	I.9. Country of destination	ISO I.10. code destin	Region of Code ation	
	I.11. Place of or Names Address	rigin	Approval number	I.12. Place of Name	destination		
	Name Address		Approval number	Postal Code			
	Name Address		Approval number	13			
art				T 14 Data of d			
Ра	I.13. Place of loading		I.14. Date of departure				
	I.15. Meane of transport Aeroplane Ship Railway wagon			I.16. Entry BCP in Great Britain, Channel Islands or Isle of Man			
	Road vehicle Other		I.17.				
	Identification: Documentary references:						
	I.18. Description		dity		I.19. Commodity	code (HS code)	
					05 11 10		
	I.21.		I.20. Quantity		I.22. Number of	packages	
ŀ	I.23. Seal/Contai	ner No.			1.24.		
	1.23. Seal/Container No.						
	1.25. Commodity Certified for: Artificial reproduction						
	I.26. For transit through Great Britain, Channel Islands and Isle of Man to third country			I.27. For import or admission into Great Britain, Channel Islands and Isle of Man			
	Third country ISO code						
	I.28. Identificat	ion of th	e commodities	1			
	Species (Scientific Name)	Breed	Donor identity	Date of collection	Approval number of the centre	Quantity	
						1	

Version 1.0 Nov 2020 1/5



	transitional import arrangements (*)						
G	II. Health in	formation	II.a. Certificate	II.b. UNN			
<u>.</u>			reference no				
a t							
Certification	I the undersi	I the undersigned official veterinarian, hereby certify that:					
if	II.1.	(name of expo	erting country)(2)				
rt		(name of exporting country)(2)					
S		has been free from rinderpest and foot-and-mouth disease during the 12 months immediately prior to collection of the semen for export and until its date of dispatch and no vaccination against these diseases has taken place during the same period.					
:II:	II.2.	The semen described above was collected before 31 December 2004 at the semen collection centre which:					
Part	II.2.1.	meets the conditions laid down in Chapter I of Annex A to Directive 88/407/EEC;					
P	11.2.2.	is operated and supervised in accordance with the conditions laid down in Chapter II of Annex A to Directive $88/407/\text{EEC}$ .					
	II.3. The centre at which the semen to be exported was collected was free from rabies, tuberculosis, brucellosis, anthrax and contagious bovine pleuropneumonia during the period commencing 30 days prior to the date of collection of the semen to be export and the 30 days after collection.						
	II.4. At the time semen described above was collected, all bovine animals standing atth semen collection centre:						
	II.4.1. came from herds and/or were born to dams which satisfy the conditions of paragraph 1(b) and (c) of Chapter I of Annex B to Directive 88/407/EEC;						
	II.4.2. had tested negative, within the 30 days preceding the quarantine isolation period, t						
	the tests referred to in points 1(d)(i), (ii) and (iii) of Chapter I of to Directive 88/407/EEC, and						
<ul> <li>a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious boving rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis, and</li> <li>a virus isolation test (fluorescent antibody test or immunoperoxid bovine viral diarrhoea, deferred until the animal reached the age the case of younger animals;</li> </ul>							
	II.4.3. had undergone the 30-day quarantine isolation period and had tested negative t the following health tests:						
<ul> <li>a serological test for brucellosis carried out in a described in Annex C to Directive 64/432/EEC,</li> </ul>				dance with the procedure			
		either an immunofluorescent fetus infection on a sample washings, or, in the case of test,	of preputial material or ar	tificial vagina			
		<ul> <li>a microscopic examination an preputial material or artifi animal a vaginal mucus agglu</li> </ul>	cial vagina washings, or in	onas foetus on a sample of a the case of a female			
	II.4.4.	had tested negative, at least once a year, to the routine tests referred to inpoints 1(a), (b) and (c) of Chapter II of Annex B to Directive 88/407/EEC.					
	II.5. At the time the semen described above was collected,						
	II.5.1.	least once a year toa tion, and					
	to an immunofluorescent ection on a sample of n 12 months prior to						

