Health Certificate for Export of Porcine Semen from Ireland to Kenya

1.1 Consignor (Exporter) Name			1.2 Certificate Reference Number				
Address			1.3 Central Competent Authority				
Postal Code			1.5 CCITA	ar competen	t Authority		
1.4 Consignee (Importer)							
Name							
Address							
Postal Code			1				
1.5 Country of origin			1.6 Coun	try of destina	ition		
ISO Code			ISO Code				
1.7 Place of Origin			1.8 Place of Destination				
Semen Collection Centre □			Semen Collection Centre □ Holding □				
Name			Name				
Address			Address				
Postal Code			Postal Code				
Approval Number			Approval Number				
1.9 Means of Transport Aeroplane □ Ship □ Road Vehicle □ Railway W Other □	agon 🗆						
Identification							
1.10 Description of Commodity			1.11 Commodity Code (HS Code) 1.12 Quantity				
1.13 Temperature of Products			1.14 Number of Packages				
Ambient □ Chilled □ Froze							
1.15 Seal/Container Number			1.16Type of Packaging				
1.17 Transit through Third	Country						
_	SO Code						
,	Code						
Entry point E	BIP No.						
1.18 Identification of the Commodities							
Species (Scientific	Breed	Donoi	dentity	Date of	Approval Number	Quantity	
Name)				Collection	of Centre		
		1					
	1	1		1			

2. Health Information

I. Conditions for the semen collection centre

The semen collection centre is approved by, and subject to the supervision of, the Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine.

II. Conditions for the donor boars

The following are officially notifiable diseases in Ireland under Irish law and, Ireland is free from the following diseases inline with official findings:

- African Swine Fever (ASF)
- Swine Vesicular Disease (SVD)
- Transmissible Gastro-Enteritis (TGE)
- Aujeszky's Disease (AD)
- Porcine Brucellosis

A. Donor boars have been chosen from herds or holdings:

- (i) which are free of brucellosis in accordance with the Chapter on porcine brucellosis of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE);
- (ii) in which no animal vaccinated against foot-and-mouth disease has been present in the preceding 12 months;
- (iii) in which no clinical, serological, virological or pathological evidence of Aujeszky's disease has been detected in the preceding 12 months;
- (iv) which are not situated in a restricted area defined under the provisions of Union legislation due to the emergence of an infectious or contagious disease in domestic pigs, including foot-and-mouth disease, swine vesicular disease, vesicular stomatitis, classical swine fever and African swine fever.

B. Aujeszky's disease (AD)

- Donor boars :
- i) were subjected to two tests for AD prior to entry to an approved collection centre, with negative results;
- ii) showed no clinical sign of AD on the day of collection of the semen;
- iii) have been kept for at least 4 months prior to semen collection in a semen collection centre which has the status of being an officially AD free establishment and;
- iv) were subjected to a serological test for the whole AD virus within 4 months of collection of semen for exportation to Kenya with negative results;
- v) were subjected to a test for AD under EU Legislation at exit from an approved collection centre or at least once every 12 months whilst resident at an approved collection centre, with negative results.
- vi) The semen was collected, processed and stored in accordance with Chapters 4.6. and 4.7. of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE).

Donor boars:							
i) were kept in a country, zone or compartment free from CSF since birth or for at least three months prior to							
collection;							
ii) showed no clinical sign of CSF on the day of collection o							
iii) the semen was collected, processed and stored in accordance with Chapters 4.6. and 4.7. of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE).							
D. Brucellosis							
Donor boars :							
i) were subjected to two tests for Brucella prior to entry to an approved collection centre, with negative results;							
ii) have been kept at a semen collection centre free from Brucellosis; iii) were tested for Brucellosis within 6 months of collection of semen for exportation to Kenya with negative							
results; iv) showed no clinical sign of infection with Brucella on the day of collection of the semen;							
v) were not vaccinated against infection with Brucella;							
vi) were kept in an artificial insemination centre complying with Chapter 4.6. and the semen was collected and processed in accordance with Chapter 4.7. of the Terrestrial Animal Health Code of the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE).							
E. General Conditions							
i) The semen whether or not it is separated into individual doses, is clearly marked in such a way that the date of collection of the semen and the breed and identification of the donor animal, as well as the name and the registration number of the centre, preceded by the name of the country of origin, where appropriate, in the form of a code, can be readily established;							
ii) storage flasks and transport flasks are properly disinfected or sterilised before the beginning of each filling operation; The semen must be packed hygienically in single use packaging under the direction of the approved							
centre veterinarian.							
Official Veterinarian							
Date:	Signature:						
Qualifications and title:	Stamp:						

C. Classical Swine Fever (CSF)