en 2/4

## Bovine Semen - Section B

II.6. The sement to be exported was obtained from donor bulls which  II.6.1. satisfy the conditions laid down in Annex C to Directive 88/407/EBC;  (*) either [II.6.2. were resident in the exporting country during the 6 months immediately prior to collection of the semen for export;]  (*) or [II.6.2. were imported from	II. Health is	nal import arrangements (*) nformation	II.a. Certificate reference no	II.b. UNN		
II.6.1. satisfy the conditions laid down in Annex C to Directive 98/407/EEC;  (*) either [II.6.2. were resident in the exporting country during the 6 months immediately prior to collection of the semen for export;]  (*) or [II.6.2. were imported from						
(*)either [II.6.2, were resident in the exporting country during the 6 months immediately prior to collection of the semen for export;]  (*)or [II.6.2, were imported from	II.6. The s	semen to be exported was obtained from	donor bulls which			
(') or [II.6.2. were imported from	II.6.1.	satisfy the conditions laid down in	n Annex C to Directive 88/407	7/EEC;		
exporting country and at the time of import satisfied the animal health conditions applying to donors of the semen which is intended for export to Great Britain)  II.6.3. stand in a semen collection centre at which:  (i) either [all bovine animals were not vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis and tested negative at least once a year to a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis infectious bovine rhinotracheitis for engative, at least once a year, to a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pusual rulvo-vaginitis, at which testin for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pusual rulvo-vaginitis, at which testin for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis was not carried out on bulls which had received their first vaccination against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis for infectious powine rhinotracheitis for infectious powine rhinotracheitis for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis for infectious powine rhinotracheitis, or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis for infectious pusual ar vulvo-vaginitis and which he been regularly re-vaccinated at intervals of not more than 6 months since the first vaccination;]  (1) either [II.6.4. have not been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis,]  (1) either [II.6.4. have been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis,]  (1) either [II.6.4. have been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis inaccordance with point II.6.3,]  II.6.5. fulfil the import conditions for bovine semen laid down in the bluetongue chapter of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the OTE, depending on the status of the country or zone of residence; ****  II.6.6. were resident in the country of export in which the following serotypes of epizootic haemorrhapic disease (EHD) exist: and tested negative on two occasions not more than 12 months apart to an agar gel immunodiffusion test (') and a virus entralisation test for all above-listed sero	(¹)either		[II.6.2. were resident in the exporting country during the 6 months immediately prior to collection of the semen for export;]			
[')either [all bovine animals were not vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis and tested negative at least once a year to a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvo-vagintis;]  [c) or [bovine animals not vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis tested negative, at least once a year, to a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis, at which test in for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis was not carried out on bulls which had received their first vaccination against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis at the insemination centre after they had tested negative to a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/ infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis and which heen regularly re-vaccinated at intervals of not more than 6 months since the first vaccination;]  [l) either [II.6.4. have not been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis,]  [li) either [II.6.4. have not been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis inaccordance with point II.6.3,]  III.6.5. fulfil the import conditions for bovine semen laid down in the bluetonque chapter of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the OIE, depending on the status of the country or zone of residence; ****  III.6.6. were resident in the country of export in which the following serotypes of epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist: and tested negative on two occasions not mot than 12 months apart to an agar gel immunodiffusion test(') and to a virus neutralisation test for all above-listed serotypes of EHD, carried out in approved laboratory on samples of blood taken prior to and not less than 21 days following collection of the semen: ***  III.6.8. tested negative on two occasions not more than 12 months apart to a serum neutralisation test for all above-listed serotypes of EHD, carried out in approved laboratory; **  III.6.8. tested negative on two oc	(¹) or	exporting country and at the time of import satisfied the animal health conditions				
tested negative at least once a year to a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis;)  (') or [bovine animals not vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis tested negative, at least once a year, to a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis, at which testin for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis was not carried out on bulls which had received their first vaccination against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis at the insemination centre after they had tested negative to a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/ infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis and which heen regularly re-vaccinated at intervals of not more than 6 months since the first vaccination;]  (1) either [II.6.4. have not been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis,]  (1) either [II.6.4. have been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis inaccordance with point II.6.3.]  II.6.5. fulfil the import conditions for bovine semen laid down in the bluetonque chapter of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the OIE, depending on the status of the country or zone of residence; ****  II.6.6. were resident in the country of export in which the following serotypes of epizotic haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist:	II.6.3.	stand in a semen collection centre	at which:			
negative, at least once a year, to a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis, at which testin for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis was not carried out on bulls which had received their first vaccination against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis at the insemination centre after they had tested negative to a serum neutralisation test or an ELISA test for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/ infectious pustular vulvo-vaginitis and which heen regularly re-vaccinated at intervals of not more than 6 months since the first vaccination;]  (1) either [II.6.4. have not been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis,]  (1) either [II.6.4. have been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis inaccordance with point II.6.3,]  II.6.5. fulfil the import conditions for bovine semen laid down in the bluetongue chapter of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the OIE, depending on the status of the country or zone of residence; ****  II.6.6. were resident in the country of export in which the following serotypes of epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist: and tested negative on two occasions not mothan 12 months apart to an agar gel immunodiffusion test(*) and to a virus neutralisation test for all above-listed serotypes of EHD, carried out in approved laboratory on samples of blood taken prior to and not less than 21 days following collection of the semen; ***  II.6.7. were resident in the country of export in which the following serotypes of epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist: and tested negative, prior to entry and 6-monthly intervals, to an agar gel immunodiffusion test (*) and a virus neutralisation test for all above-listed serotypes of EHD, carried out in approved laboratory; **  II.6.8. tested negative on two occasions not more than 12 months apart to a serum neutralisation test for Akabane virus carried out in approved laboratory on samples of blood taken prior to and not less than 21	(¹)either	tested negative at least once a yea	r to a serum neutralisation	test or an ELISA test for		
(1) or [II.6.4. have been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis inaccordance with point II.6.3,]  II.6.5. fulfil the import conditions for bovine semen laid down in the bluetongue chapter of th Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the OIE, depending on the status of the country or zone of residence; ****  II.6.6. were resident in the country of export in which the following serotypes of epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist:	(¹) or	negative, at least once a year, to infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/ifor infectious bovine rhinotracheit their first vaccination against intended the centre after they had tested negation for infectious bovine rhinotracheit been regularly re-vaccinated at intended to infectious bovine resultants.	a serum neutralisation test infectious pustular vulvo-vac is was not carried out on be fectious bovine rhinotrachei ive to a serum neutralisation is/ infectious pustular vul	or an ELISA test for ginitis, at which testing ulls which had received tis at the insemination n test or an ELISA test vo-vaginitis and which had		
with point II.6.3,]  II.6.5. fulfil the import conditions for bovine semen laid down in the bluetongue chapter of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the OIE, depending on the status of the country or zone of residence; ****  II.6.6. were resident in the country of export in which the following serotypes of epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist:	(1) either	[II.6.4. have not been vaccinated against infectious bovine rhinotracheitis,]				
Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the OIE, depending on the status of the country or zone of residence; ****  II.6.6. were resident in the country of export in which the following serotypes of epizootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist:	(¹) or	_	nst infectious bovine rhinot.	racheitis inaccordance		
haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist:	II.6.5.	Terrestrial Animal Health Code of t				
haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist:	II.6.6.	haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist: than 12 months apart to an agar geneutralisation test for all above-laboratory on samples of blood take	and tested negative immunodiffusion test(3) and listed serotypes of EHD, car:	on two occasions not more to a virus ried out in approved		
test for Akabane virus carried out in approved laboratory on samples of blood taken prior to and not less than 21 days following collection of the semen. *  II.7. The semen to be exported was collected after the date on which the centre was approved by the competent national authorities of the exporting country.  II.8. The semen to be exported was processed, stored and transported under conditions which satisfy the terms of Directive 88/407/EEC prior to its amendment by Directive	[1.6.7.	haemorrhagic disease (EHD) exist: 6-monthly intervals, to an agar get	and tested negation $\frac{1}{2}$ are immunodiffusion test ( $^3$ ) are	ive, prior to entry and at and a virus neutralisation		
by the competent national authorities of the exporting country.  II.8. The semen to be exported was processed, stored and transported under conditions which satisfy the terms of Directive 88/407/EEC prior to its amendment by Directive	II.6.8.	test for Akabane virus carried out	in approved laboratory on s	amples of blood taken		
satisfy the terms of Directive 88/407/EEC prior to its amendment by Directive	II.7.					
	II.8.	satisfy the terms of Directive 88/4	<del>-</del>			

en 3/4

## Bovine semen - Section B

transitiona	al import arrangements (*)			
II. Health in	formation	II.a. Certificate reference no	II.b. UNN	
Notes				
	(*) Those countries subject to the transitional import arrangements include: an EU member State; Liechtenstein; Norway and Switzerland.			
legislation w	References to European Union legislation within this certificate are references to direct EU legislation which has been retained in Great Britain (retained EU law as defined in the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018).			
References to	Great Britain in this certificate in	clude Channel Islands and I	Isle of Man.	
Part I:				
Box I.6:	Box I.6: person responsible for the load in Great Britain: this box is to be filled in only if it is a certificate for transit commodity.			
Box I.11:	ox I.11: place of origin shall correspond to the semen collection centre where the semenwas collected.			
Box I.12:	I.12: place of destination: this box is to be filled in only if it is a certificate for transit commodity.			
Box I.16:	Do not use this box until the end of the transitional staging period.			
Box I.22:	Nox I.22: number of packages shall correspond to the number of containers.			
Box I.23:	Box I.23: identification of container and seal number shall be indicated.			
Box I.26:	Box I.26: fill in according to whether it is a transit or an import certificate.			
Box I.27:	Box I.27: fill in according to whether it is a transit or an import certificate.			
Box I.28:	donor identity shall correspond to the official identification of the animal; date of collection shall be prior to 31 December 2004 and indicated in the following format: dd/mm/YYYY; approval number of the centre shall correspond to the approval number of the approved semen collection centre where the semen was collected.			
Part II:	,			
(1)	Delete as necessary.	·		
(2)	Only third countries listed in Anne	x I to Commission Decision	2011/630/EU	
(3)	Standards for EHD virus diagnostic tests are described in the bluetongue chapter of the Manual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines for Terrestrial Animals.			
***	**** To be used only by Australia, Canada and the USA.			
***	To be used only by Australia and the USA			
**	To be used only by Canada.			
*	To be used only by Australia.			
Official Veterinarian				
Name (in capi	tal letters):	Qualification and t	itle:	
Date:		Signature:		
Stamp:				
The signature and the stamp must be in a different				
colour to tha	t of the printing.			

en 4/4